# SNAPSHOT 2023 

of Service and Shelter Use \& County Data Book

Using 2022 Calendar Year Data from The lowa Homeless Management Information System
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## 1 Introduction

## 2023 Annual Report (using 2022 data) Update

By observing homelessness in lowa over a long period of time, we have seen that most people who experience homelessness do so for a short time before becoming stably housed. They most often never seek assistance again.

Most people who go through extreme housing instability have a history of stable employment, and experience that instability because of some economic shock, often beyond their control. Furthermore, national studies [1] show that at the population level, the leading indicator of homelessness in a community is the availability of affordable housing. So, in communities with more affordable housing it is easier to stay housed throughout an economic shock, like the loss of employment, problems with transportation, health issues, or similar problems.

But increasingly at the bottom of the economic scale households are spending more of their income on rent and related housing costs. This economic reality makes those economic shocks much more likely to result in instability or homelessness, even for families with the head of the household holding full-time employment.

To address this to the extent possible, the last year has seen the expansion of the emergency rental assistance program and the growth of the coordinated entry system for the delivery of assistance to prevent and address homelessness. This means that rather than go to the local shelter or whatever program a person may be aware of, while experiencing a housing emergency, that person is redirected to a coordinated entry provider where a triage is conducted and the person, and their household, are connected to the most appropriate available resource. That word, 'available' is doing a lot of work, because of course the system is not funded to the extent necessary to properly address homelessness.

In a needs analysis for the lowa Balance of State, conducted in May 2023, and only extending to the need for additional services for homeless youth in lowa counties aside from Polk, Pottawattamie and Woodbury, we found that about 16,666 youth and children experienced housing instability in lowa in the year 2022, and the unmet need was $73 \%$, or about 12,181 youth and children who needed assistance but received none.

We always lament that when people are homeless, unless they encounter a case manager, we just don't know that it happened. But, at least for school age youth experiencing homelessness and housing instability but not receiving services are more accessible because the department of education makes an effort to quantify the problem. They can tell us how many youths they think went to shelter, and how many youths they know were homeless but not in shelter. We can look at our records and see how many youths were actually in a shelter and by extension what portion they missed. We can check our findings to a degree through cooperative ventures with lowa's community colleges. So, as a starting point, quadrupling the capacity of the system to address youth homelessness is required.

We also have the data from the portal (https://www.iowahousinghelp.com) for the delivery of emergency rental assistance program funds and from the coordinated entry network, but only for the second half of the year. In both cases there is a portion of the population seeking services but not being given services, unmet need.

Last year's county level data book was well received, and to that end we are continuing and expanding the book. This year's book includes data gathered at the county level from the 2021 American Community Survey and from the 2022 entries into the Homeless Management Information System (HMIS). We continue with a strong focus on the inequality experienced by historically disadvantaged populations in lowa. This can include race, ethnicity, gender identity, age both senior and youth, and other factors that play into systemic disadvantage. We also identify sub-populations, like youth, veterans, and chronically homeless individuals, which are of particular interest to some audiences. We are sad to inform readers that beginning this year
data from Woodbury County will not be included in our HMIS reporting as they have left our statewide network. Also, Pottawattamie County will report with the Omaha and Council Bluffs continuum of care. Both counties will still include data from the American Community Survey.

In past years there has been some confusion around definitions, and it has been a few years since the annual report has gotten back to fundamental definitions about homelessness.

| Distinct people who had an enrollment in... |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Coordinated Entry | 14,195 people entered 20,232 people served 14,983 people exited |  | Emergency Shelter | 7,145 people entered 7,876 people served 6,901 people exited |  |
|  |  |  | Of that population... |  |  |
|  | Hous | ehold |  | Hou | hold |
| Age Range | Household | Unaccompanied | Age Range | Household | Unaccompanied |
| Under 18 | 32.4\% | 0.6\% | Under 18 | 19.3\% | 1.1\% |
| 18 to 24 | 5.8\% | 3.8\% | 18 to 24 | 2.6\% | 6.7\% |
| 25 to 54 | 21.8\% | 25.3\% | 25 to 54 | 11.8\% | 43.3\% |
| Over 55 | 2.4\% | 9.3\% | Over 55 | 0.7\% | 15.6\% |
| Grand Total | 62.3\% | 39.0\% | Grand Total | 34.4\% | 66.7\% |
| Race |  |  | Race |  |  |
| American Indian |  | 0.8\% | American Indian |  | 1.2\% |
| Asian |  | 0.3\% | Asian |  | 0.6\% |
| Black |  | 31.9\% | Black |  | 30.5\% |
| Hispanic or Latino |  | 9.1\% | Hispanic or Latino |  | 9.1\% |
| Some Other Race |  | 1.2\% | Some Other Race |  | 0.8\% |
| Two or more races |  | 7.8\% | Two or more races |  | 6.7\% |
| White |  | 49.1\% | White |  | 51.5\% |
| Genders |  |  | Genders |  |  |
| Female |  | 51.1\% | Female |  | 41.9\% |
| Male |  | 48.4\% | Male |  | 57.1\% |
| Non-binary |  | 0.2\% | Non-binary |  | 0.4\% |
| Questioning |  | 0.0\% | Questioning |  | 0.1\% |
| Refused/Don't Know |  | 0.0\% | Refused/Don't Know |  | 0.0\% |
| Transgender |  | 0.3\% | Transgender |  | 0.4\% |
|  |  |  | Exempt |  | 4.1\% |
|  |  |  | Permanent |  | 41.9\% |
|  |  |  | Temporary |  | 65.1\% |



Figure 1: Statewide 2022 clients served by project type with race, gender, and destination at exit

## Data

This reporting is all coming out of the lowa Homeless Management Information System. While it is our goal to do so, this does not necessarily mean that everyone who becomes homeless is captured in this report. Aside from the note above, that we can't know of incidents where there was no case manager, there are also a lot of small shelters around the state that are privately funded, often through religious institutions, and are often seasonal. If those programs do not receive HUD funding, then they are not obligated to report their numbers. We make every effort to be aware of such projects and include them, at least, in the point in time count every January. That count captures a single night of homelessness and extensive effort is made to include data from all sources. Additionally, providers who work exclusively with people fleeing
domestic violence are excluded from reporting in the HMIS system and maintain a separate database. That population is not included in this report. As such, this report should be considered an 'at least' report. Every number, while exhaustively pursuing validity, reliability and completeness, may not capture some people.

Also, while HMIS began as a tool to count only those experiencing homelessness in shelters, in the intervening years it has become much more. Through the continuum of care (COC) operating in lowa, the Institute for Community Alliances, who operate the HMIS system, help manage data which captures people in many stages of hosing instability, including several that are not considered to be "literally homeless." This includes people served by the emergency rental assistance program through iowahousinghelp.com, many of whom were also entered into the statewide or Polk county coordinated entry projects. People in those projects may have also been entered into voucher or hotel based programs on an emergency basis, or received services for homeless prevention. HMIS includes people encountered by street outreach workers in tents, under bridges, sleeping in cars or other places "not meant for human habitation" as well as people in emergency shelters or safe haven programs, all of whom are literally homeless. Then from there, through the coordinated entry systems, people can receive transitional housing (TH), rapid-rehousing (RRH), permanent housing (OPH), permanent supportive housing (PSH), as well as housing opportunities for persons with AIDS (HOPWA) and other services to help address housing instability. All of these designations are considered to be 'no longer homeless' or for people who are now stably housed but are still captured in the HMIS. The documentation for the annual HUD housing inventory has a series of useful explanations for all of these terms as well as their intended relationships to one another.

Our count shows that, after much effort at data quality, $\mathbf{3 0 , 7 1 2}$ people were served by agencies using the HMIS system in 2022, in some capacity, and another 1,434 people were entered into iowahousinghelp.com but were not subsequently entered into a program. This was accomplished by 307 projects operated by lowa's agencies serving the needs to people in all stages of housing instability.

For this report, the breakout of

|  |  |  | Housed |  |  | Literally Homeless or at Imminent Risk |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\infty} \\ & \infty \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{1} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| People Entered | 14,196 | 3,308 | 326 | 413 | 2,411 | 7,145 | 708 | 58 | 739 |
| People Served | 20,234 | 4,309 | 652 | 1,277 | 3,659 | 7,876 | 934 | 82 | 982 |
| People Exited | 14,984 | 3,238 | 160 | 299 | 2,305 | 6,901 | 588 | 61 | 591 |

Figure 2: Statewide 2022 clients served by project type county level numbers is based on the zip code people identified as the place they last lived stably. The zip codes were aggregated to their respective county. About $10 \%$ of people served were unable to be placed because the data was not captured and could not be determined from other household members' zip codes or other sources, often because they did not stay long enough in shelter for the staff to complete processing. $8.2 \%$ of people were last stably housed in states other than lowa, and moved to lowa to be closer to family, returned if lowa had been their home before, or came seeking opportunity. The normal reasons people more. Most of those cases were found in communities closer to the lowa borders, where it is natural that populations will cross from one state to another and in those cases, they came primarily from that neighboring state. But in no provider community was the portion from out of state unusually high given historic data. So, the county level detail is drawn from the remaining population that came from lowa's 99 counties and received services in 2022.

In each county some tables were made to describe the economic environment creating housing affordability or a lack thereof, and then tables from the HMIS to describe the people originating in that county who experienced housing instability, and what their experience was in the system for addressing housing instability.

Alongside data from lowa's HMIS system, each county has tables drawn from the 2021 American Community Survey 5 -year estimates provided by the U.S. Census Bureau. Tables labeled "Household Income by Cost of Housing as a Percent of Income" [2], "Poverty by Race" [4], Rent Asked" [5] and "Gross Rent" [3] are those tables.

We included gross rent for each county, which includes contract rent plus monthly living expenses for renters. "Gross rent is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water and sewer) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are paid by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else)." ([6] page 19) The table of rent asked shows vacant units in the county in a given price range, and so the space in which those experiencing housing instability must compete with one another.

## 2 Statewide Data

The Census Bureau's guidance suggests that gross rent measures can be combined with measures of income to create "an excellent measure of housing affordability and excessive shelter costs", ([6] page 17) to which end we included "Cost of Housing as a Percent of Income", which are the monthly expenses of households expressed as a percent of their income, and so in a single table we can see a count of households in each income range as well as the percent of their income devoted to costs of housing. HUD guidance suggests that this should be no more than $30 \%$ to be considered affordable, but in most counties, we see that the portion of the income strata devoting a high percentage of their income to rent increases as the total income decreases. White this is natural to some degree, the balance is not sustainable currently. It is not reasonable to consider any of these patterns 'affordable.'

Statewide, coordinated entry saw 20,234 people comprising 12,037 households. The Balance of State continuum of care served 16,273 people in coordinated entry and Polk county served 4,127 people. 166 people were present in both populations. To that point, throughout this report, each number reported is a unique count for the conditions stated. If a number reports people in coordinated entry, each unique person is counted only once. But if the numbers for Polk County and Balance of state are each reported, each person is counted in any population where they are present.

20,234 people were enrolled in coordinated entry during the year, but not all of them were present at any given time. It is in the nature of a report that captures an entire year that some of the nuance of the reality of serving people experiencing instability is lost. During the year, 14,196 people were entered into the coordinated entry system and 14,984 people were exited. On an average day 13,211 people were present system-wide with 5-6,000 people enrolled in coordinated entry.

Of the 20,234 people seen in coordinated entry statewide, 7,634 were children under 18 and 2,306 were youth of ages 18-24. Nearly half were in households with a parent and a child. 963 people were in parenting youth households, meaning the parent was under 25.798 were in youth (18-24) only households without a parenting relationship. And 102 people were in households where only children (under age 18) were present. 8,490 people were in households with only adults present, and 44 people were of unknown age.

9,861 of the 14,984 people exited from coordinated services are subsequently enrolled in some sort of intervention this year. $29 \%$ are served by prevention. $26 \%$ are served in rapid re-housing. $3 \%$ are served in permanent supportive housing and $2.1 \%$ are served in other kinds of permanent housing. $3.74 \%$ are enrolled in transitional housing.

The racial composition of people experiencing housing instability is remarkable. lowa, statewide, is $85 \%$ White, $3.5 \%$ Black and $2.4 \%$ Asian, with $6.8 \%$ of the population identifying a multiracial identity. The population in poverty is $73 \%$ White, $8.9 \%$ Black, and $2.7 \%$ Asian, and $11.1 \%$ multiracial. But the population
experiencing housing instability is $50 \%$ White, $31.4 \%$ Black, $0.42 \%$ Asian and $7.6 \%$ multiracial. 6.7 percent of the population identifies as Hispanic, and $8.8 \%$ of those experiencing housing instability identify as Hispanic. The percentages vary by program type, and there are other reports available from the Institute that take a deep dive in to the racial bias of housing instability, the origins and significance of that bias, the institutional response to the bias we have identified and the long term implications. So I will not expand much on that here, but to summarize, the origins are found in multi-generational systemic prejudices that are most profoundly experienced in the housing sector. The bias is exacerbated by the institutional response but efforts are being made to mitigate the contribution to the bias introduced by the response system itself, most of which is found in the interaction of the health care system through disability diagnosis to qualify for permanent supportive housing, which is significantly biased against minorities. But even if all of the bias present in the response system were mitigated, the experience of homelessness would still be profoundly racialized.

To that end, the county data report includes poverty distributions by race for each county. Combine this insight with the income distribution data to gain further insight into the experience of housing instability. Poverty is not the best or most applicable measure, but it is the most widely available. Poverty income by federal guidelines is $\$ 13,590$ per year for an individual and $\$ 27,750$ for a family of four. For families of various config-

| Race | Coord. Entry | Emerg. Shelter | Outreach | PSH | RRH | Trans. Housing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| American Indian and Alaska N.. | 0.83\% | 1.18\% | 0.98\% | 1.41\% | 0.63\% | 0.72\% |
| Asian | 0.35\% | 0.61\% | 0.76\% | 0.63\% | 0.30\% | 0.51\% |
| Black or African American | 31.89\% | 30.48\% | 23.94\% | 24.12\% | 27.80\% | 20.23\% |
| Hispanic or Latino | 9.07\% | 9.07\% | 8.34\% | 6.66\% | 8.72\% | 7.08\% |
| Some Other Race | 1.20\% | 0.78\% | 0.54\% | 0.63\% | 0.33\% | 1.03\% |
| Two or more races | 7.78\% | 6.73\% | 6.93\% | 4.54\% | 9.27\% | 7.08\% |
| White | 49.07\% | 51.53\% | 58.61\% | 62.02\% | 53.02\% | 63.35\% |
| Grand Total | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% |

Figure 3: Statewide 2022 clients served by project type urations the number changes, but given the $1 / 3$ rule of spending on housing we can assume that the individual can afford $\$ 378$ per month on rent and the family should be able to spend about $\$ 770$ per month. On average, in the population we serve, $46.5 \%$ of adults have income and $67 \%$ of adults have a disabling condition, but the average income for adults we serve is $\$ 503$ per month. In many cases people experiencing housing instability have been gainfully employed, even with a disability, and making ends meet. Though, they population we most often encounter is at the bottom of this economic range and poverty wages become aspirational.

Then some set of circumstances has transpired, some sort of economic shock, and they find themselves un-housed and looking in the housing market characterized by the other charts and tables. Often, then, they are forced to seek shelter with friend and family. But the friends and family of people at the bottom of the economic scales, making the lowest incomes, are often themselves unable to offer significant financial assistance. And so the people and families experiencing instability are forces to seek

| Permanent Destination | Emerg. <br> Shelter | PSH | RRH | Trans. <br> Housing |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Breakout | $601(18 \%)$ | $25(17 \%)$ | $25(2 \%)$ | $45(12 \%)$ |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |  | $955(71 \%)$ |  |
| Moved into permanent housing | $24(1 \%)$ | $5(3 \%)$ | $4(0 \%)$ | $13(3 \%)$ |
| Owned by client | $216(6 \%)$ | $27(18 \%)$ | $48(4 \%)$ | $57(15 \%)$ |
| Rental by cleint with subsidy | $337(10 \%)$ | $50(34 \%)$ | $76(6 \%)$ | $86(23 \%)$ |
| Rental by cleint, no subsidy | $2,162(65 \%)$ | $41(28 \%)$ | $234(17 \%)$ | $176(47 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $3,340(100 \%)$ | $148(100 \%)$ | $1,342(100 \%)$ | $377(100 \%)$ |
| Grand Total |  |  |  |  |

Figure 4: Statewide 2022 Destination at each client's final exit during the report span
assistance. If there is no institu-
tional assistance available in the county, then it must be sought elsewhere. To that end, we have included tables for each county detailing the people from each county who were in service during the year based on the zip code they provided as the place they were last stably housed, and the sort of services they received, as well as the place they received that service. In cases where people and families were enrolled in multiple service types, they may be present in multiple columns, which is why a total column is provided. Then finally, we include the resolutions of the episodes of instability for those who have exited from providers. If people have multiple conclusive exits in the span of the year it is possible they will appear in multiple rows, and so again there is a total. The destinations that we consider 'temporary' destinations are aggregated, though a temporary destination is far from a guarantee of a return to homelessness. The permanent destinations are specified. Moving in with family and friends on a permanent basis is considered, by HUD, as a positive and permanent conclusion as much as moving into an apartment of one's own.

Statewide, lowa's emergency shelters served 7,876 people in the year. 934 people were seen by outreach workers. 4,309 people were served by prevention programs. Rapid re-housing served 3,659 people. And, permanent supportive housing served 1,277 people with 413 enrollments and 299 exits.

## 3 County Data Breakouts

I want to reiterate as we dive into the county level data, the data cleaning for this report was extensive. In some cases, people appear in multiple categories, because they were in multiple categories, but in each case the number presented is a count of unique individuals that fit that qualification or set of qualifications. Most commonly, as this is a report covering an full year, a person may have multiple entries during a year wherein they fit two distinct categories. Most commonly, a person or family will be entered in multiple program types as they progress toward stability. That said, I encourage you to contact the author if there are questions, clarifications or possible errors.

It is possible that a given person may appear in more than one household, as household compositions will change across the course of a year. A common example is a child may be placed with an extended family member, a child may be born, or an adult partner or spouse may leave to seek income or return. The household composition of each entry reflects the members present in the household at that time.

A further note on the county level data. Each person being served is asked the zip code where they were last stably housed. If they don't know or don't want to answer, or the opportunity does not arise, then the data is not captured. 833 people had null values for their zip code and so do not appear in the county details. 127 of them were in permanent housing programs not reserved for people with disabilities, and 18 people were in permanent supportive housing programs, which are so reserved. 24 received prevention, and 13 people were in rapid rehousing.

In preparing the data for county level breakouts, we attributed the answer given by the head of household to the remainder of the household. In some cases this changed the zip code for children who had been living with family in another county. We also gave priority to the first answer given, so if a person gave multiple answers over the course of the year, they and their family were only included in the county from which they first originated. That way, if a family from a rural county has moved to a population center with an appropriate provider and stabilized over the course of the year, and that population center is captured through an interim review, the first answer is not lost. As a result, each family and individual should only appear in one county. Also, as a result, Adair, Butler, Cherokee, Crawford, Howard, Lyon, Mitchell, Ringgold, and Winneshiek counties had zero people included in this report this year. However, several people in the report identified each of those counties at some point in their experience of instability, but the people making those identifications were not the heads of household for their entry that was included in this report, and
so to make the report as a whole more comprehensible the zip code from their head of household was substituted. Those counties were still included in the report, for completeness sake and to provide the American Community Survey data from the Census Bureau, in hopes that it can be useful.

The abbreviation "TAY Youth" and "TAY Parenting Youth" refers to "Transition Age Youth", often simply called youth, who are over 18 and not yet 25 . A youth may move from one category to the other with the birth of a child during the course of the year. There is programming available for people in this age range, often with the assumption that there is a prevalence for complications of their family of origin to be causal of their instability. Frequently this is tied to gender and sexuality being contentious in those familial relationships, or pregnancy that results in disassociation from the family, or proactive choices on the part of youth to remove themselves from problematic environments of any variety. In these programs the focus is frequently completion of education, work placement, and life skills. The null values in the zip code data accounted for 22 unaccompanied transition age youth and another 9 parenting youth. Additionally, among young people without zip code data, there were 126 child-only households representing 233 people, wherein no member of the household was over 18.

The tables showing "County where services were provided for people from ... County" can be read as a grand total in the bottom right corner, which may be fewer than the county total if any portion of the data for the table is missing, the county where services were rendered on the left header, and the nature of the service on the top header. Services recorded as "Statewide" are typically coordinated entry for the balance of state, and rapid re-housing or permanent supportive housing programs that operate across multiple counties. It is also possible for a person captured in this report to have an entry for coordinated entry in the previous year that resulted in a placement in a program during this year.

Again, I encourage you to contact the author if there are questions, clarifications or possible errors.

Thank you, Ehren Stover-Wright PhD

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Figure 5: Statewide 2022 clients served by county of origin for known zip codes of last permanent address.

### 3.1 Adair County

Adair County is home to 7,439 people in 3,180 households, including 1,884 family households and 1,296 non-family households. In Adair County 1,663 people are under 18, 496 are 18 to 24 , 2,781 are 25 to 54 , and 2,781 are over 55 .

Adair has 3,591 housing units, of which 3,180 are occupied, 926 by renters and 2,254 by owners. Adair also has 411 vacant units, of which 42 are available for rent and 24 are for sale only. 45 are seasonal and 267 are vacant for 'other reasons.'


In Adair County there are 3,816 people in the civilian labor force, of which $5 \%$ are unemployed. In Adair County the median household income is $\$ 57,944$ per year. $\$ 79,621$ for families and $\$ 34,167$ for non-family households. $10 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $5 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 34\% received Social Security Income. $36.2 \%$ of single mother households in Adair County were in poverty.

Adair Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{array}{r} \text { \$10K- } \\ \text { \$20K } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \\ \mathbf{\$ 1 5 0 K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 10 | 78 | 203 | 345 | 316 | 404 | 241 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 16 | 42 | 28 | 45 | 47 | 27 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 7 | 29 | 17 | 39 | 8 | 9 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 9 | 9 | 0 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 6 | 17 | 17 | 36 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 15 | 28 | 11 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 47 | 65 | 42 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Adair Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\Delta}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{0} \\ & \frac{\pi}{\alpha} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\underset{\sim}{+}}{\underset{\sim}{7}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & 0 \\ & \hat{N} \\ & \underset{\sim}{D} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 63\% | 91\% | 89\% | 100\% | 76\% | 100\% |  |  |
| Below poverty | 37\% | 9\% | 11\% | 0\% | 24\% | 0\% |  |  |

### 3.2 Adams County

Adams County is home to 3,697 people in 1,529 households, including 966 family households and 563 non-family households. In Adams County 794 people are under 18, 234 are 18 to 24 , 1,466 are 25 to 54 , and 1,466 are over 55.

In Adams County, during 2022, there were 6 people in 2 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 2 children under 18, 2 youth ages 18 to 24,2 adults ages 25 to 54 . The exact distributions of those
 households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Adams'.

Adams has 1,894 housing units, of which 1,529 are occupied, 274 by renters and 1,255 by owners. Adams also has 365 vacant units, of which 23 are available for rent and 107 are for sale only. 50 are seasonal and 178 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Adams County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 5 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability.

In Adams County there are 1,769 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Adams County the median household income is $\$ 57,981$ per year. $\$ 73,446$ for families and $\$ 28,899$ for non-family households. $10 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. 4\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 29\% received Social Security In-

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits come. 32.2\% of single mother households in Adams County were in poverty. Of the 4 adults who had entries during this report, 1 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 77$ per month.

Collectively, the 6 people had 6 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were
provided for people from Adams County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Adams' shows how those services were resolved. 2 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Adams |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Only adults | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 4 | 1 | 4.0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 6 | 2 | 3.0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Adams Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | \$10K\$20K | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \text { \$100K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{array}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 24 | 110 | 103 | 191 | 189 | 125 | 137 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 3 | 10 | 31 | 9 | 31 | 17 | 15 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 6 | 21 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 13 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 0 | 16 | 23 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 1 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 5 | 3 | 11 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 33 | 55 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adams Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\xrightarrow{\square}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{0} \\ & \frac{n}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{j}}}{\sum_{j}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \underset{\sim}{\phi} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 0\% | 89\% | 54\% | 97\% | 58\% | 76\% |  |
| Below poverty | 100\% | 11\% | 46\% | 3\% | 42\% | 24\% |  |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Adams Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 11 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 12 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.3 Allamakee County

Allamakee County is home to 14,068 people in 5,814 households, including 3,607 family households and 2,207 non-family households. In Allamakee County 3,351 people are under 18, 930 are 18 to $24,5,323$ are 25 to 54 , and 5,323 are over 55.

In Allamakee County, during 2022, there were 2 people in 1 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 1 children under 18, 1 adults ages 25 to 54. The exact distributions of those households are
 detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Allamakee'.

Allamakee has 7,662 housing units, of which 5,814 are occupied, 1,101 by renters and 4,713 by owners. Allamakee also has 1,848 vacant units, of which 93 are available for rent and 120 are for sale only. 1,329 are seasonal and 266 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Allamakee County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 1 person with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. For 2 of the people from Allamakee County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Allamakee County there are 7,046 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Allamakee County the median household income is $\$ 59,461$ per year. $\$ 73,782$ for families and $\$ 41,091$ for non-family

| County where services were provided for people from Allamakee County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 | 2 |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 1 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 | 2 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits households. 7\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 6\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 35\% received Social Security Income. 48.7\% of single mother households in Allamakee County were in poverty. Of the 1 adults who had entries during this report, 1 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 163$ per month.

Collectively, the 2 people had 7 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Allamakee County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Allamakee' shows how those services were resolved. 2 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Allamakee |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Only adults |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

Iowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Allamakee Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Under | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over |
|  | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| Below $20 \%$ | 0 | 83 | 206 | 407 | 663 | 532 | 583 | 439 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 0 | 14 | 122 | 54 | 117 | 155 | 60 | 9 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 0 | 50 | 121 | 46 | 133 | 26 | 19 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 23 | 37 | 42 | 64 | 110 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 0 | 25 | 8 | 35 | 34 | 0 | 31 | 0 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 13 | 18 | 56 | 46 | 12 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 54 | 71 | 63 | 7 | 82 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Allamakee Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\Delta}{2} \\ & \frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{n}{\lambda} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{+ \\ \hline}}{\sum_{i}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & 0 \\ & \underset{\sim}{D} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 60\% | 92\% | 55\% | 87\% | 67\% | 96\% |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 40\% | 8\% | 45\% | 13\% | 33\% | 4\% |  |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3]
Allamakee Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 52 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 32 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 9 |

### 3.4 Appanoose County

Appanoose County is home to 12,310 people in 4,920 households, including 3,141 family households and 1,779 non-family households. In Appanoose County 2,816 people are under 18, 823 are 18 to $24,4,596$ are 25 to 54 , and 4,596 are over 55.

In Appanoose County, during 2022, there were 58 people in 33 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 18 children under 18,7 youth ages 18 to 24, 28 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 4 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Appanoose'.


Appanoose has 6,337 housing units, of which 4,920 are occupied, 1,427 by renters and 3,493 by owners. Appanoose also has 1,417 vacant units, of which 105 are available for rent and 26 are for sale only. 358 are seasonal and 802 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Appanoose County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 4 veterans and 16 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Appanoose County is home to 775 veterans. For 44 of the people from Appanoose County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Appanoose County there are 5,149 people in the civilian labor force, of which $6 \%$ are unemployed. In Appanoose County the median household income is $\$ 46,900$

| County where services were provided for people from Appanoose County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 13 |  |  | 15 |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 53 |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | 56 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 55 |  |  | 3 |  |  | 13 |  |  | 58 |

Iowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits per year. $\$ 56,479$ for families and $\$ 26,780$ for non-family households. $15 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $7 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 39\% received Social Security Income. 35.4\% of single mother households in Appanoose County were in poverty. Of the 39 adults who had entries during this
report, 11 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 265$ per month.
Collectively, the 58 people had 97 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Appanoose County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Appanoose' shows how those services were resolved. 29 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Appanoose |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People <br> served | Average <br> Household <br> size | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults <br> $25-54$ | Adults 55 <br> and over |  |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 25 | 9 | 2.8 | 15 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| Only adults | 23 | 18 | 1.3 | 0 | 1 | 18 | 4 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 3 | 1 | 3.0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 5 | 4 | 1.3 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grand Total | 58 | 33 | 1.8 | 18 | 7 | 28 | 4 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Appanoose Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \$ 20 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 35 | 220 | 342 | 496 | 412 | 491 | 227 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 20 | 65 | 111 | 70 | 52 | 47 | 18 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 49 | 55 | 51 | 34 | 19 | 29 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 1 | 12 | 35 | 26 | 9 | 10 | 3 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 5 | 3 | 14 | 14 | 18 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 5 | 47 | 55 | 10 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 112 | 150 | 25 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 |
| Not computed | 60 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Appanoose Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\Delta}{2} \\ & \frac{N}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{\sim}{\lambda} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 81\% | 80\% | 100\% | 85\% | 82\% | 100\% |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 19\% | 20\% | 0\% | 15\% | 18\% | 0\% |  |


| Housing Outcomes - Appanoose |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing | $6(30.0 \%)$ |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $3(15.0 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $11(55.0 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $20(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Appanoose Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 58 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 196 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 783 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 100 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 41 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 55 |
| No rent | 194 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Appanoose Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 56 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 118 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.5 Audubon County

Audubon County is home to 5,657 people in 2,498 households, including 1,552 family households and 946 non-family households. In Audubon County 1,259 people are under 18, 357 are 18 to 24 , 2,329 are 25 to 54 , and 2,329 are over 55 .

In Audubon County, during 2022, there were 2 people in 1 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 1 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 1 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households
 are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Audubon'.

Audubon has 2,820 housing units, of which 2,498 are occupied, 494 by renters and 2,004 by owners. Audubon also has 322 vacant units, of which 58 are available for rent and 40 are for sale only. 23 are seasonal and 187 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Audubon County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 1 veteran2 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Audubon County is home to 340 veterans. For 2 of the people from Audubon County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Audubon County there are 2,897 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Audubon County the median household income is $\$ 54,643$ per

| County where services were provided for people from Audubon County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \text { § } \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{3} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 68,269$ for families and $\$ 34,458$ for non-family households. 7\% of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $7 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 34\% received Social Security Income. 32.9\% of single mother households in Audubon County were in poverty. Of the 2 adults who had entries during this report, 1 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 377$ per month.

Collectively, the 2 people had 7 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Audubon County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Audubon' shows how those services were resolved. 2 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Audubon |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Only adults | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

Iowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service du
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Audubon Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 35 K- \\ & \$ 50 K \end{aligned}$ | \$50K\$75K | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | Over $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 23 | 162 | 198 | 391 | 209 | 278 | 176 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 14 | 49 | 77 | 80 | 6 | 26 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 1 | 19 | 34 | 5 | 3 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 5 | 12 | 24 | 6 | 19 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 30 | 24 | 11 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 34 | 20 | 3 | 5 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Audubon Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\Delta}{2} \\ & \frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{1} \\ & \frac{n}{x} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\dot{\sim}}}{\sum}$ | O 士 N T N D | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \underset{\sim}{N} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 0\% | 91\% | 67\% | 19\% | 70\% | 100\% |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 100\% | 9\% | 33\% | 81\% | 30\% | 0\% |  |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Audubon Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 5 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 42 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 11 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.6 Benton County

Benton County is home to 25,654 people in 10,075 households, including 7,092 family households and 2,983 non-family households. In Benton County 6,016 people are under 18, 1,835 are 18 to 24 , 8,619 are 25 to 54 , and 8,619 are over 55.

In Benton County, during 2022, there were 89 people in 43 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 35 children under 18,5 youth ages 18 to 24,39 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 8 senior adults over
 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Benton'.

Benton has 11,071 housing units, of which 10,075 are occupied, 1,682 by renters and 8,393 by owners. Benton also has 996 vacant units, of which 112 are available for rent and 133 are for sale only. 176 are seasonal and 428 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Benton County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 8 veterans and 40 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Benton County is home to 1808 veterans. 2 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 61 of the people from Benton County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

| County where services were provided for people from Benton County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  | O $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{7}$ $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0}$ $\stackrel{N}{3}$ |  |  | 0 0 0 0 0 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  | 2 | 3 |  |  |  | 5 |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 6 |  |  | 16 |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 76 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 76 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 76 | 1 |  |  | 2 | 13 | 6 |  |  | 89 |

Iowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits

In Benton County there are 13,455 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Benton County the median household income is $\$ 72,334$ per year. $\$ 87,317$ for families and $\$ 36,406$ for nonfamily households. $7 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $5 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 27\% received Social Security Income. 24.0\% of single mother households in

Benton County were in poverty. Of the 52 adults who had entries during this report, 30 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 434$ per month.

Collectively, the 89 people had 123 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Benton County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Benton' shows how those services were resolved. 47 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Benton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 56 | 16 | 3.5 | 35 | 3 | 18 | 0 |
| Only adults | 32 | 25 | 1.3 | 0 | 1 | 21 | 8 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth | 2 | 2 | 1.0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 89 | 43 | 2.1 | 35 | 5 | 39 | 8 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Benton Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{array}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 21 | 283 | 342 | 894 | 1,135 | 1,665 | 1,145 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 25 | 74 | 112 | 298 | 181 | 195 | 40 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 55 | 125 | 96 | 195 | 45 | 47 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 41 | 30 | 56 | 140 | 64 | 11 | 5 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 48 | 79 | 36 | 61 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 119 | 77 | 81 | 77 | 7 | 2 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 137 | 193 | 81 | 6 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Benton Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{1} \\ & \frac{\pi}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{i}}}{\sum}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { O} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 71\% | 92\% | 93\% | 90\% | 93\% | 50\% |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 29\% | 8\% | 7\% | 10\% | 7\% | 50\% |  |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Benton Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 108 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 69 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 33 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.7 Black Hawk County

Black Hawk County is home to 131,396 people in 53,465 households, including 31,459 family households and 22,006 non-family households. In Black Hawk County 28,843 people are under 18, 18,894 are 18 to $24,37,575$ are 25 to 54 , and 37,575 are over 55 .

In Black Hawk County, during 2022, there were 1309 people in 933 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 339 children under 18, 133 youth ages 18 to 24,643 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 189 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Black Hawk'.


Black Hawk has 58,378 housing units, of which 53,465 are occupied, 18,473 by renters and 34,992 by owners. Black Hawk also has 4,913 vacant units, of which 1,042 are available for rent and 516 are for sale only. 834 are seasonal and 1,879 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Black Hawk County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 189 veterans and 679 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Black Hawk County is home to 6321 veterans. 10 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 870 of the people from Black Hawk County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits

In Black Hawk County there are 70,628 people in the civilian labor force, of which $5 \%$ are unemployed. In Black Hawk County the median household income is $\$ 57,191$ per year. $\$ 77,231$ for families and $\$ 36,036$
for non-family households. 11\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 7\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 30\% received Social Security Income. 40.2\% of single mother households in Black Hawk County were in poverty. Of the 965 adults who had entries during this report, 546 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 521$ per month.

Collectively, the 1309 people had 2527 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Black Hawk County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Black Hawk' shows how those services were resolved. 823 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  | Adults 55 and over |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & 25-54 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Indeterminate | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 478 | 141 | 3.4 | 298 | 16 | 155 | 7 |
| Only adults | 699 | 678 | 1.0 | 0 | 12 | 503 | 183 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 59 | 25 | 2.4 | 33 | 26 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 83 | 82 | 1.0 | 0 | 83 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household | 9 | 6 | 1.5 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grand Total | 1,309 | 933 | 1.4 | 339 | 133 | 643 | 189 |

Iowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Black Hawk Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 K- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 K- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{array}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 136 | 1,228 | 1,651 | 4,073 | 4,318 | 5,960 | 4,781 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 15 | 94 | 514 | 911 | 1,122 | 831 | 869 | 102 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 174 | 460 | 391 | 698 | 319 | 242 | 32 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 0 | 190 | 294 | 365 | 415 | 201 | 30 | 20 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 12 | 180 | 298 | 404 | 95 | 48 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 6 | 277 | 421 | 188 | 108 | 21 | 2 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 680 | 803 | 560 | 137 | 55 | 8 | 13 | 0 |
| Not computed | 240 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Black Hawk Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{>}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \frac{N}{ㅅ} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{j}}}{\sum_{j}}$ | ㅇ + D D D D D | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & 0 \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 91\% | 74\% | 87\% | 80\% | 80\% | 76\% | 68\% | 92\% |
| Below poverty | 9\% | 26\% | 13\% | 20\% | 20\% | 24\% | 32\% | 8\% |

### 3.8 Boone County

Boone County is home to 26,721 people in 10,720 households, including 7,043 family households and 3,677 non-family households. In Boone County 5,780 people are under 18, 2,013 are 18 to 24 , 8,937 are 25 to 54 , and 8,937 are over 55.

In Boone County, during 2022, there were 106 people in 69 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 30 children under 18,10 youth ages 18 to 24,52 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 14 senior adults over
 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Boone'.

Boone has 11,911 housing units, of which 10,720 are occupied, 2,192 by renters and 8,528 by owners. Boone also has 1,191 vacant units, of which 202 are available for rent and 127 are for sale only. 82 are seasonal and 682 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Boone County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 14 veterans and 56 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Boone County is home to 1494 veterans. 1 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 74 of the people from Boone County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits

In Boone County there are 14,418 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Boone County the median household income is $\$ 70,984$ per year. $\$ 91,222$ for families and $\$ 33,800$ for nonfamily households. $6 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $5 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 29\% received Social Security Income. 10.0\% of single mother households in

Boone County were in poverty. Of the 76 adults who had entries during this report, 44 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 485$ per month.

Collectively, the 106 people had 180 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Boone County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Boone' shows how those services were resolved. 66 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People <br> served | Households | Average <br> household <br> size | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults <br> $25-54$ | Adults 55 <br> and over |
| Indeterminate | 46 | 16 | 2.9 | 26 | 1 | 18 | 1 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 51 | 44 | 1.2 | 0 | 2 | 35 | 14 |
| Only adults | 9 | 3 | 3.0 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 6 | 5 | 1.2 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household | 106 | 69 | 1.5 | 30 | 10 | 52 | 14 |
| Grand Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Boone Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \$ 10 K- \\ \$ 20 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 K- \\ \$ 75 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 44 | 231 | 266 | 983 | 1,204 | 1,605 | 1,120 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 9 | 21 | 127 | 115 | 251 | 190 | 318 | 19 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 34 | 77 | 188 | 114 | 114 | 106 | 17 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 0 | 44 | 175 | 31 | 46 | 5 | 21 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 5 | 61 | 111 | 23 | 24 | 32 | 36 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 16 | 37 | 124 | 60 | 31 | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 70 | 152 | 110 | 91 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 46 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2)

Boone Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\rightharpoonup}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{0} \\ & \frac{\sim}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{+}}}{\sum_{\substack{2}}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\rightharpoonup} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\sim} \\ & \underset{\sim}{0} \\ & \underset{\sim}{D} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { O} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 100\% | 94\% | 89\% | 80\% | 88\% | 100\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 0\% | 6\% | 11\% | 20\% | 12\% | 0\% | 0\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Boone |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $1(2.3 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing | $7(15.9 \%)$ |
| Owned by client | $0(0.0 \%)$ |
| Rental by cleint | $10(22.7 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $26(59.1 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $44(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Boone Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 71 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 257 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 1,137 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 499 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 18 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 78 |
| No rent | 132 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) (3)
Boone Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 219 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 61 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 17 |

### 3.9 Bremer County

Bremer County is home to 24,863 people in 9,638 households, including 6,704 family households and 2,934 non-family households. In Bremer County 5,701 people are under 18, 2,850 are 18 to 24 , 7,857 are 25 to 54 , and 7,857 are over 55.

In Bremer County, during 2022, there were 26 people in 13 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 12 children under 18,3 youth ages 18 to 24,9 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 2 senior adults over 55
 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Bremer'.

Bremer has 10,432 housing units, of which 9,638 are occupied, 1,619 by renters and 8,019 by owners. Bremer also has 794 vacant units, of which 149 are available for rent and 37 are for sale only. 19 are seasonal and 469 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Bremer County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 2 veteran11 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Bremer County is home to 1470 veterans. For 22 of the people from Bremer County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Bremer County there are 13,422 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Bremer County the median household income is $\$ 76,782$ per

| County where services were provided for people from Bremer County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  | O $\stackrel{7}{7}$ ® N |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 5 |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |
| Statewide | 16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| Webster |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |
| Grand Total | 18 | 5 |  |  |  | 1 | 2 |  | 3 | 26 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 87,896$ for families and $\$ 43,059$ for non-family households. 6\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 5\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 29\% received Social Security Income. 26.6\% of single mother households in Bremer County were in poverty. Of the 14 adults who had entries during this report, 10 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 1474$ per month.

Collectively, the 26 people had 42 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Bremer County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Bremer' shows how those services were resolved. 20 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Bremer |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults 25-54 | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 17 | 5 | 3.4 | 11 | 1 | 5 | 0 |
| Only adults | 6 | 5 | 1.2 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth | 2 | 2 | 1.0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grand Total | 26 | 13 | 2.0 | 12 | 3 | 9 | 2 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Bremer Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \text { \$20K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 20 K- \\ & \$ 35 K \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 K- \\ \$ 75 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 5 | 17 | 247 | 368 | 966 | 974 | 1,841 | 1,009 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 14 | 79 | 155 | 285 | 171 | 185 | 27 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 35 | 62 | 61 | 137 | 157 | 45 | 3 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 2 | 5 | 65 | 92 | 49 | 54 | 25 | 5 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 24 | 104 | 24 | 72 | 21 | 10 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 33 | 58 | 40 | 20 | 0 | 15 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 92 | 120 | 45 | 69 | 28 | 46 | 5 | 0 |
| Not computed | 53 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bremer Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { D }}{N} \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{j}}}{\underset{y}{\underset{\sim}{2}}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \text { 士 } \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { Ton } \\ & \text { N0 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 99\% | 54\% | 93\% | 91\% | 76\% | 82\% | 100\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 1\% | 46\% | 7\% | 9\% | 24\% | 18\% | 0\% | 0\% |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Bremer Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 138 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 85 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 15 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 17 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.10 Buchanan County

Buchanan County is home to 20,598 people in 7,787 households, including 5,479 family households and 2,308 non-family households. In Buchanan County 5,430 people are under 18, 1,405 are 18 to $24,6,502$ are 25 to 54 , and 6,502 are over 55.

In Buchanan County, during 2022, there were 6 people in 2 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 3 children under 18, 1 youth ages 18 to 24,2 adults ages 25 to 54 . The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Buchanan'.


Buchanan has 8,890 housing units, of which 7,787 are occupied, 1,527 by renters and 6,260 by owners. Buchanan also has 1,103 vacant units, of which 212 are available for rent and 73 are for sale only. 236 are seasonal and 491 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Buchanan County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 1 person with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. For 6 of the people from Buchanan County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Buchanan County there are 10,640 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Buchanan County the median household income is $\$ 71,024$ per year. \$82,009 for families and $\$ 30,516$ for non-family

| County where services were provided for people from Buchanan County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{7} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{\top} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 0 D D D O. |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 6 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits households. 6\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 6\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 27\% received Social Security Income. $41.0 \%$ of single mother households in Buchanan County were in poverty. Of the 3 adults who had entries during this report, 2 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 869$ per month.

Collectively, the 6 people had 6 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Buchanan County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Buchanan' shows how those services were resolved. 4 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Buchanan |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 4 | 1 | 4.0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Only adults |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 6 | 2 | 3.0 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Buchanan Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \$ 20 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 35 K- \\ & \$ 50 K \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 K- \\ \$ 75 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \text { \$100K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{array}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 17 | 217 | 333 | 722 | 981 | 1,188 | 748 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 2 | 30 | 62 | 102 | 132 | 121 | 137 | 24 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 3 | 23 | 76 | 70 | 125 | 92 | 12 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 16 | 100 | 33 | 18 | 25 | 27 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 4 | 13 | 39 | 40 | 33 | 25 | 9 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 2 | 84 | 74 | 49 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 88 | 118 | 117 | 72 | 8 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 33 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Buchanan Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\rightharpoonup}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \frac{N}{ㅅ} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{D}}}{\sum}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { 欠i } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 36\% | 90\% | 92\% | 100\% | 80\% | 95\% | 100\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 64\% | 10\% | 8\% | 0\% | 20\% | 5\% | 0\% | 0\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Buchanan |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing |  |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $4(100.0 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $4(100.0 \%)$ |
| Grand Total |  |

Iowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

Buchanan Gross Rent

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 238 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 885 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 224 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 13 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 8 |
| No rent | 159 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Buchanan Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 7 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 79 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 124 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 29 |

### 3.11 Buena Vista County

Buena Vista County is home to 20,723 people in 7,506 households, including 4,401 family households and 3,105 non-family households. In Buena Vista County 5,430 people are under 18, 2,217 are 18 to $24,5,858$ are 25 to 54 , and 5,858 are over 55.

In Buena Vista County, during 2022, there were 43 people in 20 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 17 children under 18, 5 youth ages 18 to 24, 19 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 2 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Buena Vista'.


Buena Vista has 8,173 housing units, of which 7,506 are occupied, 2,351 by renters and 5,155 by owners. Buena Vista also has 667 vacant units, of which 282 are available for rent and 106 are for sale only. 92 are seasonal and 177 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Buena Vista County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 2 veterans and 9 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Buena Vista County is home to 685 veterans. For 36 of the people from Buena Vista County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Buena Vista County there are 10,991 people in the civilian labor force, of which $6 \%$ are unemployed. In Buena Vista County the


Iowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits median household income is $\$ 53,645$ per year. $\$ 80,250$ for families and $\$ 40,960$ for non-family households. $5 \%$ of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 8\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 26\% received Social Security Income. $26.9 \%$ of single mother households in Buena Vista County were in poverty. Of the

26 adults who had entries during this report, 7 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 236$ per month.
Collectively, the 43 people had 58 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Buena Vista County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Buena Vista' shows how those services were resolved. 32 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Buena Vista |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 28 | 8 | 3.5 | 15 | 2 | 11 | 0 |
| Only adults | 12 | 11 | 1.1 | 0 | 2 | 8 | 2 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 3 | 1 | 3.0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 43 | 20 | 2.2 | 17 | 5 | 19 | 2 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Buena Vista Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \text { \$20K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 K- \\ & \$ 100 K \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Over } \\ & \text { \$150K } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 1 | 38 | 257 | 670 | 586 | 638 | 855 | 807 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 63 | 41 | 77 | 144 | 22 | 41 | 31 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 48 | 60 | 48 | 51 | 17 | 25 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 2 | 19 | 83 | 38 | 41 | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 18 | 44 | 17 | 33 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 32 | 31 | 10 | 20 | 7 | 8 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 46 | 45 | 73 | 19 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Buena Vista Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\rightharpoonup}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{\sim}{n} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & \text { ס} \\ & \text { ND } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 98\% | 88\% | 91\% | 74\% | 92\% | 85\% | 86\% | 99\% |
| Below poverty | 2\% | 12\% | 9\% | 26\% | 8\% | 15\% | 14\% | 1\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Buena Vista |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing | $1(4.5 \%)$ |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $11(50.0 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $10(45.5 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $22(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

Buena Vista Gross Rent

| $\$ 249$ or less | 48 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 253 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 1,494 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 251 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 20 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 94 |
| No rent | 191 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Buena Vista Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 66 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 81 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 85 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 6 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 44 |

### 3.12 Butler County

Butler County is home to 14,421 people in 5,860 households, including 4,109 family households and 1,751 non-family households. In Butler County 3,323 people are under 18, 956 are 18 to 24 , 5,290 are 25 to 54 , and 5,290 are over 55.

Butler has 6,546 housing units, of which 5,860 are occupied, 1,277 by renters and 4,583 by owners. Butler also has 686 vacant units, of which 162 are available for rent and 38 are for sale only. 80 are seasonal and 369 are vacant for 'other reasons.'


In Butler County there are 7,169 people in the civilian labor force, of which $5 \%$ are unemployed. In Butler County the median household income is $\$ 61,109$ per year. $\$ 74,754$ for families and $\$ 34,757$ for non-family households. $9 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $4 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 34\% received Social Security Income. $49.4 \%$ of single mother households in Butler County were in poverty.

Butler Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \text { \$20K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 24 | 173 | 326 | 701 | 613 | 815 | 390 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 35 | 52 | 130 | 93 | 77 | 40 | 12 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 23 | 58 | 43 | 161 | 74 | 13 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 2 | 13 | 27 | 18 | 71 | 13 | 8 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 14 | 15 | 38 | 44 | 35 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 10 | 48 | 24 | 36 | 13 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 97 | 96 | 31 | 2 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 49 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2]

Butler Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{n} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \stackrel{N}{त} \end{aligned}$ | $\sum_{\substack{\underset{\sim}{7}}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { t } \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 69\% | 94\% | 89\% | 65\% | 91\% | 95\% | 38\% |  |
| Below poverty | 31\% | 6\% | 11\% | 35\% | 9\% | 5\% | 62\% |  |


| Butler Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 15 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 188 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 684 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 127 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 38 |
| No rent | 225 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Butler Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 11 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 54 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 94 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 11 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 29 |

ACS, Rent Asked in 2021 (5 year est.) 5

### 3.13 Calhoun County

Calhoun County is home to 9,962 people in 3,932 households, including 2,525 family households and 1,407 non-family households. In Calhoun County 2,236 people are under 18, 673 are 18 to 24, 3,730 are 25 to 54 , and 3,730 are over 55.

In Calhoun County, during 2022, there were 13 people in 7 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 4 children under 18, 1 youth ages 18 to 24,8 adults ages 25 to 54 . The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household
 Typology - Calhoun'.

Calhoun has 4,817 housing units, of which 3,932 are occupied, 827 by renters and 3,105 by owners. Calhoun also has 885 vacant units, of which 71 are available for rent and 59 are for sale only. 195 are seasonal and 523 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Calhoun County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 5 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. For 12 of the people from Calhoun County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Calhoun County there are 4,301 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Calhoun County the median household income is $\$ 60,434$ per year. $\$ 77,056$ for families and $\$ 31,228$ for non-family house-

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits holds. $10 \%$ of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 7\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 36\% received Social Security Income. $42.1 \%$ of single mother households in Calhoun County were in poverty. Of the 9 adults who had entries during this report, 6 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 1181$ per month.

Collectively, the 13 people had 26 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Calhoun County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Calhoun' shows how those services were resolved. 9 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Calhoun |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 7 | 2 | 3.5 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Only adults | 5 | 4 | 1.3 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 13 | 7 | 1.9 | 4 | 1 | 8 | 0 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Calhoun Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \text { \$20K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$35K- } \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 K- \\ \$ 75 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \text { \$100K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 30 | 230 | 254 | 492 | 478 | 531 | 304 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 58 | 69 | 33 | 27 | 63 | 8 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 9 | 58 | 55 | 44 | 6 | 0 | 15 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 20 | 28 | 20 | 20 | 0 | 13 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 9 | 5 | 9 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 7 | 24 | 39 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 54 | 28 | 9 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calhoun Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{n}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \frac{n}{\lambda} \end{aligned}$ | $\sum_{\substack{\underset{\sim}{j}}}$ | O + D D T 0 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & 0 \\ & \hat{N} \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| Above poverty | 78\% | 70\% | 90\% | 89\% | 85\% | 72\% | 64\% |  |
| Below poverty | 23\% | 30\% | 10\% | 11\% | 15\% | 28\% | 36\% |  |


| ACs, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Calhoun Rent Asked |  |
|  |  |
| $\$ 249$ or less |  |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 37 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 10 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.14 Carroll County

Carroll County is home to 20,756 people in 8,761 households, including 5,449 family households and 3,312 non-family households. In Carroll County 4,981 people are under 18, 1,690 are 18 to 24 , 7,207 are 25 to 54 , and 7,207 are over 55.

In Carroll County, during 2022, there were 7 people in 4 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 1 children under 18, 1 youth ages 18 to 24,4 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 1 senior adults over 55 years
 old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Carroll'.

Carroll has 9,494 housing units, of which 8,761 are occupied, 2,087 by renters and 6,674 by owners. Carroll also has 733 vacant units, of which 165 are available for rent and 134 are for sale only. 22 are seasonal and 369 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Carroll County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 14 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. For 3 of the people from Carroll County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Carroll County there are 11,086 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Carroll County the median household income is $\$ 61,157$ per year. \$80,214 for families and \$33,374 for non-family house-

| County where services were provided for people from Carroll County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & -1 \\ & 3 \\ & 0 \\ & \stackrel{\omega}{7} \\ & \stackrel{0}{2} \\ & \underline{\underline{0}} \end{aligned}$ | Q 2 2 2 -1 0 |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 4 | 3 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 7 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits holds. $11 \%$ of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 5\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 27\% received Social Security Income. 18.5\% of single mother households in Carroll County were in poverty. Of the 6 adults who had entries during this report, 3 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 478$ per month.

Collectively, the 7 people had 10 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Carroll County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Carroll' shows how those services were resolved. 3 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Carroll |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 3 | 1 | 3.0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Only adults | 3 | 2 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 7 | 4 | 1.8 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 1 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Carroll Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 10 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$10к- } \\ & \text { \$20K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 26 | 380 | 570 | 1,010 | 964 | 1,263 | 736 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 6 | 27 | 55 | 88 | 140 | 105 | 83 | 55 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 51 | 60 | 71 | 99 | 40 | 0 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 23 | 24 | 28 | 41 | 59 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 4 | 43 | 25 | 23 | 21 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 17 | 45 | 52 | 28 | 1 | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 121 | 128 | 70 | 9 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 53 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Carroll Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\frac{D}{\frac{n}{n}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{\sim}{ㅅ} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\stackrel{+}{D}}}{\sum_{\substack{\text { n }}}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { R } \\ & \text { Nin } \\ & \text { 欠 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 88\% | 92\% | 79\% | 99\% | 89\% | 100\% |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 12\% | 8\% | 21\% | 1\% | 11\% | 0\% |  |


| Housing Outcomes - Carroll |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing |  |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $3(100.0 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $0(0.0 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $3(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Carroll Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 117 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 376 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 1,297 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 126 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 39 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 27 |
| No rent | 105 |


| ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) [3] |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Carroll Rent Asked |  |
| $\$ 249$ or less |  |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 133 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 54 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.15 Cass County

Cass County is home to 13,158 people in 5,777 households, including 3,429 family households and 2,348 non-family households. In Cass County 2,998 people are under 18, 812 are 18 to 24 , 4,968 are 25 to 54 , and 4,968 are over 55.

In Cass County, during 2022, there were 16 people in 10 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 3 children under 18, 2 youth ages 18 to 24,10 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 1 senior adults over 55 years
 old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Cass'.

Cass has 6,408 housing units, of which 5,777 are occupied, 1,653 by renters and 4,124 by owners. Cass also has 631 vacant units, of which 152 are available for rent and 59 are for sale only. 71 are seasonal and 305 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Cass County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 1 veteran7 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Cass County is home to 884 veterans. For 13 of the people from Cass County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Cass County there are 6,570 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Cass County the median household income is $\$ 55,395$ per year. \$76,008 for families and

| County where services were provided for people from Cass County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{\stackrel{0}{0}} \\ & \frac{1}{\sim} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{\beth} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 16 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 16 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits $\$ 28,403$ for non-family households. $13 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $6 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 39\% received Social Security Income. 45.5\% of single mother households in Cass County were in poverty. Of the 13 adults who had entries during this report, 5 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 289$ per month.

Collectively, the 16 people had 23 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Cass County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Cass' shows how those services were resolved. 9 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Cass |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 5 | 2 | 2.5 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Only adults | 10 | 7 | 1.4 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 1 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 16 | 10 | 1.6 | 3 | 2 | 10 | 1 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Cass Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Under | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over |
|  | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| Below $20 \%$ | 0 | 18 | 236 | 317 | 597 | 596 | 630 | 477 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 0 | 64 | 60 | 46 | 64 | 32 | 11 | 6 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 1 | 10 | 24 | 82 | 57 | 17 | 9 | 2 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 3 | 24 | 13 | 74 | 29 | 0 | 32 | 5 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 0 | 26 | 92 | 16 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 17 | 71 | 31 | 8 | 24 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| $50 \%$ or more | 63 | 77 | 69 | 0 | 20 | 14 | 5 | 0 |
| Not computed | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) [2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cass Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{D}{n} \\ & \stackrel{n}{M} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{0} \\ & \frac{N}{त} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{x}}}{\sum}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 22\% | 86\% | 100\% | 78\% | 96\% | 62\% |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 78\% | 14\% | 0\% | 22\% | 4\% | 38\% |  |


| ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Cass Rent Asked |  |
| Cas |  |
| $\$ 249$ or less |  |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 83 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 76 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.16 Cedar County

Cedar County is home to 18,494 people in 7,381 households, including 4,880 family households and 2,501 non-family households. In Cedar County 4,092 people are under 18, 1,270 are 18 to 24 , 6,466 are 25 to 54 , and 6,466 are over 55.

In Cedar County, during 2022, there were 69 people in 26 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 35 children under 18, 8 youth ages 18 to 24 , 19 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 7 senior adults over
 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Cedar'.

Cedar has 8,171 housing units, of which 7,381 are occupied, 1,455 by renters and 5,926 by owners. Cedar also has 790 vacant units, of which 150 are available for rent and 90 are for sale only. 113 are seasonal and 337 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Cedar County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 711 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. For 46 of the people from Cedar County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

## In Cedar County there are

 9,994 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Cedar County the median household income is $\$ 72,714$ per year. $\$ 89,375$ for families and \$42,390 for non-family house-| County where services were provided for people from Cedar County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  | 9 |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  | 1 |  |  |  | 31 | 4 |  |  | 36 |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 54 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 54 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 54 | 5 |  |  |  | 38 | 4 |  |  | 69 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits holds. 7\% of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $6 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 30\% received Social Security Income. $28.9 \%$ of single mother households in Cedar County were in poverty. Of the 34 adults who had entries during this report, 18 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 281$ per month.

Collectively, the 69 people had 153 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Cedar County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Cedar' shows how those services were resolved. 68 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Cedar |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People <br> served | Average <br> household <br> size | Under age <br> 18 | Youseholds 18-24 | Adults <br> $25-54$ | Adults 55 <br> and over |  |
| Indeterminate | 51 | 14 | 3.6 | 31 | 2 | 16 | 2 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 51 | 7 | 1.3 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 5 |
| Only adults | 9 | 3 | 2.3 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 7 | 2 | 1.5 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household | 69 | 26 | 2.7 | 35 | 8 | 19 | 7 |
| Grand Total | 69 |  |  |  |  | 7 |  |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Cedar Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 10 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$10к- } \\ & \text { \$20K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 5 | 104 | 314 | 763 | 784 | 1,220 | 703 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 63 | 77 | 92 | 155 | 158 | 134 | 31 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 11 | 49 | 93 | 141 | 56 | 69 | 26 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 51 | 83 | 38 | 69 | 18 | 4 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 37 | 40 | 19 | 14 | 41 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 28 | 34 | 39 | 10 | 15 | 11 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 70 | 74 | 83 | 72 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2]

Cedar Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{\sim}{ㅅ} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{+\stackrel{j}{+}}}{\sum}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { O} \\ & \\ & \underset{\sim}{n} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \stackrel{0}{N} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \\ & \stackrel{n}{\#} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 78\% | 70\% | 93\% | 33\% | 91\% | 80\% | 61\% |  |
| Below poverty | 22\% | 30\% | 7\% | 67\% | 9\% | 20\% | 39\% |  |


| Housing Outcomes - Cedar |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $6(13.0 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing |  |
| Owned by client | $0(0.0 \%)$ |
| Rental by cleint | $35(76.1 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $5(10.9 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $46(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

Cedar Gross Rent

| $\$ 249$ or less | 62 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 172 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 826 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 112 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 15 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 55 |
| No rent | 213 |


| ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Cedar Rent Asked |  |
|  |  |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 3 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 33 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 114 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 5 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.17 Cerro Gordo County

Cerro Gordo County is home to 43,185 people in 19,569 households, including 11,521 family households and 8,048 non-family households. In Cerro Gordo County 9,086 people are under 18, 3,291 are 18 to $24,16,199$ are 25 to 54 , and 16,199 are over 55.

In Cerro Gordo County, during 2022, there were 338 people in 295 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 36 children under 18, 48 youth ages 18 to 24,181 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 70 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those
 households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Cerro Gordo'.

Cerro Gordo has 22,589 housing units, of which 19,569 are occupied, 5,845 by renters and 13,724 by owners. Cerro Gordo also has 3,020 vacant units, of which 232 are available for rent and 158 are for sale only. 1,428 are seasonal and 1,078 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Cerro Gordo County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 70 veterans and 220 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Cerro Gordo County is home to 2645 veterans. 4 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 291 of the people from Cerro Gordo County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

| County where services were provided for people from Cerro Gordo County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| Cerro Gordo |  | 271 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 17 | 282 |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 4 |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  | 4 |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 115 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 115 |
| Story |  | 4 |  |  |  |  | 6 |  |  | 6 |
| Webster |  | 1 |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 3 |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  | 7 | 15 |  |  | 22 |
| Grand Total | 115 | 278 |  |  |  | 9 | 25 |  | 22 | 338 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits

In Cerro Gordo County there are 23,245 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Cerro Gordo County the median household income is $\$ 58,271$ per year. $\$ 76,875$ for families
and $\$ 35,472$ for non-family households. 8\% of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $5 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 32\% received Social Security Income. 27.5\% of single mother households in Cerro Gordo County were in poverty. Of the 299 adults who had entries during this report, 163 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 590$ per month.

Collectively, the 338 people had 633 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Cerro Gordo County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Cerro Gordo' shows how those services were resolved. 281 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  | Adults <br> 25-54 | Adults 55 and over |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 |  |  |
| Indeterminate | 2 | 2 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 50 | 13 | 3.8 | 31 | 4 | 15 | 0 |
| Only adults | 238 | 232 | 1.0 | 0 | 1 | 167 | 70 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 43 | 43 | 1.0 | 0 | 43 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household | 5 | 4 | 1.3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grand Total | 338 | 295 | 1.1 | 36 | 48 | 181 | 70 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Cerro Gordo Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 10 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$100к- } \\ & \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 60 | 673 | 939 | 2,001 | 1,958 | 2,146 | 1,630 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 1 | 60 | 278 | 335 | 329 | 253 | 141 | 37 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 57 | 167 | 135 | 197 | 43 | 31 | 26 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 84 | 135 | 172 | 87 | 18 | 13 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 93 | 32 | 68 | 134 | 120 | 0 | 23 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 2 | 109 | 215 | 45 | 63 | 26 | 3 | 6 |
| 50\% or more | 176 | 224 | 280 | 10 | 34 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Not computed | 53 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2)

Cerro Gordo Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \frac{N}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{0} \\ & \stackrel{N}{त} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{7}}}{ }$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & \mathbf{N}_{0} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 66\% | 91\% | 70\% | 93\% | 85\% | 41\% | 96\% |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 34\% | 9\% | 30\% | 7\% | 15\% | 59\% | 4\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Cerro Gordo |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $23(10.1 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing | $14(6.1 \%)$ |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $48(21.1 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $146(64.0 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $228(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Cerro Gordo Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 113 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 671 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 3,832 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 615 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 103 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 181 |
| No rent | 330 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 ( 5 year est.) (3)
Cerro Gordo Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 8 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 77 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 181 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 6 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

ACS, Rent Asked in 2021 (5 year est.) 5]

### 3.18 Cherokee County

Cherokee County is home to 11,606 people in 5,126 households, including 3,003 family households and 2,123 non-family households. In Cherokee County 2,629 people are under 18, 686 are 18 to 24 , 4,573 are 25 to 54 , and 4,573 are over 55 .

Cherokee has 5,583 housing units, of which 5,126 are occupied, 1,280 by renters and 3,846 by owners. Cherokee also has 457 vacant units, of which 18 are available for rent and 78 are for sale only. 17 are seasonal and 323 are vacant for 'other reasons.'


In Cherokee County there are 6,154 people in the civilian labor force, of which 3\% are unemployed. In Cherokee County the median household income is $\$ 59,881$ per year. $\$ 83,801$ for families and $\$ 37,724$ for non-family households. $10 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $3 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 32\% received Social Security Income. 36.5\% of single mother households in Cherokee County were in poverty.

Cherokee Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \$ 10 K- \\ \$ 20 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 K- \\ \$ 75 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 K- \\ & \$ 100 K \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Over } \\ & \text { \$150K } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 25 | 164 | 430 | 682 | 412 | 688 | 528 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 23 | 66 | 63 | 74 | 88 | 60 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 26 | 20 | 62 | 63 | 2 | 12 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 2 | 18 | 27 | 6 | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 9 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 7 | 19 | 27 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 70 | 85 | 0 | 4 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Cherokee Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\Delta}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{0} \\ & \frac{\pi}{\alpha} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{j}}}{ }$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & \text { NO} \\ & \text { Ô } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 69\% | 88\% | 36\% | 83\% | 93\% |  |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 31\% | 12\% | 64\% | 17\% | 7\% |  |  |

### 3.19 Chickasaw County

Chickasaw County is home to 12,021 people in 5,005 households, including 3,387 family households and 1,618 non-family households. In Chickasaw County 2,872 people are under 18, 958 are 18 to $24,4,392$ are 25 to 54 , and 4,392 are over 55.

In Chickasaw County, during 2022, there were 1 people in 1 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including, and 1 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Chickasaw'.


Chickasaw has 5,568 housing units, of which 5,005 are occupied, 894 by renters and 4,111 by owners. Chickasaw also has 563 vacant units, of which 52 are available for rent and 65 are for sale only. 56 are seasonal and 298 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Chickasaw County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 1 veteran1 person with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Chickasaw County is home to 718 veterans. For 1 of the people from Chickasaw County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Chickasaw County there are 6,557 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Chickasaw County the median household income is $\$ 67,146$

| County where services were provided for people from Chickasaw County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D } \\ & \text { ब } \\ & \text { D } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\overrightarrow{1}} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |

Iowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits per year. \$80,491 for families and $\$ 35,625$ for non-family households. 7\% of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. 3\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 30\% received Social Security Income. 9.3\% of single mother households in Chickasaw County were in poverty. Of the 1 adults who had entries during this report, 1 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 1667$ per month.

Collectively, the 1 people had 1 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Chickasaw County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Chickasaw' shows how those services were resolved. of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Chickasaw |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Only adults | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Chickasaw Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Under | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over |
|  | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| Below $20 \%$ | 6 | 26 | 212 | 288 | 614 | 578 | 781 | 376 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 2 | 15 | 118 | 40 | 77 | 34 | 20 | 80 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 0 | 15 | 9 | 83 | 20 | 52 | 13 | 11 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 19 | 43 | 50 | 27 | 16 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 0 | 27 | 21 | 15 | 6 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 0 | 23 | 45 | 24 | 6 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 41 | 114 | 66 | 8 | 49 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) [2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chickasaw Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\square}{0} \\ & \stackrel{N}{त} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{7}}}{\substack{2}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & 0 \\ & 00 \\ & i \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 79\% | 94\% | 100\% | 85\% | 94\% | 26\% | 0\% |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 21\% | 6\% | 0\% | 15\% | 6\% | 74\% | 100\% |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3]
Chickasaw Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 51 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 49 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 10 |

### 3.20 Clarke County

Clarke County is home to 9,736 people in 3,740 households, including 2,483 family households and 1,257 non-family households. In Clarke County 2,546 people are under 18, 823 are 18 to 24, 3,093 are 25 to 54 , and 3,093 are over 55.

In Clarke County, during 2022, there were 15 people in 4 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 10 children under 18,5 adults ages 25 to 54. The exact distributions of those households
 are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Clarke'.

Clarke has 4,234 housing units, of which 3,740 are occupied, 1,083 by renters and 2,657 by owners. Clarke also has 494 vacant units, of which 33 are available for rent and 62 are for sale only. 55 are seasonal and 344 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Clarke County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 4 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. 1 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 15 of the people from Clarke County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.


In Clarke County there are 4,594 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Clarke County the median household income is $\$ 58,617$ per year. $\$ 64,902$ for families and $\$ 31,549$ for non-family households. $13 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $5 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 33\% received Social Security Income. 16.8\% of single mother households in Clarke County were in poverty. Of the 5 adults who had entries during this report, 3
had income. On average, that income was $\$ 307$ per month.
Collectively, the 15 people had 28 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Clarke County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Clarke' shows how those services were resolved. 15 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Clarke |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 13 | 3 | 4.3 | 10 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Only adults | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 15 | 4 | 3.8 | 10 | 0 | 5 | 0 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Clarke Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \$ 10 K- \\ \$ 20 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 4 | 0 | 99 | 156 | 418 | 378 | 353 | 366 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 2 | 25 | 59 | 97 | 9 | 22 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 18 | 59 | 48 | 19 | 22 | 0 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 33 | 7 | 4 | 135 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 35 | 24 | 17 | 39 | 24 | 7 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 9 | 8 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 17 | 37 | 51 | 13 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2


| Housing Outcomes - Clarke |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing | $2(13.3 \%)$ |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $4(26.7 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $9(60.0 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $15(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

Clarke Gross Rent

| $\$ 249$ or less | 28 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 297 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 536 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 138 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 4 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |
| No rent | 80 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Clarke Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 33 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.21 Clay County

Clay County is home to 16,410 people in 7,137 households, including 4,227 family households and 2,910 non-family households. In Clay County 3,847 people are under 18, 1,317 are 18 to 24 , 5,768 are 25 to 54 , and 5,768 are over 55.

In Clay County, during 2022, there were 126 people in 67 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 44 children under 18, 13 youth ages 18 to 24 , 52 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 17 senior adults over 55
 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Clay'.

Clay has 8,101 housing units, of which 7,137 are occupied, 2,156 by renters and 4,981 by owners. Clay also has 964 vacant units, of which 221 are available for rent and 133 are for sale only. 125 are seasonal and 450 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Clay County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 17 veterans and 56 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Clay County is home to 1123 veterans. For 121 of the people from Clay County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Clay County there are 8,540 people in the civilian labor force, of which $5 \%$ are unemployed. In Clay County the median household income is $\$ 52,307$ per year. $\$ 70,989$ for

| County where services were provided for people from Clay County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 122 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 122 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  | 2 |  |  |  | 52 | 17 |  |  | 69 |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |
| Grand Total | 122 | 2 |  |  |  | 53 | 17 |  |  | 126 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits families and \$29,980 for nonfamily households. 10\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 9\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 36\% received Social Security Income. $41.7 \%$ of single mother households in Clay County were in poverty. Of the 82 adults who had entries during this report, 47 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 581$ per month.

Collectively, the 126 people had 211 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Clay County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Clay' shows how those services were resolved. 100 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Clay |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 77 | 23 | 3.3 | 43 | 6 | 26 | 2 |
| Only adults | 42 | 37 | 1.1 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 16 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 6 | 6 | 1.0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 126 | 67 | 1.9 | 44 | 13 | 52 | 17 |

Iowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Clay Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \text { \$20K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 K- \\ \$ 75 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 K- \\ & \$ 100 K \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 25 | 222 | 303 | 582 | 735 | 857 | 429 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 6 | 9 | 79 | 70 | 265 | 38 | 63 | 10 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 10 | 97 | 87 | 71 | 78 | 18 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 95 | 33 | 51 | 31 | 17 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 67 | 107 | 18 | 19 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 1 | 41 | 68 | 27 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 74 | 116 | 109 | 3 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Clay Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\Delta}{2} \\ & \frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{n}{\lambda} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{+ \\ \hline}}{\sum_{i}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \hat{0} \\ & i \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 83\% | 89\% | 98\% | 64\% | 51\% | 90\% |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 17\% | 11\% | 2\% | 36\% | 49\% | 10\% |  |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Clay Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 76 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 145 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.22 Clayton County

Clayton County is home to 17,173 people in 7,319 households, including 4,639 family households and 2,680 non-family households. In Clayton County 3,731 people are under $18,1,117$ are 18 to 24 , 6,883 are 25 to 54 , and 6,883 are over 55.

In Clayton County, during 2022, there were 14 people in 7 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 4 children under 18, 1 youth ages 18 to 24,7 adults ages 25 to 54, and 1 senior adults over 55 years
 old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Clayton'.

Clayton has 8,793 housing units, of which 7,319 are occupied, 1,805 by renters and 5,514 by owners. Clayton also has 1,474 vacant units, of which 126 are available for rent and 94 are for sale only. 632 are seasonal and 578 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Clayton County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 1 veterans and 5 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Clayton County is home to 1029 veterans. For 6 of the people from Clayton County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Clayton County there are 8,962 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Clayton County the median household income is $\$ 58,148$ per

owa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 74,931$ for families and $\$ 35,063$ for non-family households. 8\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 6\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 33\% received Social Security Income. 31.9\% of single mother households in Clayton County were in poverty. Of the 9 adults who had entries during this report, 4 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 537$ per month.

Collectively, the 14 people had 19 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Clayton County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Clayton' shows how those services were resolved. 7 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Clayton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & 25-54 \end{aligned}$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 8 | 3 | 2.7 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Only adults | 6 | 4 | 1.5 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 1 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 14 | 7 | 2.0 | 4 | 1 | 7 | 1 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Clayton Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$35K- } \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 K- \\ \$ 75 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \text { \$100K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 10 | 257 | 460 | 626 | 833 | 962 | 460 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 33 | 138 | 60 | 144 | 83 | 90 | 10 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 2 | 25 | 71 | 123 | 88 | 39 | 14 | 6 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 1 | 51 | 49 | 45 | 52 | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 9 | 24 | 8 | 29 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 10 | 73 | 53 | 62 | 31 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 200 | 92 | 68 | 25 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Clayton Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{1} \\ & \frac{n}{x} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\dot{\sim}}}{\sum}$ | O 士 N T N D | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \underset{\sim}{N} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 98\% | 100\% | 88\% | 100\% | 86\% | 57\% | 77\% |  |
| Below poverty | 2\% | 0\% | 12\% | 0\% | 14\% | 43\% | 23\% |  |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Clayton Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 69 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 31 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 10 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 7 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 13 |

### 3.23 Clinton County

Clinton County is home to 46,589 people in 19,103 households, including 12,057 family households and 7,046 non-family households. In Clinton County 10,645 people are under 18, 3,531 are 18 to 24 , 16,118 are 25 to 54 , and 16,118 are over 55 .

In Clinton County, during 2022, there were 1296 people in 828 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 349 children under 18, 103 youth ages 18 to 24, 681 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 152 senior
 adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Clinton'.

Clinton has 21,519 housing units, of which 19,103 are occupied, 4,778 by renters and 14,325 by owners. Clinton also has 2,416 vacant units, of which 413 are available for rent and 192 are for sale only. 214 are seasonal and 1,397 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Clinton County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 152 veterans and 762 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Clinton County is home to 3362 veterans. 25 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 912 of the people from Clinton County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.


Iowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits

In Clinton County there are 22,583 people in the civilian labor force, of which 5\% are unemployed. In Clinton County the median household income is $\$ 56,345$ per year. $\$ 76,477$ for families and $\$ 33,296$ for nonfamily households. 9\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. $7 \%$ of families received Supplemental

Security Income (SSI) and 31\% received Social Security Income. 43.9\% of single mother households in Clinton County were in poverty. Of the 936 adults who had entries during this report, 500 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 474$ per month.

Collectively, the 1296 people had 2236 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Clinton County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Clinton' shows how those services were resolved. 1085 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & 25-54 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate | 2 | 2 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 531 | 158 | 3.4 | 313 | 17 | 192 | 9 |
| Only adults | 667 | 596 | 1.1 | 0 | 14 | 500 | 144 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 59 | 22 | 2.7 | 34 | 25 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 51 | 48 | 1.1 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household | 2 | 2 | 1.0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grand Total | 1,296 | 828 | 1.6 | 349 | 103 | 681 | 152 |

Iowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Clinton Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \text { \$20K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$35K- } \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Over } \\ & \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 4 | 36 | 417 | 887 | 1,450 | 1,626 | 2,530 | 1,524 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 44 | 430 | 423 | 721 | 473 | 162 | 51 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 1 | 169 | 248 | 169 | 271 | 110 | 96 | 13 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 9 | 36 | 186 | 105 | 130 | 36 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 32 | 88 | 129 | 85 | 35 | 7 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 5 | 83 | 233 | 166 | 81 | 56 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 283 | 261 | 310 | 42 | 19 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Not computed | 49 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Clinton Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{2} \\ & \frac{N}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{\sim}{ㅅ} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{+}}}{\sum}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \stackrel{+}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \underset{\sim}{0} \\ & \underset{\sim}{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \underset{\sim}{\phi} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 39\% | 89\% | 77\% | 86\% | 71\% | 94\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 61\% | 11\% | 23\% | 14\% | 29\% | 6\% | 0\% |

ACS, Poverty by Race in 2021 (5 year est.) 4

| Housing Outcomes - Clinton |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $46(4.8 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing | $54(5.7 \%)$ |
| Owned by client | $11(1.2 \%)$ |
| Rental by cleint | $452(47.5 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $403(42.4 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $951(100.0 \%)$ |

Iowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

Clinton Gross Rent

| $\$ 249$ or less | 98 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 609 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 3,004 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 700 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 92 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 49 |
| No rent | 226 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Clinton Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 5 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 168 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 367 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 3 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.24 Crawford County

Crawford County is home to 16,555 people in 6,159 households, including 4,364 family households and 1,795 non-family households. In Crawford County 4,210 people are under 18, 1,683 are 18 to 24 , 5,032 are 25 to 54 , and 5,032 are over 55.

Crawford has 6,880 housing units, of which 6,159 are occupied, 1,825 by renters and 4,334 by owners. Crawford also has 721 vacant units, of which 66 are available for rent and 98 are for sale only. 38 are seasonal and 403 are vacant for 'other reasons.'


In Crawford County there are 8,224 people in the civilian labor force, of which $7 \%$ are unemployed. In Crawford County the median household income is $\$ 55,552$ per year. $\$ 64,340$ for families and $\$ 31,029$ for non-family households. $12 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $4 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and $29 \%$ received Social Security Income. $65.8 \%$ of single mother households in Crawford County were in poverty.

Crawford Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10к- } \\ \text { \$20K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 105 | 244 | 223 | 787 | 537 | 738 | 443 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 3 | 10 | 60 | 86 | 151 | 51 | 34 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 1 | 22 | 110 | 108 | 33 | 42 | 3 | 16 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 12 | 35 | 30 | 21 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 19 | 27 | 3 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 4 | 15 | 115 | 5 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 62 | 40 | 51 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 52 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2]

| Crawford Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{D}{n} \\ & \stackrel{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{0} \\ & \stackrel{N}{\sim} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\underset{\sim}{i}}{\substack{\underset{\sim}{x}}}$ |  | N + N N W |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 38\% | 57\% | 88\% | 94\% | 60\% | 75\% | 82\% | 0\% |
| Below poverty | 62\% | 43\% | 12\% | 6\% | 40\% | 25\% | 18\% | 100\% |

### 3.25 Dallas County

Dallas County is home to 96,604 people in 37,970 households, including 24,863 family households and 13,107 non-family households. In Dallas County 26,545 people are under 18, 6,951 are 18 to 24 , 21,257 are 25 to 54 , and 21,257 are over 55.

In Dallas County, during 2022, there were 110 people in 35 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 58 children under 18, 8 youth ages 18 to 24,39 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 5 senior adults over
 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Dallas'.

Dallas has 40,306 housing units, of which 37,970 are occupied, 10,916 by renters and 27,054 by owners. Dallas also has 2,336 vacant units, of which 864 are available for rent and 141 are for sale only. 321 are seasonal and 674 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Dallas County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 5 veterans and 48 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Dallas County is home to 4054 veterans. For 95 of the people from Dallas County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Dallas County there are 54,868 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Dallas County the median household income is $\$ 93,492$ per

wa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 119,760$ for families and $\$ 54,664$ for non-family households. $4 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $4 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 19\% received Social Security Income. 19.3\% of single mother households in Dallas County were in poverty. Of the 52 adults who had entries during this report, 25 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 360$ per month.

Collectively, the 110 people had 211 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Dallas County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Dallas' shows how those services were resolved. 90 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Dallas |  |  |  |  | Adults$25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 |  |  |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 89 | 25 | 3.6 | 53 | 3 | 32 | 1 |
| Only adults | 11 | 6 | 1.8 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 4 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 9 | 3 | 3.0 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 110 | 35 | 3.1 | 58 | 8 | 39 | 5 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Dallas Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10к- } \\ \text { \$20K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 K- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$100к- } \\ & \text { \$150K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 39 | 349 | 826 | 1,568 | 1,946 | 4,405 | 8,229 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 70 | 166 | 173 | 815 | 544 | 1,396 | 621 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 0 | 271 | 187 | 558 | 335 | 533 | 190 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 67 | 181 | 295 | 226 | 370 | 225 | 54 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 24 | 79 | 81 | 313 | 36 | 173 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 63 | 122 | 118 | 94 | 137 | 13 | 28 | 10 |
| 50\% or more | 143 | 242 | 280 | 101 | 150 | 58 | 0 | 28 |
| Not computed | 122 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dallas Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{>}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{n}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{j}}}{\sum_{j}^{2}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 97\% | 89\% | 95\% | 87\% | 88\% | 85\% | 99\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 3\% | 11\% | 5\% | 13\% | 12\% | 15\% | 1\% | 0\% |


| ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| D] |  |
| Dallas Rent Asked |  |
| $\$ 249$ or less |  |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 56 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 352 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 542 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 81 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.26 Davis County

Davis County is home to 9,066 people in 3,150 households, including 2,381 family households and 769 nonfamily households. In Davis County 2,691 people are under 18, 734 are 18 to $24,2,712$ are 25 to 54 , and 2,712 are over 55.

In Davis County, during 2022, there were 26 people in 14 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 8 children under 18,1 youth ages 18 to 24 , 14 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 3 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households
 are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Davis'.

Davis has 3,583 housing units, of which 3,150 are occupied, 447 by renters and 2,703 by owners. Davis also has 433 vacant units, of which 26 are available for rent and 7 are for sale only. 217 are seasonal and 180 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Davis County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 3 veteran14 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Davis County is home to 318 veterans. For 19 of the people from Davis County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Davis County there are 4,283 people in the civilian labor force, of which 3\% are unemployed. In Davis County the median household income is $\$ 76,755$ per year. $\$ 86,398$ for families and

| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk | 3 | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | 6 |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 26 | 3 |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |  | 26 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits $\$ 33,024$ for non-family households. $6 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $9 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and $25 \%$ received Social Security Income. $50.5 \%$ of single mother households in Davis County were in poverty. Of the 18 adults who had entries during this report, 10 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 461$ per month.

Collectively, the 26 people had 44 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Davis County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Davis' shows how those services were resolved. 22 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Davis |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & 25-54 \end{aligned}$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 18 | 7 | 2.6 | 8 | 1 | 8 | 1 |
| Only adults | 8 | 7 | 1.1 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 2 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 26 | 14 | 1.9 | 8 | 1 | 14 | 3 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Davis Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \text { \$20K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 K- \\ \$ 75 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \text { \$100K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 28 | 70 | 119 | 251 | 425 | 459 | 411 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 5 | 5 | 28 | 65 | 72 | 111 | 36 | 20 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 1 | 14 | 17 | 31 | 58 | 17 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 0 | 46 | 31 | 11 | 15 | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 7 | 18 | 36 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 32 | 57 | 32 | 7 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 32 | 45 | 0 | 45 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Davis Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\Delta}{2} \\ & \frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{n}{n} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{j}}}{\sum_{j}^{2}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hat{N} \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \stackrel{0}{N} \\ & \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| Above poverty | 100\% |  | 90\% | 99\% | 99\% | 99\% | 100\% |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% |  | 10\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 0\% |  |


| ACs, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Davis Rent Asked |  |
| $\$ 249$ or less |  |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 11 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 10 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 5 |

### 3.27 Decatur County

Decatur County is home to 7,718 people in 3,053 households, including 1,938 family households and 1,115 non-family households. In Decatur County 1,684 people are under 18, 1,323 are 18 to 24 , 2,506 are 25 to 54 , and 2,506 are over 55 .

In Decatur County, during 2022, there were 3 people in 1 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 1 children under 18, 2 adults ages 25 to 54 . The exact distributions of those households
 are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Decatur'.

Decatur has 3,692 housing units, of which 3,053 are occupied, 992 by renters and 2,061 by owners. Decatur also has 639 vacant units, of which 57 are available for rent and 45 are for sale only. 134 are seasonal and 342 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Decatur County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 3 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability.

In Decatur County there are 3,691 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Decatur County the median household income is $\$ 52,753$ per year. $\$ 62,075$ for families and $\$ 26,677$ for non-family households. $14 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. 4\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 38\%

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits received Social Security Income. 31.1\% of single mother households in Decatur County were in poverty. Of the 2 adults who had entries during this report, 1 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 120$ per month.

Collectively, the 3 people had 3 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were
provided for people from Decatur County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Decatur' shows how those services were resolved. of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Decatur |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 3 | 1 | 3.0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Only adults |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 3 | 1 | 3.0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Decatur Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Under | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over |
|  | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| Below $20 \%$ | 0 | 19 | 88 | 152 | 334 | 269 | 208 | 136 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 0 | 6 | 19 | 47 | 116 | 10 | 37 | 0 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 0 | 12 | 40 | 47 | 36 | 13 | 14 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 7 | 13 | 21 | 12 | 37 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 7 | 40 | 7 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 0 | 23 | 29 | 27 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $50 \%$ or more | 110 | 43 | 9 | 18 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Decatur Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\frac{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{n}}{\frac{n}{2}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{1} \\ & \frac{त}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{+ \\ \hline}}{\sum_{i}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \underset{\sim}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 69\% | 95\% | 85\% | 68\% | 64\% | 89\% | 100\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 31\% | 5\% | 15\% | 32\% | 36\% | 11\% | 0\% | 0\% |


| ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) [3] |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Decatur Rent Asked |  |
| $\$ 249$ or less |  |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 44 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 31 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.28 Delaware County

Delaware County is home to 17,508 people in 6,944 households, including 4,750 family households and 2,194 non-family households. In Delaware County 4,210 people are under 18, 1,233 are 18 to 24 , 6,401 are 25 to 54 , and 6,401 are over 55.

In Delaware County, during 2022, there were 37 people in 12 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 19 children under 18,3 youth ages 18 to 24,13 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 1 senior adults over
 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology Delaware'.

Delaware has 8,079 housing units, of which 6,944 are occupied, 1,196 by renters and 5,748 by owners. Delaware also has 1,135 vacant units, of which 4 are available for rent and 135 are for sale only. 541 are seasonal and 446 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Delaware County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 1 veteran11 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Delaware County is home to 1012 veterans. For 22 of the people from Delaware County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Delaware County there are 9,726 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Delaware County the median household income is $\$ 69,319$ per

| County where services were provided for people from Delaware County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  | O $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{7}$ $\stackrel{0}{0}$ $\stackrel{0}{3}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D } \\ & \text { © } \\ & \text { D } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\overrightarrow{0}} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  | 3 | 6 |  |  |  | 7 |  |  | 13 |
| Johnson |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | 3 |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 30 | 4 | 6 |  |  |  | 10 |  |  | 37 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 84,088$ for families and $\$ 37,317$ for non-family households. 7\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 6\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 31\% received Social Security Income. 32.3\% of single mother households in Delaware County were in poverty. Of the 17 adults who had entries during this re-
port, 10 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 565$ per month.
Collectively, the 37 people had 61 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Delaware County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Delaware' shows how those services were resolved. 32 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | People served | Household Typology - Delaware |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults 25-54 | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 30 | 7 | 4.3 | 18 | 2 | 10 | 0 |
| Only adults | 4 | 4 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 3 | 1 | 3.0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 37 | 12 | 3.1 | 19 | 3 | 13 | 1 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Delaware Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Under | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over |
|  | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| Below $20 \%$ | 0 | 22 | 166 | 389 | 783 | 800 | 1,025 | 759 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 0 | 15 | 62 | 114 | 195 | 190 | 79 | 0 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 0 | 20 | 78 | 28 | 110 | 19 | 31 | 7 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 0 | 54 | 63 | 17 | 29 | 9 | 8 | 0 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 0 | 38 | 35 | 39 | 35 | 17 | 0 | 0 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 0 | 8 | 29 | 30 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $50 \%$ or more | 131 | 126 | 86 | 60 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Delaware Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\Delta}{2} \\ & \frac{N}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{1} \\ & \frac{\pi}{2} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & \text { ON} \\ & \text { NX } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 13\% | 92\% | 100\% | 87\% | 58\% | 100\% |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 88\% | 8\% | 0\% | 13\% | 42\% | 0\% |  |


| Housing Outcomes - Delaware |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing | $6(18.8 \%)$ |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $16(50.0 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $10(31.2 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $32(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Delaware Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 30 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 117 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 717 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 64 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 44 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 51 |
| No rent | 173 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Delaware Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.29 Des Moines County

Des Moines County is home to 39,069 people in 17,042 households, including 10,376 family households and 6,666 non-family households. In Des Moines County 8,908 people are under 18, 2,952 are 18 to $24,13,652$ are 25 to 54 , and 13,652 are over 55.

In Des Moines County, during 2022, there were 520 people in 305 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 158 children under 18, 51 youth ages 18 to 24,249 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 48 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Des Moines'.

Des Moines has 18,772 housing units, of which 17,042 are occupied, 5,159 by renters and 11,883 by owners. Des Moines also has 1,730 vacant units, of which 288 are available for rent and 166 are for sale only. 164 are seasonal and 1,052 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Des Moines County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 48 veterans and 161 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Des Moines County is home to 3062 veterans. 3 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 433 of the people from Des Moines County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits

In Des Moines County there are 19,588 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Des Moines County the median household income is $\$ 54,318$ per year. $\$ 73,239$ for families and $\$ 33,796$
for non-family households. 13\% of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $6 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 32\% received Social Security Income. 44.4\% of single mother households in Des Moines County were in poverty. Of the 348 adults who had entries during this report, 165 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 389$ per month.

Collectively, the 520 people had 888 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Des Moines County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Des Moines' shows how those services were resolved. 288 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & 25-54 \end{aligned}$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate | 4 | 3 | 1.3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 217 | 61 | 3.6 | 133 | 8 | 74 | 2 |
| Only adults | 244 | 208 | 1.2 | 0 | 10 | 178 | 46 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 38 | 13 | 2.9 | 22 | 16 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 18 | 17 | 1.1 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household | 3 | 3 | 1.0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grand Total | 520 | 305 | 1.7 | 158 | 51 | 249 | 48 |

Iowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Des Moines Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \$ 10 K- \\ \$ 20 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 K- \\ \$ 75 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \text { \$100K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 7 | 9 | 505 | 901 | 1,547 | 1,447 | 1,951 | 1,391 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 28 | 333 | 320 | 297 | 245 | 247 | 85 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 6 | 213 | 237 | 360 | 52 | 27 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 7 | 91 | 117 | 124 | 59 | 18 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 20 | 65 | 89 | 36 | 0 | 0 | 31 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 12 | 73 | 126 | 58 | 36 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 221 | 150 | 181 | 4 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 128 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Des Moines Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\frac{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{n}}{\frac{\stackrel{1}{0}}{3}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{\sim}{ㅅ} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{+}}}{\sum}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \lambda_{0} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 93\% | 44\% | 89\% | 27\% | 84\% | 79\% | 100\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 7\% | 56\% | 11\% | 73\% | 16\% | 21\% | 0\% | 0\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Des Moines |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $10(4.9 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing | $23(11.2 \%)$ |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $78(38.0 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $112(54.6 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $205(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Des Moines Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 153 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 635 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 2,626 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 1,183 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 127 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 9 |
| No rent | 426 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) (3)
Des Moines Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 32 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 229 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more |  |

ACS, Rent Asked in 2021 ( 5 year est.) 5

### 3.30 Dickinson County

Dickinson County is home to 17,536 people in 8,096 households, including 4,799 family households and 3,297 non-family households. In Dickinson County 3,423 people are under 18, 1,115 are 18 to 24 , 7,321 are 25 to 54 , and 7,321 are over 55.

In Dickinson County, during 2022, there were 24 people in 15 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 6 children under 18, 3 youth ages 18 to 24,14 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 1 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Dickinson'.


Dickinson has 13,651 housing units, of which 8,096 are occupied, 1,768 by renters and 6,328 by owners. Dickinson also has 5,555 vacant units, of which 14 are available for rent and 89 are for sale only. 4,741 are seasonal and 553 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Dickinson County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 1 veterans and 13 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Dickinson County is home to 1114 veterans. 1 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 22 of the people from Dickinson County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

| County where services were provided for people from Dickinson County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  | 0 0 0 0 苟 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 6 |  |  | 7 |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| Grand Total | 22 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 7 |  |  | 24 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits

In Dickinson County there are 9,512 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Dickinson County the median household income is $\$ 65,215$ per year. $\$ 81,152$ for families and $\$ 44,808$ for non-family households. 5\% of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $5 \%$ of families received

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 38\% received Social Security Income. 16.8\% of single mother households in Dickinson County were in poverty. Of the 18 adults who had entries during this report, 6 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 660$ per month.

Collectively, the 24 people had 36 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Dickinson County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Dickinson' shows how those services were resolved. 15 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Dickinson |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People <br> served | Average <br> household <br> size | Under age <br> 18 | Youseholds 18-24 | Adults <br> $25-54$ | Adults 55 <br> and over |  |
| Indeterminate | 8 | 2 | 4.0 | 5 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 8 | 11 | 1.1 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 1 |
| Only adults | 12 | 1 | 2.0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  | 24 | 15 | 1.6 | 6 | 3 | 14 |
| Grand Total |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Dickinson Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10k- } \\ \text { \$20K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 33 | 170 | 449 | 751 | 722 | 1,008 | 880 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 6 | 21 | 138 | 197 | 237 | 48 | 22 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 0 | 33 | 90 | 235 | 43 | 64 | 12 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 35 | 85 | 56 | 71 | 42 | 8 | 7 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 11 | 41 | 26 | 39 | 19 | 8 | 5 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 78 | 87 | 57 | 25 | 5 | 25 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 61 | 151 | 87 | 73 | 39 | 1 | 13 | 0 |
| Not computed | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Dickinson Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\rightharpoonup}{n} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{0} \\ & \frac{N}{त} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{F}}}{\substack{\text { n }}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { O} \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 87\% | 0\% | 93\% | 100\% | 94\% | 98\% | 94\% |  |
| Below poverty | 13\% | 100\% | 7\% | 0\% | 6\% | 2\% | 6\% |  |


| Housing Outcomes - Dickinson |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing | $4(28.6 \%)$ |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $2(14.3 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $8(57.1 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $14(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Dickinson Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 18 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 118 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 1,047 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 177 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 24 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 128 |
| No rent | 256 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Dickinson Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 11 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 3 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

ACS, Rent Asked in 2021 (5 year est.) 5

### 3.31 Dubuque County

Dubuque County is home to 98,687 people in 39,534 households, including 25,390 family households and 14,144 non-family households. In Dubuque County 22,618 people are under 18, 10,054 are 18 to 24 , 31,049 are 25 to 54 , and 31,049 are over 55.

In Dubuque County, during 2022, there were 778 people in 500 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 239 children under 18, 65 youth ages 18 to 24,365 adults ages 25 to 54, and 105 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Dubuque'.


Dubuque has 42,406 housing units, of which 39,534 are occupied, 10,439 by renters and 29,095 by owners. Dubuque also has 2,872 vacant units, of which 922 are available for rent and 140 are for sale only. 310 are seasonal and 1,181 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Dubuque County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 105 veterans and 432 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Dubuque County is home to 5173 veterans. 5 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 448 of the people from Dubuque County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits

In Dubuque County there are 53,331 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Dubuque County the median household income is $\$ 68,198$ per year. $\$ 85,862$ for families and $\$ 36,841$ for non-family households. $8 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $5 \%$ of families received Supple-
mental Security Income (SSI) and 30\% received Social Security Income. 27.7\% of single mother households in Dubuque County were in poverty. Of the 535 adults who had entries during this report, 341 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 605$ per month.

Collectively, the 778 people had 1353 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Dubuque County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Dubuque' shows how those services were resolved. 578 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People <br> served | Average <br> household <br> size | Under age <br> 18 | Youseholds 18-24 | Adults <br> $25-54$ | Adults 55 <br> and over |  |
| Indeterminate | 351 | 98 | 3.6 | 215 | 12 | 113 | 8 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 351 | 351 | 1.0 | 0 | 6 | 258 | 97 |
| Only adults | 361 | 10 | 3.1 | 20 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 31 | 38 | 1.0 | 0 | 38 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 39 | 3 | 1.7 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household | 5 | 500 | 1.6 | 239 | 65 | 365 | 105 |
| Grand Total | 778 | 50 |  |  |  |  |  |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Dubuque Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 к- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100к- } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 104 | 754 | 1,264 | 3,253 | 3,497 | 5,164 | 4,334 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 87 | 409 | 380 | 800 | 912 | 775 | 167 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 101 | 291 | 482 | 599 | 387 | 275 | 57 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 129 | 202 | 464 | 386 | 132 | 21 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 22 | 79 | 249 | 283 | 373 | 47 | 52 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 26 | 162 | 362 | 199 | 129 | 21 | 7 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 446 | 514 | 344 | 122 | 94 | 22 | 10 | 16 |
| Not computed | 90 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2]

Dubuque Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \frac{N}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \stackrel{N}{\sim} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{F}}}{\substack{\sum_{2}}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { O} \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 91\% | 72\% | 92\% | 79\% | 84\% | 83\% | 100\% | 52\% |
| Below poverty | 9\% | 28\% | 8\% | 21\% | 16\% | 17\% | 0\% | 48\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Dubuque |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $28(5.9 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing | $51(10.8 \%)$ |
| Owned by client | $4(0.8 \%)$ |
| Rental by cleint | $124(26.2 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $270(57.1 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $473(100.0 \%)$ |

Iowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Dubuque Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 215 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 1,032 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 5,407 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 2,608 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 389 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 314 |
| No rent | 474 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Dubuque Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 23 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 174 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 795 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 32 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 12 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 43 |

ACS, Rent Asked in 2021 (5 year est.) 5

### 3.32 Emmet County

Emmet County is home to 9,433 people in 3,856 households, including 2,162 family households and 1,694 non-family households. In Emmet County 1,935 people are under 18, 924 are 18 to 24, 3,550 are 25 to 54 , and 3,550 are over 55.

In Emmet County, during 2022, there were 54 people in 25 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 27 children under 18, 3 youth ages 18 to 24 , 18 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 6 senior adults over
 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Emmet'.

Emmet has 4,521 housing units, of which 3,856 are occupied, 832 by renters and 3,024 by owners. Emmet also has 665 vacant units, of which 63 are available for rent and 89 are for sale only. 66 are seasonal and 411 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Emmet County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 6 veterans and 22 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Emmet County is home to 451 veterans. For 47 of the people from Emmet County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Emmet County there are 4,876 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Emmet County the median household income is $\$ 58,357$ per

| County where services were provided for people from Emmet County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 44 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 44 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  | 23 | 1 |  |  | 24 |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 1 |  |  | 3 |
| Grand Total | 44 |  |  |  |  | 25 | 2 |  |  | 54 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 72,750$ for families and $\$ 37,913$ for non-family households. 11\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 10\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 35\% received Social Security Income. 33.7\% of single mother households in Emmet County were in poverty. Of the 27 adults who had entries during this report, 18 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 571$ per month.

Collectively, the 54 people had 76 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Emmet County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Emmet' shows how those services were resolved. 43 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Emmet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & 25-54 \end{aligned}$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 34 | 9 | 3.8 | 24 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| Only adults | 15 | 14 | 1.1 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 6 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 5 | 2 | 2.5 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 54 | 25 | 2.2 | 27 | 3 | 18 | 6 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Emmet Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Under | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over |
|  | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| Below $20 \%$ | 0 | 52 | 127 | 314 | 538 | 361 | 497 | 207 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 0 | 9 | 42 | 68 | 73 | 44 | 11 | 0 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 0 | 20 | 45 | 52 | 23 | 11 | 6 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 0 | 10 | 51 | 0 | 27 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 0 | 9 | 17 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 7 | 127 | 32 | 4 | 6 | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| $50 \%$ or more | 28 | 45 | 44 | 17 | 20 | 0 | 26 | 0 |
| Not computed | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) [2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Emmet Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{n} \\ & \stackrel{n}{\sim} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{0} \\ & \frac{\sim}{\lambda} \end{aligned}$ | $\sum_{\underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{7}}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & 0 \\ & 00 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 89\% | 98\% | 50\% | 83\% | 100\% | 0\% |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 11\% | 2\% | 50\% | 17\% | 0\% | 100\% |


| ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Emmet Rent Asked |  |
|  |  |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 63 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 24 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.33 Fayette County

Fayette County is home to 19,582 people in 8,107 households, including 4,783 family households and 3,324 non-family households. In Fayette County 4,183 people are under $18,1,825$ are 18 to 24 , 7,207 are 25 to 54 , and 7,207 are over 55.

In Fayette County, during 2022, there were 18 people in 10 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 6 children under 18,11 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 1 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact
 distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Fayette'.

Fayette has 9,348 housing units, of which 8,107 are occupied, 2,034 by renters and 6,073 by owners. Fayette also has 1,241 vacant units, of which 204 are available for rent and 149 are for sale only. 359 are seasonal and 414 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Fayette County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 110 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. 1 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 12 of the people from Fayette County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Fayette County there

| County where services were provided for people from Fayette County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 18 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits are 9,729 people in the civilian labor force, of which 3\% are unemployed. In Fayette County the median household income is \$50,973 per year. $\$ 65,975$ for families and $\$ 31,353$ for non-family households. $11 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. 6\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 34\% received Social Security Income. $27.7 \%$ of single mother households in Fayette County were in poverty. Of the 12 adults
who had entries during this report, 5 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 226$ per month.
Collectively, the 18 people had 33 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Fayette County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Fayette' shows how those services were resolved. 12 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Fayette |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 10 | 4 | 2.5 | 6 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Only adults | 8 | 6 | 1.3 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 1 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 18 | 10 | 1.8 | 6 | 0 | 11 | 1 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Fayette Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 10 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 24 | 327 | 422 | 841 | 723 | 867 | 439 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 51 | 117 | 167 | 146 | 153 | 30 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 1 | 76 | 84 | 107 | 71 | 95 | 12 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 4 | 85 | 91 | 83 | 59 | 0 | 9 | 3 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 43 | 63 | 57 | 54 | 50 | 19 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 12 | 108 | 97 | 63 | 37 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 87 | 164 | 59 | 29 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2]

| Fayette Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{n} \\ & \stackrel{N}{\beth} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \stackrel{N}{\lambda} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 54\% | 88\% | 100\% | 82\% | 94\% | 97\% | 0\% |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 46\% | 12\% | 0\% | 18\% | 6\% | 3\% | 100\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Fayette |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing |  |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $10(100.0 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $10(100.0 \%)$ |
| Grand Total |  |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Fayette Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 58 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 333 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 1,115 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 240 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 9 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 46 |
| No rent | 233 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Fayette Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 129 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 123 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 10 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.34 Floyd County

Floyd County is home to 15,672 people in 6,712 households, including 3,974 family households and 2,738 non-family households. In Floyd County 3,591 people are under 18, 1,226 are 18 to 24 , 5,646 are 25 to 54 , and 5,646 are over 55.

In Floyd County, during 2022, there were 8 people in 7 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 5 adults ages 25 to 54, and 3 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households
 are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Floyd'.

Floyd has 7,346 housing units, of which 6,712 are occupied, 1,760 by renters and 4,952 by owners. Floyd also has 634 vacant units, of which 43 are available for rent and 78 are for sale only. 55 are seasonal and 429 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Floyd County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 3 veterans and 6 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Floyd County is home to 1200 veterans. For 5 of the people from Floyd County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Floyd County there are 8,003 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Floyd County the median household income is $\$ 55,827$ per

owa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 81,099$ for families and $\$ 32,162$ for non-family households. 9\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 3\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 31\% received Social Security Income. 68.8\% of single mother households in Floyd County were in poverty. Of the 8 adults who had entries during this report, 5 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 995$ per month.

Collectively, the 8 people had 10 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Floyd County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Floyd' shows how those services were resolved. 5 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Floyd |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Only adults | 7 | 6 | 1.2 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 8 | 7 | 1.1 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 3 |

Iowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Floyd Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Under | $\$ 10 K-$ | $\$ 20 K-$ | $\$ 35 K-$ | $\$ 50 K-$ | $\$ 75 K-$ | $\$ 100 K-$ | Over |
|  | $\$ 10 K$ | $\$ 20 K$ | $\$ 35 K$ | $\$ 50 K$ | $\$ 75 K$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| Below $20 \%$ | 0 | 30 | 263 | 332 | 715 | 918 | 837 | 487 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 0 | 16 | 71 | 119 | 106 | 33 | 32 | 0 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 2 | 67 | 76 | 67 | 46 | 33 | 14 | 16 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 1 | 23 | 30 | 86 | 35 | 11 | 11 | 0 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 0 | 3 | 42 | 0 | 7 | 13 | 0 | 0 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 1 | 20 | 41 | 8 | 72 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $50 \%$ or more | 95 | 24 | 19 | 11 | 20 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 95 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) [2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Floyd Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{D}{n} \\ & \stackrel{n}{M} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{0} \\ & \frac{\sim}{x} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{x}}}{\sum}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 87\% | 89\% | 60\% | 58\% | 74\% | 100\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 13\% | 11\% | 40\% | 42\% | 26\% | 0\% | 0\% |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) [3]
Floyd Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 48 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 12 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.35 Franklin County

Franklin County is home to 10,056 people in 4,108 households, including 2,773 family households and 1,335 non-family households. In Franklin County 2,359 people are under 18, 688 are 18 to 24, 3,625 are 25 to 54 , and 3,625 are over 55.

In Franklin County, during 2022, there were 8 people in 4 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 5 children under 18, 3 adults ages 25 to 54. The exact distributions of those households
 are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Franklin'.

Franklin has 4,680 housing units, of which 4,108 are occupied, 1,134 by renters and 2,974 by owners. Franklin also has 572 vacant units, of which 42 are available for rent and 120 are for sale only. 94 are seasonal and 310 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Franklin County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 8 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. For 7 of the people from Franklin County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Franklin County there are 4,779 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Franklin County the median household income is \$59,019 per year. $\$ 66,929$ for families and $\$ 31,350$ for non-family house-

| County where services were provided for people from Franklin County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  | 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 |  |  |  | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 1 | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits holds. $13 \%$ of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 5\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 34\% received Social Security Income. 29.4\% of single mother households in Franklin County were in poverty. Of the 3 adults who had entries during this report, 1 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 152$ per month.

Collectively, the 8 people had 8 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Franklin County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Franklin' shows how those services were resolved. 7 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Franklin |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 6 | 2 | 3.0 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Only adults | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grand Total | 8 | 4 | 2.0 | 5 | 0 | 3 | 0 |


| Housing Outcomes - Franklin |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing |  |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $3(50.0 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $3(50.0 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $6(100.0 \%)$ |

Iowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Franklin Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Under | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over |
|  | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| Below $20 \%$ | 0 | 50 | 178 | 309 | 629 | 336 | 501 | 193 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 0 | 70 | 80 | 56 | 53 | 19 | 30 | 0 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 2 | 7 | 10 | 37 | 11 | 0 | 14 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 0 | 8 | 8 | 14 | 11 | 9 | 7 | 0 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 0 | 27 | 18 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 4 | 18 | 33 | 21 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 |
| $50 \%$ or more | 36 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 138 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) [2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Franklin Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \stackrel{N}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{0} \\ & \stackrel{N}{\sim} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{F}}}{\substack{\text { n }}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 92\% | 63\% | 80\% | 61\% | 100\% |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 8\% | 37\% | 20\% | 39\% | 0\% |  |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Franklin Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 36 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 5 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 3 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.36 Fremont County

Fremont County is home to 6,702 people in 2,742 households, including 1,752 family households and 990 non-family households. In Fremont County 1,528 people are under 18, 428 are 18 to 24 , 2,598 are 25 to 54 , and 2,598 are over 55.

In Fremont County, during 2022, there were 6 people in 3 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 1 children under 18, 4 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 1 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Fremont'.


Fremont has 3,160 housing units, of which 2,742 are occupied, 616 by renters and 2,126 by owners. Fremont also has 418 vacant units, of which 17 are available for rent and 32 are for sale only. 28 are seasonal and 314 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Fremont County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 1 veteran1 person with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Fremont County is home to 416 veterans. For 5 of the people from Fremont County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Fremont County there are 3,207 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Fremont County the median household income is \$63,611 per

| Provider County |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{7} \\ & \text { ® } \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{3} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 78,523$ for families and $\$ 37,847$ for non-family households. 7\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 5\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 37\% received Social Security Income. 33.1\% of single mother households in Fremont County were in poverty. Of the 5 adults who had entries during this report, had income. On average, that income was $\$$ per month.

Collectively, the 6 people had 6 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Fremont County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Fremont' shows how those services were resolved. 6 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Fremont |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age $18$ | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & 25-54 \end{aligned}$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 3 | 1 | 3.0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Only adults | 3 | 2 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 6 | 3 | 2.0 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 1 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Fremont Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 10 K- \\ & \$ 20 K \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 35 K- \\ & \$ 50 K \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 K- \\ \$ 75 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Over } \\ & \text { \$150K } \end{aligned}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 11 | 92 | 156 | 285 | 232 | 391 | 266 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 4 | 68 | 34 | 54 | 49 | 16 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 24 | 31 | 28 | 26 | 3 | 6 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 9 | 11 | 23 | 18 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 13 | 10 | 3 | 19 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 7 | 36 | 4 | 44 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 35 | 64 | 8 | 5 | 12 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fremont Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\rightharpoonup}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \frac{n}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{j}}}{\sum_{j}^{2}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O } \\ & \text { + } \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { T } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { D } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { d } \\ & 0 \\ & \hat{N} \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \stackrel{0}{N} \\ & \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| Above poverty | 88\% | 92\% | 100\% | 91\% | 93\% | 88\% |  |
| Below poverty | 12\% | 8\% | 0\% | 9\% | 7\% | 12\% |  |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) (3)
Fremont Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 10 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 7 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.37 Greene County

Greene County is home to 8,831 people in 3,790 households, including 2,228 family households and 1,562 non-family households. In Greene County 1,997 people are under 18, 623 are 18 to 24 , 3,330 are 25 to 54 , and 3,330 are over 55.

In Greene County, during 2022, there were 26 people in 12 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 10 children under 18,7 youth ages 18 to 24 , 6 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 3 senior adults over 55
 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Greene'.

Greene has 4,333 housing units, of which 3,790 are occupied, 975 by renters and 2,815 by owners. Greene also has 543 vacant units, of which 32 are available for rent and 16 are for sale only. 27 are seasonal and 383 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Greene County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 36 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. For 24 of the people from Greene County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Greene County there are 4,496 people in the civilian labor force, of which $5 \%$ are unemployed. In Greene County the median household income is $\$ 52,768$ per year. $\$ 72,937$ for families and \$35,118 for non-family house-

| County where services were provided for people from Greene County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D} \\ & \text { 巾 } \\ & \text { D } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{1} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 |
| Story |  | 18 |  |  | 1 |  | 3 |  |  | 19 |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 13 | 18 |  |  | 1 |  | 3 |  |  | 26 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits holds. $10 \%$ of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 8\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 31\% received Social Security Income. 39.1\% of single mother households in Greene County were in poverty. Of the 16 adults who had entries during this report, 12 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 658$ per month.

Collectively, the 26 people had 46 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Greene County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Greene' shows how those services were resolved. 21 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Greene |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People <br> served | Average <br> household <br> size | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults <br> $25-54$ | Adults 55 <br> and over |  |
| Indeterminate | 13 | 3 | 4.3 | 8 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 13 | 5 | 1.2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Only adults | 6 | 1 | 3.0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 3 | 3 | 1.3 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 4 | 12 | 2.2 | 10 | 7 | 6 | 3 |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 26 | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Greene Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under <br> $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}-$ <br> $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}-$ <br> $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}-$ <br> $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ <br> $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ <br> $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ <br> $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | Over <br> $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Below $20 \%$ | 0 | 51 | 153 | 214 | 391 | 334 | 451 | 216 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 0 | 4 | 75 | 203 | 62 | 67 | 26 | 3 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 0 | 10 | 20 | 60 | 38 | 46 | 11 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 0 | 2 | 12 | 14 | 27 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 0 | 7 | 13 | 11 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 4 | 43 | 12 | 15 | 30 | 0 | 7 | 0 |
| $50 \%$ or more | 79 | 61 | 1 | 15 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2]

Greene Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{\sim}{ㅅ} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{+\\}}{\sum}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { XN} \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \stackrel{0}{N} \\ & \stackrel{0}{0} \\ & \stackrel{n}{\#} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 81\% | 100\% | 89\% | 86\% | 79\% | 92\% | 100\% |  |
| Below poverty | 19\% | 0\% | 11\% | 14\% | 21\% | 8\% | 0\% |  |


| Housing Outcomes - Greene |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $3(21.4 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing | $0(0.0 \%)$ |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $2(14.3 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $9(64.3 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $14(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

Greene Gross Rent

| $\$ 249$ or less | 16 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 198 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 436 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 162 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 31 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |
| No rent | 132 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 ( 5 year est.) (3)
Greene Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 30 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 27 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

ACS, Rent Asked in 2021 (5 year est.) 5

### 3.38 Grundy County

Grundy County is home to 12,336 people in 5,024 households, including 3,485 family households and 1,539 non-family households. In Grundy County 2,903 people are under 18, 828 are 18 to 24 , 4,283 are 25 to 54 , and 4,283 are over 55.

In Grundy County, during 2022, there were 16 people in 9 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 7 children under 18, 1 youth ages 18 to 24,8 adults ages 25 to 54 . The exact distributions of those
 households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Grundy'.

Grundy has 5,472 housing units, of which 5,024 are occupied, 792 by renters and 4,232 by owners. Grundy also has 448 vacant units, of which 99 are available for rent and 41 are for sale only. 48 are seasonal and 253 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Grundy County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were veteran4 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Grundy County is home to 576 veterans. For 7 of the people from Grundy County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Grundy County there are 6,390 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Grundy County the median household income is $\$ 74,552$ per

| County where services were provided for people from Grundy County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  | O $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{7}$ ® $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{3}$ |  |  | 0 D D O. O. |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 |
| Story |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |
| Grand Total | 12 | 2 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 2 | 16 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 87,236$ for families and $\$ 39,162$ for non-family households. $5 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $5 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 28\% received Social Security Income. 25.5\% of single mother households in Grundy County were in poverty. Of the 9 adults who had entries during this report, 3 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 178$ per month.

Collectively, the 16 people had 17 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Grundy County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Grundy' shows how those services were resolved. 5 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Grundy |  |  |  |  | Adults 25-54 | Adults 55 and over |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 |  |  |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 8 | 3 | 2.7 | 5 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Only adults | 5 | 4 | 1.3 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grand Total | 16 | 9 | 1.8 | 7 | 1 | 8 | 0 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Grundy Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Under | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over |
|  | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| Below $20 \%$ | 0 | 23 | 76 | 341 | 462 | 590 | 775 | 702 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 0 | 4 | 75 | 68 | 113 | 129 | 71 | 5 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 0 | 6 | 33 | 39 | 45 | 43 | 27 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 0 | 6 | 33 | 34 | 34 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 0 | 25 | 71 | 24 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 9 | 55 | 22 | 53 | 12 | 12 | 9 | 0 |
| $50 \%$ or more | 76 | 35 | 24 | 19 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 22


| Housing Outcomes - Grundy |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing |  |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $2(40.0 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $3(60.0 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $5(100.0 \%)$ |

Iowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Grundy Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 20 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 76 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 456 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 73 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 19 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 41 |
| No rent | 107 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) (3)
Grundy Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 9 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 29 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 53 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 8 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

[^0]
### 3.39 Guthrie County

Guthrie County is home to 10,599 people in 4,463 households, including 3,162 family households and 1,301 non-family households. In Guthrie County 2,356 people are under 18, 675 are 18 to 24 , 4,044 are 25 to 54 , and 4,044 are over 55.

In Guthrie County, during 2022, there were 10 people in 5 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 3 children under 18, 2 youth ages 18 to 24,3 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 2 senior adults over 55 years
 old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Guthrie'.

Guthrie has 5,778 housing units, of which 4,463 are occupied, 822 by renters and 3,641 by owners. Guthrie also has 1,315 vacant units, of which 114 are available for rent and 25 are for sale only. 574 are seasonal and 583 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Guthrie County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 29 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. 1 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 9 of the people from Guthrie County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Guthrie County there

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits are 5,502 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Guthrie County the median household income is $\$ 67,625$ per year. $\$ 83,417$ for families and $\$ 35,602$ for non-family households. $9 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. 4\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 34\% received Social Security Income. $35.5 \%$ of single mother households in Guthrie County were in poverty. Of the 7 adults
who had entries during this report, 2 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 339$ per month.
Collectively, the 10 people had 19 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Guthrie County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Guthrie' shows how those services were resolved. 9 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Guthrie |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People <br> served | Average <br> household <br> size | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults <br> $25-54$ | Adults 55 <br> and over |  |
| Indeterminate | 5 | 2 | 2.5 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 3 | 2 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Only adults | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| TAY Youth <br> Child only household | 2 | 5 | 2.0 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Grand Total | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Guthrie Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 10 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 16 | 133 | 162 | 413 | 438 | 715 | 463 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 5 | 32 | 54 | 83 | 109 | 47 | 53 | 3 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 18 | 16 | 52 | 57 | 79 | 9 | 41 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 9 | 43 | 25 | 31 | 16 | 0 | 8 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 8 | 22 | 6 | 0 | 12 | 12 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 49 | 41 | 33 | 40 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 103 | 71 | 49 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Not computed | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2]

Guthrie Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{D}{n} \\ & \stackrel{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{0} \\ & \stackrel{N}{N} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{F}}}{\substack{\text { n }}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & \text { Non } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 45\% | 90\% | 74\% | 89\% | 86\% | 100\% |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 55\% | 10\% | 26\% | 11\% | 14\% | 0\% |  |


| Housing Outcomes - Guthrie |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing |  |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $9(100.0 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $9(100.0 \%)$ |
| Grand Total |  |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Guthrie Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 7 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 136 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 433 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 91 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 23 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 14 |
| No rent | 118 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Guthrie Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 40 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 51 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 23 |

ACS, Rent Asked in 2021 ( 5 year est.) 5

### 3.40 Hamilton County

Hamilton County is home to 15,073 people in 5,993 households, including 3,782 family households and 2,211 non-family households. In Hamilton County 3,464 people are under 18, 1,005 are 18 to 24 , 5,369 are 25 to 54 , and 5,369 are over 55.

In Hamilton County, during 2022, there were 20 people in 12 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 5 children under 18, 14 adults ages 25 to 54. The exact distributions of those households
 are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Hamilton'.

Hamilton has 7,034 housing units, of which 5,993 are occupied, 1,587 by renters and 4,406 by owners. Hamilton also has 1,041 vacant units, of which 228 are available for rent and 8 are for sale only. 84 are seasonal and 698 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Hamilton County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 15 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. For 17 of the people from Hamilton County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Hamilton County there are 7,453 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Hamilton County the median household income is $\$ 62,183$ per year. $\$ 75,806$ for families and $\$ 35,983$ for non-family house-

| County where services were provided for people from Hamilton County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  | O $\stackrel{C}{7}$ $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0}$ $\stackrel{0}{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & -1 \\ & \stackrel{1}{3} \\ & \stackrel{N}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\tilde{O}} \\ & \underline{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  | 4 |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  | 7 |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 9 |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 10 | 7 |  |  |  | 6 |  |  |  | 20 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits holds. 9\% of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $5 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 26\% received Social Security Income. $51.0 \%$ of single mother households in Hamilton County were in poverty. Of the 14 adults who had entries during this report, 9 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 441$ per month.

Collectively, the 20 people had 32 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Hamilton County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Hamilton' shows how those services were resolved. 15 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Hamilton |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & 25-54 \end{aligned}$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 9 | 3 | 3.0 | 5 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Only adults | 11 | 9 | 1.2 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 20 | 12 | 1.7 | 5 | 0 | 14 | 0 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Hamilton Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Over } \\ & \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ |
| Below 20\% | 2 | 17 | 199 | 275 | 768 | 607 | 698 | 554 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 35 | 61 | 61 | 148 | 36 | 16 | 5 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 24 | 21 | 89 | 74 | 28 | 20 | 4 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 0 | 10 | 35 | 59 | 27 | 0 | 8 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 25 | 45 | 14 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 31 | 9 | 148 | 34 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 76 | 57 | 7 | 29 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hamilton Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\Delta}{N} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{1} \\ & \frac{\pi}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\dot{\sim}}}{\sum}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { ín } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \stackrel{0}{N} \\ & \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| Above poverty | 88\% | 19\% | 93\% | 100\% | 95\% | 97\% | 90\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 12\% | 81\% | 7\% | 0\% | 5\% | 3\% | 10\% | 0\% |


| ACs, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Hamilton Rent Asked |  |
| \$249 or less |  |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 32 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 195 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.41 Hancock County

Hancock County is home to 10,837 people in 4,610 households, including 3,201 family households and 1,409 non-family households. In Hancock County 2,367 people are under 18, 755 are 18 to 24 , 4,113 are 25 to 54 , and 4,113 are over 55.

In Hancock County, during 2022, there were 8 people in 3 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 3 children under 18, 5 adults ages 25 to 54 . The exact distributions of those households are
 detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Hancock'.

Hancock has 5,138 housing units, of which 4,610 are occupied, 898 by renters and 3,712 by owners. Hancock also has 528 vacant units, of which 12 are available for rent and 14 are for sale only. 108 are seasonal and 346 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Hancock County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were veteran4 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Hancock County is home to 601 veterans. For 8 of the people from Hancock County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Hancock County there are 5,875 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Hancock County the median household income is $\$ 64,730$ per

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 77,622$ for families and $\$ 41,046$ for non-family households. 11\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 4\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 33\% received Social Security Income. 48.8\% of single mother households in Hancock County were in poverty. Of the 5 adults who had entries during this report, 3 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 509$ per month.

Collectively, the 8 people had 8 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Hancock County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Hancock' shows how those services were resolved. 6 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Hancock |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & \hline 25-54 \end{aligned}$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 6 | 2 | 3.0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Only adults | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 8 | 3 | 2.7 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 0 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Hancock Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Under | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over |
|  | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| Below $20 \%$ | 0 | 56 | 131 | 281 | 768 | 601 | 633 | 364 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 0 | 9 | 43 | 30 | 80 | 65 | 9 | 0 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 0 | 18 | 33 | 76 | 16 | 2 | 35 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 0 | 21 | 10 | 24 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 0 | 22 | 37 | 20 | 8 | 0 | 9 | 0 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 16 | 51 | 16 | 45 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $50 \%$ or more | 72 | 61 | 9 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hancock Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{n}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{j}}}{\sum_{j}^{2}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \stackrel{D}{N} \\ & \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{D} \end{aligned}$ |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 15\% | 91\% | 87\% | 88\% | 82\% | 64\% |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 85\% | 9\% | 13\% | 12\% | 18\% | 36\% |  |


| ACs, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Hancock Rent Asked |  |
|  |  |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 6 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 24 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 21 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.42 Hardin County

Hardin County is home to 16,997 people in 7,033 households, including 4,358 family households and 2,675 non-family households. In Hardin County 3,378 people are under 18, 1,324 are 18 to 24 , 6,437 are 25 to 54 , and 6,437 are over 55.

In Hardin County, during 2022, there were 41 people in 24 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 13 children under 18,1 youth ages 18 to 24,22 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 5 senior adults over
 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Hardin'.

Hardin has 8,076 housing units, of which 7,033 are occupied, 1,800 by renters and 5,233 by owners. Hardin also has 1,043 vacant units, of which 141 are available for rent and 149 are for sale only. 77 are seasonal and 560 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Hardin County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 5 veterans and 24 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Hardin County is home to 1115 veterans. For 28 of the people from Hardin County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Hardin County there are 8,713 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Hardin County the median household income is $\$ 58,845$ per

| County where services were provided for people from Hardin County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Q } \\ & \\ & \stackrel{2}{2} \\ & 0-1 \\ & \underline{0} \end{aligned}$ |
| Black Hawk |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk | 5 | 5 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | 8 |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22 |
| Story |  | 9 | 2 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 12 |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| Grand Total | 27 | 19 | 2 |  |  |  | 7 |  |  | 41 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 75,729$ for families and $\$ 28,973$ for non-family households. 10\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 5\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 32\% received Social Security Income. 23.2\% of single mother households in Hardin County were in poverty. Of the 28 adults who had entries during this report, 18 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 645$ per month.

Collectively, the 41 people had 97 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Hardin County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Hardin' shows how those services were resolved. 32 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Hardin |  |  |  |  | Adults$25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 |  |  |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 22 | 7 | 3.1 | 13 | 0 | 9 | 0 |
| Only adults | 20 | 17 | 1.2 | 0 | 1 | 14 | 5 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 41 | 24 | 1.7 | 13 | 1 | 22 | 5 |

Iowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Hardin Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \$ 10 K- \\ \$ 20 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 66 | 281 | 326 | 904 | 859 | 888 | 346 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 22 | 163 | 68 | 120 | 81 | 44 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 62 | 95 | 27 | 71 | 22 | 0 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 4 | 17 | 65 | 24 | 34 | 17 | 6 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 21 | 82 | 10 | 18 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 16 | 50 | 28 | 9 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 83 | 88 | 70 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 125 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hardin Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{n}{n} \\ & \stackrel{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \frac{\pi}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{+\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{+}}}{\sum}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 100\% | 91\% | 98\% | 95\% | 84\% | 86\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 0\% | 9\% | 2\% | 5\% | 16\% | 14\% | 0\% |


| ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Hardin Rent Asked |  |
|  |  |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 16 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 42 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 98 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.43 Harrison County

Harrison County is home to 14,589 people in 5,932 households, including 4,106 family households and 1,826 non-family households. In Harrison County 3,423 people are under 18, 1,018 are 18 to 24 , 5,106 are 25 to 54 , and 5,106 are over 55 .

In Harrison County, during 2022, there were 3 people in 2 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 3 adults ages 25 to 54 . The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Harrison'.


Harrison has 6,677 housing units, of which 5,932 are occupied, 1,457 by renters and 4,475 by owners. Harrison also has 745 vacant units, of which 48 are available for rent and 72 are for sale only. 99 are seasonal and 478 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Harrison County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 1 person with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability.

In Harrison County there are 7,529 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Harrison County the median household income is $\$ 67,950$ per year. $\$ 81,698$ for families and $\$ 31,438$ for non-family households. 8\% of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. 5\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and $28 \%$ received Social Security In-

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits come. 15.5\% of single mother households in Harrison County were in poverty. Of the 3 adults who had entries during this report, 1 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 413$ per month.

Collectively, the 3 people had 4 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were
provided for people from Harrison County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Harrison' shows how those services were resolved. 3 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Harrison |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Only adults | 3 | 2 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 3 | 2 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Harrison Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 10 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 36 | 159 | 235 | 636 | 695 | 898 | 415 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 23 | 98 | 25 | 144 | 94 | 66 | 7 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 16 | 41 | 28 | 163 | 32 | 23 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 24 | 11 | 53 | 48 | 17 | 5 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 16 | 34 | 7 | 14 | 14 | 3 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 3 | 31 | 45 | 22 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 78 | 97 | 80 | 5 | 6 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Not computed | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Harrison Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{n}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{1} \\ & \frac{त}{2} \end{aligned}$ |  | 0 O + D T N N | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hat{N} \\ & i \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\mathrm{~N}} \end{aligned}$ |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 100\% | 91\% | 100\% | 91\% | 99\% | 73\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 0\% | 9\% | 0\% | 9\% | 1\% | 27\% | 0\% |


| ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Harrison Rent Asked |  |
| $\$ 249$ or less |  |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 34 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |


| Housing Outcomes - Harrison |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing | $1(33.3 \%)$ |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $2(66.7 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $3(100.0 \%)$ |
| Grand Total |  |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Harrison Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 14 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 247 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 773 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 213 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 17 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 39 |
| No rent | 154 |

### 3.44 Henry County

Henry County is home to 20,488 people in 7,565 households, including 5,124 family households and 2,441 non-family households. In Henry County 4,433 people are under 18, 2,061 are 18 to 24 , 6,676 are 25 to 54 , and 6,676 are over 55.

In Henry County, during 2022, there were 74 people in 29 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 31 children under 18, 4 youth ages 18 to 24, 30 adults ages 25 to 54, and 1 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Henry'.

Henry has 8,395 housing units, of which 7,565 are occupied, 1,840 by renters and 5,725 by owners. Henry also has 830 vacant units, of which 152 are available for rent and 174 are for sale only. 100 are seasonal and 335 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Henry County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 1 veteran10 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Henry County is home to 1327 veterans. For 62 of the people from Henry County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Henry County there are 9,979 people in the civilian labor force, of which $5 \%$ are unemployed. In Henry County the median household income is $\$ 58,767$ per year. \$76,621 for families and

| County where services were provided for people from Henry County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O } \\ & \text { C } \\ & \stackrel{7}{0} \\ & \stackrel{0}{3} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  | 5 |  |  |  | 3 | 3 |  |  | 11 |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | 3 |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  | 12 | 5 |  |  | 17 |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 63 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 63 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 63 | 9 |  |  |  | 15 | 11 |  |  | 74 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits \$29,877 for non-family households. $9 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $8 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and $29 \%$ received Social Security Income. $42.4 \%$ of single mother households in Henry County were in poverty. Of the 35 adults who had entries during this report, 17 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 265$ per month.

Collectively, the 74 people had 124 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Henry County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Henry' shows how those services were resolved. 35 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Henry |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People <br> served | Average <br> household <br> size |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults <br> $25-54$ | Adults 55 <br> and over |
| Indeterminate | 3 | 1 | 3.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 47 | 13 | 3.6 | 31 | 0 | 16 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Only adults | 21 | 12 | 1.8 | 0 | 1 | 14 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth | 2 | 2 | 1.0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 74 | 29 | 2.6 | 31 | 4 | 30 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Henry Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Under | $\$ 10 K-$ | $\$ 20 K-$ | $\$ 35 K-$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over |
|  | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| Below $20 \%$ | 0 | 57 | 193 | 268 | 825 | 839 | 996 | 462 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 8 | 68 | 112 | 145 | 204 | 132 | 86 | 20 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 0 | 26 | 51 | 154 | 72 | 22 | 49 | 44 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 6 | 42 | 84 | 36 | 80 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 0 | 0 | 44 | 6 | 7 | 33 | 0 | 0 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 8 | 35 | 107 | 91 | 39 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| $50 \%$ or more | 66 | 104 | 36 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) [2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Henry Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \stackrel{n}{M} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \frac{N}{त} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{7}}}{ }$ |  | N + 0 0 N in |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 90\% | 60\% | 91\% | 81\% | 57\% | 82\% | 100\% |  |
| Below poverty | 10\% | 40\% | 9\% | 19\% | 43\% | 18\% | 0\% |  |


| ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) [3] |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Henry Rent Asked |  |
| $\$ 249$ or less |  |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 127 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 91 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.45 Howard County

Howard County is home to 9,456 people in 3,708 households, including 2,518 family households and 1,190 non-family households. In Howard County 2,418 people are under 18, 649 are 18 to 24 , 3,282 are 25 to 54 , and 3,282 are over 55 .

Howard has 4,326 housing units, of which 3,708 are occupied, 848 by renters and 2,860 by owners. Howard also has 618 vacant units, of which 85 are available for rent and 57 are for sale only. 123 are seasonal and 256 are vacant for 'other reasons.'


In Howard County there are 4,852 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Howard County the median household income is $\$ 60,387$ per year. $\$ 71,551$ for families and $\$ 34,083$ for non-family households. $7 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $5 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 31\% received Social Security Income. $42.0 \%$ of single mother households in Howard County were in poverty.

Howard Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10к- } \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$100к- } \\ & \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 32 | 73 | 230 | 499 | 380 | 487 | 264 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 29 | 42 | 111 | 39 | 39 | 24 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 40 | 57 | 42 | 81 | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 26 | 4 | 45 | 11 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 1 | 19 | 18 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 2 | 3 | 54 | 27 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 11 | 67 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 |
| Not computed | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

| Howard Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\rightharpoonup}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \frac{\sim}{त} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{+}}}{\sum_{\substack{\text { n }}}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & \text { ON} \\ & \text { ND } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 56\% | 93\% | 56\% | 74\% | 79\% | 100\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 44\% | 7\% | 44\% | 26\% | 21\% | 0\% | 0\% |

Howard Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 2 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 11 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 69 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 7 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.46 Humboldt County

Humboldt County is home to 9,622 people in 4,189 households, including 2,525 family households and 1,664 non-family households. In Humboldt County 2,308 people are under 18, 595 are 18 to 24 , 3,492 are 25 to 54 , and 3,492 are over 55.

In Humboldt County, during 2022, there were 41 people in 18 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 18 children under 18,3 youth ages 18 to 24 , 17 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 3 senior adults over
 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Humboldt'.

Humboldt has 4,594 housing units, of which 4,189 are occupied, 1,117 by renters and 3,072 by owners. Humboldt also has 405 vacant units, of which 46 are available for rent and 16 are for sale only. 52 are seasonal and 263 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Humboldt County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 311 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. For 37 of the people from Humboldt County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Humboldt County there are 4,925 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Humboldt County the median household income is $\$ 60,008$ per year. \$76,516 for families and \$34,615 for non-family house-

| County where services were provided for people from Humboldt County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\infty} \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 38 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 38 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  | 3 |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  | 12 |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 38 | 3 |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  | 41 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits holds. $11 \%$ of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 6\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 32\% received Social Security Income. $55.3 \%$ of single mother households in Humboldt County were in poverty. Of the 23 adults who had entries during this report, 12 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 422$ per month.

Collectively, the 41 people had 53 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Humboldt County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Humboldt' shows how those services were resolved. 29 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Humboldt |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & 25-54 \end{aligned}$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 32 | 9 | 3.6 | 18 | 2 | 12 | 0 |
| Only adults | 9 | 8 | 1.1 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 3 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 41 | 18 | 2.3 | 18 | 3 | 17 | 3 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Humboldt Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \text { \$20K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 20 K- \\ & \$ 35 K \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 K- \\ \$ 75 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \text { \$100K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{array}$ |
| Below 20\% | 15 | 6 | 132 | 304 | 479 | 381 | 542 | 338 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 5 | 24 | 43 | 35 | 31 | 35 | 39 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 9 | 36 | 37 | 66 | 21 | 3 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 33 | 22 | 30 | 18 | 5 | 7 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 24 | 21 | 0 | 11 | 6 | 12 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 2 | 51 | 11 | 8 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 49 | 42 | 71 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 55 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Humboldt Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\Delta}{2} \\ & \frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { D }}{N} \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{+ \\ \hline}}{\sum_{i}}$ | O + D D O 0 D | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \underset{\sim}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \stackrel{0}{0} \\ & \ddot{N} \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 39\% | 87\% | 71\% | 76\% | 63\% |  | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 61\% | 13\% | 29\% | 24\% | 37\% |  | 0\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Humboldt |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing |  |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $17(63.0 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $10(37.0 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $27(100.0 \%)$ |

owa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Humboldt Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 96 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 151 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 571 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 106 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 10 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 6 |
| No rent | 177 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Humboldt Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 4 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 42 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.47 Ida County

Ida County is home to 6,979 people in 2,951 households, including 1,845 family households and 1,106 non-family households. In Ida County 1,733 people are under 18, 548 are 18 to 24, 2,508 are 25 to 54, and 2,508 are over 55.

In Ida County, during 2022, there were 13 people in 3 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 7 children under 18, 1 youth ages 18 to 24,5 adults ages 25 to 54. The exact distributions of those households
 are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Ida'.

Ida has 3,362 housing units, of which 2,951 are occupied, 675 by renters and 2,276 by owners. Ida also has 411 vacant units, of which 94 are available for rent and 42 are for sale only. 17 are seasonal and 253 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Ida County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were veteran4 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Ida County is home to 380 veterans. For 13 of the people from Ida County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Ida County there are 3,622 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Ida County the median household income is \$57,266 per year. \$72,917 for families and $\$ 36,857$ for non-

| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ए } \\ & \text { ¢ } \\ & \text { D } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits family households. $11 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $4 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and $29 \%$ received Social Security Income. $27.0 \%$ of single mother households in Ida County were in poverty. Of the 6 adults who had entries during this report, 3 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 330$ per month.

Collectively, the 13 people had 13 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Ida County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Ida' shows how those services were resolved. 9 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Ida |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 10 | 2 | 5.0 | 7 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Only adults | 3 | 1 | 3.0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 13 | 3 | 4.3 | 7 | 1 | 5 | 0 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Ida Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| Below $20 \%$ | 0 | 65 | 138 | 222 | 399 | 368 | 358 | 189 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 0 | 19 | 34 | 26 | 29 | 18 | 33 | 0 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 0 | 12 | 37 | 23 | 31 | 9 | 0 | 6 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 0 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 6 | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 0 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 9 | 9 | 3 | 9 | 66 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $50 \%$ or more | 25 | 47 | 6 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Ida Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\Delta}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \frac{N}{ㅅ} \end{aligned}$ | $\sum_{\substack{\underset{\sim}{j}}}$ | ㅇ + D D D D |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 93\% | 89\% | 56\% | 99\% | 65\% | 100\% |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 7\% | 11\% | 44\% | 1\% | 35\% | 0\% |  |


| Housing Outcomes - Ida |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing |  |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $9(100.0 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $9(100.0 \%)$ |
| Grand Total |  |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

Ida Gross Rent

| $\$ 249$ or less | 43 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 167 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 321 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 23 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 2 |
| No rent | 119 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Ida Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 18 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 55 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 21 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.48 Iowa County

Iowa County is home to 16,596 people in 6,765 households, including 4,439 family households and 2,326 non-family households. In lowa County 3,851 people are under 18, 1,162 are 18 to 24 , 5,740 are 25 to 54 , and 5,740 are over 55.

In lowa County, during 2022, there were 51 people in 27 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 18 children under 18,7 youth ages 18 to 24, 17 adults ages 25 to 54, and 9 senior adults over 55 years
 old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - lowa'.

Iowa has 7,346 housing units, of which 6,765 are occupied, 1,441 by renters and 5,324 by owners. Iowa also has 581 vacant units, of which 113 are available for rent and 59 are for sale only. 53 are seasonal and 288 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Iowa County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 9 veterans and 26 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. lowa County is home to 980 veterans. For 33 of the people from lowa County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In lowa County there are 9,000 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In lowa County the median household income is \$64,720 per year. \$83,199 for families and $\$ 43,183$ for nonfamily households. 6\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 4\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 28\% received Social Security Income. 27.4\% of single mother households in lowa County were in poverty. Of the 33 adults who had entries during this report, 18 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 438$ per month.

Collectively, the 51 people had 133 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from lowa County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - lowa' shows how those services were resolved. 38 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Iowa |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 25 | 7 | 3.6 | 15 | 1 | 8 | 1 |
| Only adults | 20 | 17 | 1.2 | 0 | 3 | 9 | 8 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 3 | 1 | 3.0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grand Total | 51 | 27 | 1.9 | 18 | 7 | 17 | 9 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Iowa Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \$ 10 K- \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 K- \\ \$ 75 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 63 | 142 | 346 | 601 | 570 | 911 | 642 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 0 | 136 | 129 | 163 | 192 | 174 | 15 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 4 | 7 | 29 | 28 | 145 | 17 | 12 | 19 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 1 | 43 | 16 | 73 | 80 | 152 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 2 | 64 | 46 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 1 | 42 | 27 | 9 | 8 | 12 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 97 | 143 | 76 | 24 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Iowa Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{1} \\ & \frac{n}{x} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{+\stackrel{1}{+}}}{\sum_{i}}$ | O + N T O O D | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \underset{N}{0} \\ & \text { ì } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 74\% | 91\% | 60\% | 83\% | 70\% | 57\% |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 26\% | 9\% | 40\% | 17\% | 30\% | 43\% |  |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Iowa Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 34 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 30 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 66 |

### 3.49 Jackson County

Jackson County is home to 19,499 people in 8,020 households, including 5,390 family households and 2,630 non-family households. In Jackson County 4,324 people are under 18, 1,428 are 18 to 24 , 7,261 are 25 to 54, and 7,261 are over 55.

In Jackson County, during 2022, there were 118 people in 60 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 39 children under 18,10 youth ages 18 to 24,49 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 20 senior adults over
 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Jackson'.

Jackson has 9,266 housing units, of which 8,020 are occupied, 1,505 by renters and 6,515 by owners. Jackson also has 1,246 vacant units, of which 58 are available for rent and 146 are for sale only. 416 are seasonal and 490 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Jackson County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 20 veterans and 58 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Jackson County is home to 1262 veterans. For 62 of the people from Jackson County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Jackson County there are 9,937 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Jackson County the median household income is $\$ 65,541$ per

| County where services were provided for people from Jackson County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  | 5 |  |  |  | 9 | 6 |  |  | 20 |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  | 11 | 2 |  |  | 13 |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 113 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 113 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 114 | 5 |  |  |  | 20 | 8 |  |  | 118 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 81,225$ for families and $\$ 32,185$ for non-family households. $10 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $4 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 30\% received Social Security Income. 46.1\% of single mother households in Jackson County were in poverty. Of the 79 adults who had entries during this report, 41 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 400$ per month.

Collectively, the 118 people had 163 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Jackson County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Jackson' shows how those services were resolved. 101 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Jackson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & 25-54 \end{aligned}$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 69 | 21 | 3.3 | 38 | 4 | 25 | 2 |
| Only adults | 45 | 36 | 1.3 | 0 | 2 | 25 | 18 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 3 | 2 | 1.5 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 118 | 60 | 2.0 | 39 | 10 | 49 | 20 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Jackson Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | \$50K\$75K | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 49 | 364 | 421 | 867 | 850 | 1,149 | 872 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 2 | 47 | 86 | 98 | 159 | 111 | 35 | 5 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 11 | 37 | 100 | 59 | 117 | 46 | 23 | 9 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 30 | 24 | 96 | 25 | 11 | 4 | 7 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 3 | 61 | 65 | 28 | 18 | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 13 | 81 | 49 | 10 | 23 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 156 | 71 | 89 | 53 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| Not computed | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Jackson Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{n}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{\sim}{\lambda} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{+ \\ \hline}}{\sum_{i}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \underset{\sim}{N} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 0\% | 90\% | 32\% | 53\% | 77\% | 0\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 100\% | 10\% | 68\% | 47\% | 23\% | 100\% | 0\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Jackson |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $6(6.7 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing | $1(1.1 \%)$ |
| Owned by client | $1(1.1 \%)$ |
| Rental by cleint | $68(76.4 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $13(14.6 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $89(100.0 \%)$ |

owa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Jackson Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 109 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 299 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 804 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 133 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 2 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 12 |
| No rent | 146 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Jackson Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 25 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 18 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 53 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.50 Jasper County

Jasper County is home to 37,686 people in 14,370 households, including 9,955 family households and 4,415 non-family households. In Jasper County 8,442 people are under $18,2,705$ are 18 to 24 , 12,385 are 25 to 54 , and 12,385 are over 55.

In Jasper County, during 2022, there were 140 people in 67 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 43 children under 18, 12 youth ages 18 to 24,65 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 13 senior adults over
 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Jasper'.

Jasper has 16,106 housing units, of which 14,370 are occupied, 3,368 by renters and 11,002 by owners. Jasper also has 1,736 vacant units, of which 325 are available for rent and 340 are for sale only. 164 are seasonal and 784 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Jasper County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 13 veterans and 63 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Jasper County is home to 2318 veterans. For 95 of the people from Jasper County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Jasper County there are 18,912 people in the civilian labor force, of which $5 \%$ are unemployed. In Jasper County the median household income is $\$ 63,182$ per

| County where services were provided for people from Jasper County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 2 |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk | 35 | 7 |  |  |  | 5 | 39 |  |  | 61 |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 93 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 93 |
| Story |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 128 | 11 |  |  |  | 7 | 39 |  |  | 140 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 74,298$ for families and $\$ 37,079$ for non-family households. 8\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 7\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 31\% received Social Security Income. 16.7\% of single mother households in Jasper County were in poverty. Of the 90 adults who had entries during this report, 47 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 510$ per month.

Collectively, the 140 people had 245 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Jasper County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Jasper' shows how those services were resolved. 95 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Jasper |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 76 | 21 | 3.6 | 43 | 4 | 29 | 0 |
| Only adults | 60 | 42 | 1.4 | 0 | 3 | 37 | 13 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth | 5 | 4 | 1.3 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 140 | 67 | 2.1 | 43 | 12 | 65 | 13 |


| Jasper Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | ousehol | come |  |  |  |
|  | Under \$10K | \$10K\$20K | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | \$50k\$75K | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 K- \\ & \$ 100 K \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Over } \\ & \text { \$150K } \end{aligned}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 75 | 303 | 568 | 1,650 | 1,266 | 2,100 | 1,254 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 18 | 168 | 212 | 484 | 135 | 160 | 52 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 42 | 84 | 119 | 163 | 89 | 96 | 3 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 50 | 52 | 79 | 186 | 236 | 36 | 12 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 19 | 83 | 121 | 111 | 59 | 16 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 22 | 32 | 145 | 106 | 2 | 0 | 7 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 224 | 83 | 135 | 69 | 14 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| Not computed | 56 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jasper Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{B}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{N}{त} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{+}}}{\sum}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \underset{\sim}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 99\% | 85\% | 92\% | 96\% | 53\% | 98\% | 100\% |  |
| Below poverty | 1\% | 15\% | 8\% | 4\% | 47\% | 2\% | 0\% |  |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3]
Jasper Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 58 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 276 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |

### 3.51 Jefferson County

Jefferson County is home to 15,846 people in 6,688 households, including 3,742 family households and 2,946 non-family households. In Jefferson County 3,206 people are under 18, 1,168 are 18 to 24 , 5,766 are 25 to 54 , and 5,766 are over 55.

In Jefferson County, during 2022, there were 89 people in 50 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 29 children under 18,7 youth ages 18 to 24,46 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 7 senior adults over
 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Jefferson'.

Jefferson has 7,649 housing units, of which 6,688 are occupied, 2,344 by renters and 4,344 by owners. Jefferson also has 961 vacant units, of which 7 are available for rent and 52 are for sale only. 146 are seasonal and 638 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Jefferson County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 7 veterans and 34 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Jefferson County is home to 1063 veterans. For 71 of the people from Jefferson County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Jefferson County there are 7,759 people in the civilian labor force, of which $5 \%$ are unemployed. In Jefferson County the median household


Iowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits income is $\$ 47,950$ per year. $\$ 62,021$ for families and $\$ 30,900$ for non-family households. $15 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. 7\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 32\% received Social Security Income. $1.6 \%$ of single mother households in Jefferson County were in poverty. Of the 60 adults who had
entries during this report, 31 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 468$ per month.
Collectively, the 89 people had 170 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Jefferson County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Jefferson' shows how those services were resolved. 62 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Jefferson |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 51 | 15 | 3.4 | 29 | 0 | 21 | 1 |
| Only adults | 32 | 30 | 1.1 | 0 | 1 | 25 | 6 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth | 6 | 5 | 1.2 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 89 | 50 | 1.8 | 29 | 7 | 46 | 7 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Jefferson Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 K- \\ \$ 75 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 25 | 286 | 304 | 497 | 574 | 678 | 383 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 48 | 60 | 143 | 147 | 100 | 36 | 9 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 14 | 73 | 40 | 45 | 15 | 28 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 0 | 47 | 27 | 53 | 72 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 4 | 104 | 87 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 0 | 37 | 20 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 128 | 145 | 19 | 8 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Jefferson Poverty by Race

|  | $\frac{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{n}}{\frac{n}{3}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{n}{\lambda} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{7}}}{ }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O } \\ & \text { 克 } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \text { D } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N} \\ & \underset{\sim}{D} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \stackrel{0}{0} \\ & \stackrel{N}{0} \\ & \stackrel{n}{\#} \\ & \stackrel{N}{\#} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 54\% | 78\% | 88\% | 100\% | 95\% | 93\% | 100\% |  |
| Below poverty | 46\% | 22\% | 12\% | 0\% | 5\% | 7\% | 0\% |  |


| Housing Outcomes - Jefferson |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $2(7.1 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing | $1(3.6 \%)$ |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $10(35.7 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $15(53.6 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $28(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Jefferson Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 34 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 287 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 1,089 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 599 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 10 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |
| No rent | 325 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Jefferson Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 56 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 10 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 1 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.52 Johnson County

Johnson County is home to 151,833 people in 60,573 households, including 32,805 family households and 27,768 non-family households. In Johnson County 30,374 people are under 18, 31,351 are 18 to 24 , 33,152 are 25 to 54 , and 33,152 are over 55.

In Johnson County, during 2022, there were 1659 people in 1325 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 313 children under 18, 170 youth ages 18 to 24,882 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 282 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Johnson'.

Johnson has 65,124 housing units, of which 60,573 are occupied, 24,601 by renters and 35,972 by owners. Johnson also has 4,551 vacant units, of which 1,451 are available for rent and 277 are for sale only. 325 are seasonal and 1,501 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Johnson County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 282 veterans and 885 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Johnson County is home to 4842 veterans. 32 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 1313 of the people from Johnson County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits

In Johnson County there are 87,285 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Johnson County the median household income is $\$ 67,414$ per year. $\$ 105,652$ for families and $\$ 37,531$
for non-family households. 11\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 5\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 22\% received Social Security Income. 26.3\% of single mother households in Johnson County were in poverty. Of the 1334 adults who had entries during this report, 809 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 737$ per month.

Collectively, the 1659 people had 4979 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Johnson County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Johnson' shows how those services were resolved. 1361 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults 25-54 | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate | 6 | 6 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 483 | 149 | 3.2 | 277 | 36 | 162 | 6 |
| Only adults | 1,055 | 1,034 | 1.0 | 0 | 17 | 757 | 277 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 46 | 18 | 2.6 | 29 | 17 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 109 | 109 | 1.0 | 0 | 109 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household | 10 | 9 | 1.1 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grand Total | 1,659 | 1,325 | 1.3 | 313 | 170 | 882 | 282 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Johnson Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10к- } \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| Below 20\% | 46 | 53 | 592 | 1,039 | 2,694 | 2,430 | 6,617 | 8,869 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 36 | 220 | 188 | 601 | 1,161 | 1,257 | 598 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 41 | 88 | 289 | 269 | 962 | 606 | 715 | 225 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 171 | 271 | 439 | 597 | 264 | 162 | 78 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 7 | 54 | 249 | 280 | 199 | 136 | 77 | 92 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 6 | 82 | 309 | 277 | 244 | 110 | 44 | 25 |
| 50\% or more | 375 | 562 | 370 | 322 | 206 | 24 | 21 | 0 |
| Not computed | 323 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Johnson Poverty by Race

|  | $$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{0} \\ & \frac{\sim}{x} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{i}}}{\sum_{1}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \text { 士 } \\ & \text { ָ } \\ & \text { D } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & \text { DN0 } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 71\% | 78\% | 85\% | 79\% | 80\% | 76\% | 89\% | 39\% |
| Below poverty | 29\% | 22\% | 15\% | 21\% | 20\% | 24\% | 11\% | 61\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Johnson |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $96(9.9 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing | $258(26.7 \%)$ |
| Owned by client | $2(0.2 \%)$ |
| Rental by cleint | $441(45.7 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $211(21.8 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $966(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Johnson Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 308 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 1,082 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 9,955 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 8,034 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 3,152 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 1,458 |
| No rent | 612 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Johnson Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 24 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 30 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 1,038 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 572 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 122 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 435 |

### 3.53 Jones County

Jones County is home to 20,680 people in 8,053 households, including 5,367 family households and 2,686 non-family households. In Jones County 4,498 people are under 18, 1,433 are 18 to 24 , 7,356 are 25 to 54 , and 7,356 are over 55 .

In Jones County, during 2022, there were 79 people in 35 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 39 children under 18, 6 youth ages 18 to 24, 30 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 4 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households
 are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Jones'.

Jones has 8,886 housing units, of which 8,053 are occupied, 1,667 by renters and 6,386 by owners. Jones also has 833 vacant units, of which 191 are available for rent and 28 are for sale only. 157 are seasonal and 436 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Jones County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 4 veterans and 24 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Jones County is home to 1380 veterans. For 50 of the people from Jones County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Jones County there are 10,383 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Jones County the median household income is \$63,279 per

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 79,221$ for families and $\$ 41,167$ for non-family households. 8\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 5\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 32\% received Social Security Income. 40.8\% of single mother households in Jones County were in poverty. Of the 40 adults who had entries during this report, 22 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 373$ per month.

Collectively, the 79 people had 135 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Jones County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Jones' shows how those services were resolved. 64 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Jones |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age $18$ | Youth 18-24 | Adults 25-54 | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 54 | 16 | 3.4 | 35 | 2 | 17 | 0 |
| Only adults | 19 | 16 | 1.2 | 0 | 1 | 14 | 4 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 7 | 3 | 2.3 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 79 | 35 | 2.3 | 39 | 6 | 30 | 4 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Jones Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | \$50K\$75K | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \text { \$100K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Over } \\ & \text { \$150K } \end{aligned}$ |
| Below 20\% | 7 | 47 | 171 | 393 | 781 | 1,151 | 876 | 760 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 15 | 106 | 55 | 186 | 139 | 82 | 21 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 44 | 44 | 107 | 123 | 63 | 10 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 0 | 23 | 82 | 64 | 57 | 61 | 18 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 31 | 36 | 102 | 115 | 44 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 17 | 45 | 13 | 11 | 31 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 45 | 76 | 198 | 44 | 31 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 52 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jones Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{n}{\lambda} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & 0 \\ & \underset{\sim}{D} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| Above poverty | 99\% | 83\% | 90\% | 6\% | 98\% | 85\% | 75\% |  |
| Below poverty | 1\% | 17\% | 10\% | 94\% | 2\% | 15\% | 25\% |  |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Jones Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 51 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 99 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 20 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 27 |

### 3.54 Keokuk County

Keokuk County is home to 10,050 people in 4,136 households, including 2,593 family households and 1,543 non-family households. In Keokuk County 2,322 people are under 18, 696 are 18 to 24, 3,713 are 25 to 54 , and 3,713 are over 55.

In Keokuk County, during 2022, there were 6 people in 5 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 1 children under 18, 3 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 2 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions
 of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Keokuk'.

Keokuk has 4,680 housing units, of which 4,136 are occupied, 892 by renters and 3,244 by owners. Keokuk also has 544 vacant units, of which 35 are available for rent and 59 are for sale only. 26 are seasonal and 376 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Keokuk County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 2 veteran4 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Keokuk County is home to 550 veterans. For 6 of the people from Keokuk County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Keokuk County there are 4,828 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Keokuk County the median household income is $\$ 54,233$ per

| County where services were provided for people from Keokuk County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  | O $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{7}$ ® $\stackrel{N}{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 5 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 6 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 72,795$ for families and $\$ 32,078$ for non-family households. 10\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 10\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 32\% received Social Security Income. 42.8\% of single mother households in Keokuk County were in poverty. Of the 5 adults who had entries during this report, 3 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 459$ per month.

Collectively, the 6 people had 13 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Keokuk County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Keokuk' shows how those services were resolved. 4 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Keokuk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & 25-54 \end{aligned}$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Only adults | 4 | 4 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 6 | 5 | 1.2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 |

Iowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Keokuk Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \$ 10 K- \\ \$ 20 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | Over $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 22 | 165 | 233 | 460 | 412 | 477 | 309 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 43 | 38 | 75 | 137 | 40 | 17 | 4 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 4 | 11 | 20 | 95 | 19 | 2 | 9 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 0 | 20 | 44 | 15 | 19 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 5 | 44 | 31 | 26 | 9 | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 1 | 64 | 29 | 4 | 7 | 0 | 27 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 76 | 92 | 65 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 38 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Keokuk Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{2} \\ & \frac{\Omega}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { D }}{N} \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N } \\ & i \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 96\% | 88\% | 54\% | 73\% | 75\% | 63\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 4\% | 12\% | 46\% | 27\% | 25\% | 38\% | 0\% |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Keokuk Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 7 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 35 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.55 Kossuth County

Kossuth County is home to 14,823 people in 6,422 households, including 3,950 family households and 2,472 non-family households. In Kossuth County 3,297 people are under 18, 1,042 are 18 to 24, 5,863 are 25 to 54 , and 5,863 are over 55.

In Kossuth County, during 2022, there were 7 people in 4 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 3 children under 18, 2 youth ages 18 to 24, 1 adults ages 25 to 54, and 1 senior adults over 55 years
 old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Kossuth'.

Kossuth has 7,262 housing units, of which 6,422 are occupied, 1,521 by renters and 4,901 by owners. Kossuth also has 840 vacant units, of which 120 are available for rent and 36 are for sale only. 32 are seasonal and 616 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Kossuth County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 1 veteran1 person with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Kossuth County is home to 1095 veterans. For 6 of the people from Kossuth County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Kossuth County there are 7,353 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Kossuth County the median household income is $\$ 59,878$ per

| County where services were provided for people from Kossuth County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & -1 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  | 1 |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 3 |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| Grand Total | 5 | 4 |  |  |  | 2 | 1 |  |  | 7 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 74,270$ for families and $\$ 37,992$ for non-family households. 9\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 7\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 33\% received Social Security Income. 44.5\% of single mother households in Kossuth County were in poverty. Of the 4 adults who had entries during this report, 1 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 257$ per month.

Collectively, the 7 people had 15 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Kossuth County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Kossuth' shows how those services were resolved. 5 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Kossuth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & 25-54 \end{aligned}$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Only adults | 2 | 2 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 5 | 2 | 2.5 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 7 | 4 | 1.8 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Kossuth Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \text { \$20K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | Over \$150K |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 29 | 252 | 441 | 788 | 606 | 958 | 383 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 1 | 37 | 150 | 131 | 110 | 88 | 29 | 10 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 1 | 50 | 84 | 63 | 9 | 29 | 22 | 2 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 0 | 52 | 13 | 27 | 10 | 6 | 43 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 18 | 27 | 14 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 11 | 29 | 47 | 1 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 114 | 54 | 46 | 0 | 23 | 5 | 4 | 0 |
| Not computed | 57 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Kossuth Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { D }}{N} \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 99\% | 53\% | 90\% | 66\% | 75\% | 80\% | 7\% | 33\% |
| Below poverty | 1\% | 47\% | 10\% | 34\% | 25\% | 20\% | 93\% | 67\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Kossuth |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing | $0(0.0 \%)$ |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $3(60.0 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $2(40.0 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $5(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Kossuth Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 12 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 199 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 902 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 159 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 27 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 78 |
| No rent | 144 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Kossuth Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 36 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 48 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 30 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 6 |

[^1]
### 3.56 Lee County

Lee County is home to 33,724 people in 14,068 households, including 9,074 family households and 4,994 nonfamily households. In Lee County 7,301 people are under 18, 2,408 are 18 to $24,12,079$ are 25 to 54 , and 12,079 are over 55.

In Lee County, during 2022, there were 118 people in 56 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 43 children under 18, 8 youth ages 18 to 24, 55 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 11 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology Lee'.


Lee has 15,913 housing units, of which 14,068 are occupied, 3,365 by renters and 10,703 by owners. Lee also has 1,845 vacant units, of which 275 are available for rent and 106 are for sale only. 124 are seasonal and 1,192 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Lee County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 11 veterans and 41 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Lee County is home to 2257 veterans. For 74 of the people from Lee County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Lee County there are 16,194 people in the civilian labor force, of which $5 \%$ are unemployed. In Lee County the median household income is $\$ 54,258$ per

| County where services were provided for people from Lee County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \stackrel{0}{\mathrm{O}} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  | 4 |  |  |  | 5 | 16 |  |  | 25 |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | 2 |  | 2 | 8 |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  | 14 | 11 |  |  | 25 |
| Polk | 2 |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 2 |
| Statewide | 91 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 91 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 93 | 6 |  | 3 |  | 27 | 29 |  | 2 | 118 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 68,578$ for families and $\$ 29,313$ for non-family households. $10 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $6 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 34\% received Social Security Income. 37.6\% of single mother households in Lee County were in poverty. Of the 74 adults who had entries during this report, 41 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 433$ per month.

Collectively, the 118 people had 190 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Lee County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Lee' shows how those services were resolved. 80 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Lee |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults 25-54 | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 71 | 20 | 3.6 | 41 | 2 | 27 | 1 |
| Only adults | 41 | 33 | 1.2 | 0 | 2 | 28 | 10 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 3 | 1 | 3.0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 3 | 2 | 1.5 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 118 | 56 | 2.1 | 43 | 8 | 55 | 11 |

Iowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Lee Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \$ 10 K- \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Over } \\ & \text { \$150K } \end{aligned}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 41 | 485 | 733 | 1,553 | 1,473 | 1,592 | 910 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 17 | 175 | 329 | 333 | 182 | 154 | 31 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 6 | 77 | 188 | 271 | 97 | 53 | 29 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 0 | 100 | 195 | 87 | 53 | 22 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 9 | 77 | 78 | 53 | 22 | 41 | 12 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 23 | 113 | 154 | 51 | 38 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 229 | 312 | 156 | 24 | 28 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 77 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lee Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{n}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{\sim}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{+ \\ \hline}}{\sum_{i}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \stackrel{+}{J} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \underset{\sim}{N} \\ & \underset{\sim}{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { in } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $$ |
| Above poverty | 98\% | 48\% | 88\% | 89\% | 85\% | 89\% | 100\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 2\% | 52\% | 12\% | 11\% | 15\% | 11\% | 0\% | 0\% |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3]
Lee Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 112 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 103 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 7 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 25 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 28 |

### 3.57 Linn County

Linn County is home to 228,567 people in 93,602 households, including 57,977 family households and 35,625 non-family households. In Linn County 53,295 people are under 18, 20,560 are 18 to 24 , 65,428 are 25 to 54 , and 65,428 are over 55 .

In Linn County, during 2022, there were 5705 people in 3373 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 1916 children under 18, 539 youth ages 18 to 24,2526 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 699 se-
 nior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Linn'.

Linn has 100,404 housing units, of which 93,602 are occupied, 23,767 by renters and 69,835 by owners. Linn also has 6,802 vacant units, of which 2,309 are available for rent and 746 are for sale only. 530 are seasonal and 2,222 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Linn County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 699 veterans and 2269 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Linn County is home to 13825 veterans. 45 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 3806 of the people from Linn County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.


Iowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits

In Linn County there are 125,983 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Linn County the median household income is $\$ 70,360$ per year. $\$ 89,876$ for families and $\$ 41,913$ for nonfamily households. $6 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $4 \%$ of families received Supplemental

Security Income (SSI) and 26\% received Social Security Income. 29.0\% of single mother households in Linn County were in poverty. Of the 3764 adults who had entries during this report, 2216 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 540$ per month.

Collectively, the 5705 people had 13992 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Linn County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Linn' shows how those services were resolved. 4655 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate | 5 | 5 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 2,895 | 860 | 3.4 | 1,709 | 133 | 1,000 | 46 |
| Only adults | 2,349 | 2,124 | 1.1 | 0 | 89 | 1,594 | 657 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 288 | 115 | 2.5 | 159 | 128 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 224 | 214 | 1.0 | 0 | 224 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household | 61 | 55 | 1.1 | 58 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grand Total | 5,705 | 3,373 | 1.7 | 1,916 | 539 | 2,526 | 699 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Linn Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \$ 20 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \text { \$100K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | Over \$150K |
| Below 20\% | 21 | 179 | 1,185 | 3,129 | 6,327 | 7,355 | 11,904 | 12,775 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 30 | 72 | 726 | 1,074 | 2,960 | 2,355 | 1,848 | 639 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 203 | 810 | 984 | 1,947 | 677 | 505 | 60 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 0 | 184 | 642 | 1,207 | 948 | 488 | 114 | 51 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 9 | 145 | 311 | 615 | 466 | 63 | 132 | 14 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 236 | 864 | 501 | 358 | 47 | 29 | 16 |
| 50\% or more | 919 | 1,509 | 1,211 | 338 | 202 | 180 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 271 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Linn Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{\sim}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{+}}}{\sum}$ |  | $$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 95\% | 72\% | 92\% | 72\% | 77\% | 89\% | 94\% | 64\% |
| Below poverty | 5\% | 28\% | 8\% | 28\% | 23\% | 11\% | 6\% | 36\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Linn |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $259(6.9 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing | $241(6.4 \%)$ |
| Owned by client | $20(0.5 \%)$ |
| Rental by cleint | $2,377(63.2 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $878(23.4 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $3,760(100.0 \%)$ |

Iowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Linn Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 434 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 2,494 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 12,860 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 5,473 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 1,012 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 574 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Linn Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 273 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 2,205 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 260 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 24 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 110 |

ACS, Rent Asked in 2021 (5 year est.) 5

### 3.58 Louisa County

Louisa County is home to 10,891 people in 4,043 households, including 2,961 family households and 1,082 non-family households. In Louisa County 2,466 people are under 18, 833 are 18 to 24, 3,633 are 25 to 54 , and 3,633 are over 55.

In Louisa County, during 2022, there were 45 people in 18 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 21 children under 18, 2 youth ages 18 to 24 , 19 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 3 senior adults over
 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Louisa'.

Louisa has 4,748 housing units, of which 4,043 are occupied, 906 by renters and 3,137 by owners. Louisa also has 705 vacant units, of which 68 are available for rent and 25 are for sale only. 184 are seasonal and 383 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Louisa County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 310 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. For 30 of the people from Louisa County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Louisa County there are 5,682 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Louisa County the median household income is $\$ 65,867$ per year. \$78,383 for families and \$33,750 for non-family house-

| County where services were provided for people from Louisa County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{7} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\infty} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{3} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T } \\ & \text { ® } \\ & \text { D } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  | 8 | 2 |  |  | 10 |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  | 6 |  |  |  | 18 | 8 |  |  | 28 |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 36 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 36 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 36 | 6 |  |  |  | 25 | 10 |  |  | 45 |

Iowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits holds. 9\% of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. 4\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 31\% received Social Security Income. 38.4\% of single mother households in Louisa County were in poverty. Of the 24 adults who had entries during this report, 15 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 441$ per month.

Collectively, the 45 people had 88 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Louisa County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Louisa' shows how those services were resolved. 42 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Louisa |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People <br> served | Average <br> household <br> size | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults <br> $25-54$ | Adults 55 <br> and over |  |
| Indeterminate | 34 | 8 | 4.3 | 21 | 2 | 11 | 0 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 34 | 10 | 1.3 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 3 |
| Only adults | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  | 18 | 2.5 | 21 | 2 | 19 | 3 |
| TAY Youth <br> Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 45 | 18 |  |  |  |  |  |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Louisa Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \$ 10 K- \\ \$ 20 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$35K- } \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 K- \\ \$ 75 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 K- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{array}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 9 | 109 | 242 | 385 | 486 | 576 | 311 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 30 | 37 | 31 | 92 | 57 | 40 | 8 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 14 | 89 | 44 | 53 | 20 | 14 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 0 | 17 | 30 | 31 | 11 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 0 | 35 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 16 | 14 | 18 | 1 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 66 | 130 | 21 | 16 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 0 |
| Not computed | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Louisa Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { D }}{N} \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{j}}}{\underset{y}{\underset{\sim}{2}}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & 0 \\ & \hat{D} \\ & i \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 78\% | 31\% | 91\% | 94\% | 99\% | 90\% | 100\% |  |
| Below poverty | 22\% | 69\% | 9\% | 6\% | 1\% | 10\% | 0\% |  |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Louisa Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 34 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 11 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 22 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 9 |

### 3.59 Lucas County

Lucas County is home to 8,650 people in 3,614 households, including 2,415 family households and 1,199 non-family households. In Lucas County 1,964 people are under 18, 645 are 18 to 24 , 3,253 are 25 to 54 , and 3,253 are over 55 .

In Lucas County, during 2022, there were 35 people in 14 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 12 children under 18, 5 youth ages 18 to 24, 17 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 1 senior adults over 55
 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Lucas'.

Lucas has 4,079 housing units, of which 3,614 are occupied, 831 by renters and 2,783 by owners. Lucas also has 465 vacant units, of which 31 are available for rent and 23 are for sale only. 102 are seasonal and 276 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Lucas County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 110 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. For 20 of the people from Lucas County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Lucas County there are 4,209 people in the civilian labor force, of which 4\% are unemployed. In Lucas County the median household income is $\$ 55,297$ per year. \$71,427 for families and \$29,395 for non-family house-

| Provider County |  |  | O $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{7}$ ®. $\stackrel{\mathrm{N}}{3}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Do } \\ & \stackrel{1}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{2} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | 3 | 3 |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  | 4 |  | 6 |  |  | 10 |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 28 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 28 |  |  |  | 4 | 3 | 6 |  | 3 | 35 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits holds. 12\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 7\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 36\% received Social Security Income. 62.9\% of single mother households in Lucas County were in poverty. Of the 23 adults who had entries during this report, 12 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 399$ per month.

Collectively, the 35 people had 65 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Lucas County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Lucas' shows how those services were resolved. 25 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Lucas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 20 | 5 | 4.0 | 12 | 1 | 7 | 0 |
| Only adults | 15 | 9 | 1.7 | 0 | 4 | 10 | 1 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 35 | 14 | 2.5 | 12 | 5 | 17 | 1 |


| Housing Outcomes - Lucas |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing | $4(30.8 \%)$ |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint |  |
| Temporary | $9(69.2 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $13(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Lucas Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| Below $20 \%$ | 0 | 17 | 147 | 177 | 452 | 372 | 411 | 269 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 0 | 5 | 71 | 44 | 68 | 11 | 40 | 0 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 0 | 76 | 31 | 27 | 79 | 17 | 0 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 0 | 0 | 28 | 30 | 42 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 9 | 21 | 10 | 29 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 3 | 7 | 35 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $50 \%$ or more | 68 | 63 | 76 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lucas Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\Delta}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{1} \\ & \frac{n}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{+}}}{\sum}$ | 오 士 N T N D | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { din } \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 0\% | 87\% | 90\% | 83\% | 43\% | 100\% |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 100\% | 13\% | 10\% | 17\% | 57\% | 0\% |  |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Lucas Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 9 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 22 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.60 Lyon County

Lyon County is home to 11,953 people in 4,364 households, including 3,198 family households and 1,166 non-family households. In Lyon County 3,392 people are under 18, 869 are 18 to 24 , 3,690 are 25 to 54 , and 3,690 are over 55.

Lyon has 4,846 housing units, of which 4,364 are occupied, 660 by renters and 3,704 by owners. Lyon also has 482 vacant units, of which 129 are available for rent and 27 are for sale only. 102 are seasonal and 171 are vacant for 'other reasons.'


In Lyon County there are 6,207 people in the civilian labor force, of which 3\% are unemployed. In Lyon County the median household income is $\$ 69,113$ per year. $\$ 80,335$ for families and $\$ 37,206$ for non-family households. $5 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $3 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and $28 \%$ received Social Security Income. $32.3 \%$ of single mother households in Lyon County were in poverty.

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$10K- } \\ & \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100к- } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{array}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 20 | 123 | 193 | 546 | 561 | 535 | 365 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 2 | 12 | 115 | 40 | 69 | 49 | 88 | 48 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 1 | 38 | 74 | 113 | 60 | 77 | 27 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 23 | 11 | 26 | 22 | 5 | 4 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 15 | 10 | 11 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 3 | 16 | 23 | 43 | 25 | 0 | 13 | 2 |
| 50\% or more | 61 | 57 | 29 | 70 | 28 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Not computed | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2]

Lyon Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \stackrel{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \stackrel{N}{N} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{F}}}{\substack{\text { n }}}$ |  | N + O N On |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 100\% | 96\% | 63\% | 98\% | 84\% | 100\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 0\% | 4\% | 38\% | 2\% | 16\% | 0\% | 0\% |


| Lyon Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 3 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 55 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 382 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 53 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 7 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 4 |
| No rent | 156 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Lyon Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 15 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 76 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 44 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 10 |

### 3.61 Madison County

Madison County is home to 16,414 people in 6,377 households, including 4,550 family households and 1,827 non-family households. In Madison County 4,179 people are under 18, 1,092 are 18 to 24 , 5,078 are 25 to 54 , and 5,078 are over 55.

In Madison County, during 2022, there were 7 people in 3 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 3 children under 18, 4 adults ages 25 to 54. The exact distributions of those households are
 detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Madison'.

Madison has 6,885 housing units, of which 6,377 are occupied, 1,188 by renters and 5,189 by owners. Madison also has 508 vacant units, of which 35 are available for rent and 9 are for sale only. 158 are seasonal and 303 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Madison County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were veteran4 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Madison County is home to 873 veterans. For 7 of the people from Madison County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Madison County there are 9,212 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Madison County the median household income is $\$ 79,306$ per

| Grand Total | 7 | 5 | 2 | 4 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. \$94,601 for families and $\$ 36,875$ for non-family households. 4\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 3\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 26\% received Social Security Income. 25.7\% of single mother households in Madison County were in poverty. Of the 4 adults who had entries during this report, 2 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 893$ per month.

Collectively, the 7 people had 25 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Madison County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Madison' shows how those services were resolved. 7 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Madison |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & 25-54 \end{aligned}$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 5 | 2 | 2.5 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Only adults | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 7 | 3 | 2.3 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 0 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Madison Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | \$10K\$20K | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | \$50K- <br> \$75K | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 3 | 75 | 229 | 313 | 526 | 938 | 922 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 20 | 42 | 43 | 89 | 183 | 218 | 45 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 5 | 91 | 61 | 229 | 92 | 62 | 41 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 68 | 4 | 78 | 82 | 35 | 22 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 1 | 49 | 16 | 87 | 16 | 32 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 5 | 78 | 19 | 48 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 77 | 38 | 148 | 41 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Not computed | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Madison Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\Delta}{2} \\ & \frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \frac{n}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{j}}}{\sum_{j}^{2}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hat{N} \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \stackrel{0}{N} \\ & \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| Above poverty | 75\% | 94\% | 93\% | 100\% | 100\% | 100\% | 8\% |  |
| Below poverty | 25\% | 6\% | 7\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 92\% |  |


| ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Madison Rent Asked |  |
| M249 or less |  |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 15 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.62 Mahaska County

Mahaska County is home to 22,132 people in 8,813 households, including 5,728 family households and 3,085 non-family households. In Mahaska County 5,316 people are under 18, 2,144 are 18 to 24 , 6,954 are 25 to 54 , and 6,954 are over 55.

In Mahaska County, during 2022, there were 74 people in 40 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 27 children under 18,6 youth ages 18 to 24,37 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 4 senior adults over
 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Mahaska'.

Mahaska has 9,701 housing units, of which 8,813 are occupied, 2,902 by renters and 5,911 by owners. Mahaska also has 888 vacant units, of which 115 are available for rent and 132 are for sale only. 26 are seasonal and 538 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Mahaska County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 4 veteran27 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Mahaska County is home to 1038 veterans. 1 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 44 of the people from Mahaska County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits

In Mahaska County there are 11,510 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Mahaska County the median household income is $\$ 60,617$ per year. $\$ 77,069$ for families and $\$ 29,313$ for non-family households. $11 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $4 \%$ of families received

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 27\% received Social Security Income. 43.2\% of single mother households in Mahaska County were in poverty. Of the 47 adults who had entries during this report, 22 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 363$ per month.

Collectively, the 74 people had 133 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Mahaska County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Mahaska' shows how those services were resolved. 48 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Mahaska |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People <br> served | Avege <br> household <br> size | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults <br> 25-54 | Adults 55 <br> and over |  |
| Indeterminate |  | 12 | 3.4 | 25 | 1 | 15 | 0 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 41 | 12 | 1.2 | 0 | 1 | 23 | 4 |
| Only adults | 28 | 24 | 1.2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 2 | 2 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 2 | 0 | 37 | 4 |
| Grand Total | 74 | 40 | 1.9 | 27 | 6 | 37 |  |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Mahaska Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \$ 10 \mathrm{~K} \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$100к- } \\ & \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 80 | 251 | 405 | 720 | 980 | 1,123 | 530 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 63 | 95 | 62 | 131 | 85 | 80 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 86 | 116 | 54 | 149 | 49 | 29 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 43 | 87 | 14 | 10 | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 5 | 35 | 26 | 13 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 13 | 24 | 14 | 47 | 25 | 16 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 103 | 83 | 104 | 64 | 22 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Not computed | 33 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Mahaska Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \frac{N}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{\sim}{x} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{F}}}{\substack{\sum_{2}}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { గ్ß } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 99\% | 24\% | 88\% | 93\% | 74\% | 85\% | 100\% | 3\% |
| Below poverty | 1\% | 76\% | 12\% | 7\% | 26\% | 15\% | 0\% | 97\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Mahaska |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing | $4(10.5 \%)$ |
| Owned by client | $5(13.2 \%)$ |
| Rental by cleint | $6(15.8 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $23(60.5 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $38(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Mahaska Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 215 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 409 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 1,533 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 286 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 3 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 6 |
| No rent | 450 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Mahaska Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 4 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 37 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 97 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 26 |

ACS, Rent Asked in 2021 ( 5 year est.) 5

### 3.63 Marion County

Marion County is home to 33,381 people in 13,241 households, including 9,229 family households and 4,012 non-family households. In Marion County 7,829 people are under 18, 3,421 are 18 to 24 , 10,460 are 25 to 54 , and 10,460 are over 55.

In Marion County, during 2022, there were 136 people in 80 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 38 children under 18, 12 youth ages 18 to 24,69 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 14 senior adults over
 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Marion'.

Marion has 14,068 housing units, of which 13,241 are occupied, 3,245 by renters and 9,996 by owners. Marion also has 827 vacant units, of which 119 are available for rent and 17 are for sale only. 13 are seasonal and 543 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Marion County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 14 veterans and 56 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Marion County is home to 1986 veterans. 1 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 69 of the people from Marion County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

| County where services were provided for people from Marion County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  | 3 |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk | 5 |  |  |  |  | 4 | 21 |  |  | 30 |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 125 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 127 |
| Story |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 125 | 1 |  | 2 |  | 7 | 21 |  |  | 136 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits

In Marion County there are 17,062 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Marion County the median household income is $\$ 66,822$ per year. $\$ 82,662$ for families and $\$ 37,403$ for nonfamily households. $8 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $3 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 29\% received Social Security Income. 29.3\% of single mother households in

Marion County were in poverty. Of the 95 adults who had entries during this report, 61 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 562$ per month.

Collectively, the 136 people had 214 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Marion County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Marion' shows how those services were resolved. 87 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Marion |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People <br> served | Average <br> household <br> size | Under age <br> 18 | Youseholds 18-24 | Adults <br> $25-54$ | Adults 55 <br> and over |  |
| Indeterminate | 63 | 22 | 2.9 | 32 | 1 | 28 | 2 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 63 | 47 | 1.2 | 0 | 1 | 43 | 12 |
| Only adults | 58 | 3 | 2.7 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 8 | 7 | 1.1 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 8 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household | 1 | 1.7 | 38 | 12 | 69 | 14 |  |
| Grand Total | 136 | 80 | 1.7 |  |  |  |  |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Marion Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 10 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 к- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$100к- } \\ & \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 3 | 76 | 374 | 596 | 1,408 | 1,101 | 1,668 | 1,372 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 6 | 33 | 110 | 190 | 346 | 393 | 335 | 108 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 33 | 42 | 106 | 128 | 103 | 93 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 8 | 90 | 48 | 57 | 155 | 0 | 16 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 10 | 32 | 97 | 58 | 36 | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 69 | 37 | 27 | 40 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 239 | 118 | 131 | 16 | 0 | 9 | 17 | 0 |
| Not computed | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Marion Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{\sim}{ㅅ} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{+}}{\sum_{\underset{\sim}{*}}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & N_{0} \\ & \hat{N} \\ & \underset{\sim}{n} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 80\% | 97\% | 93\% | 92\% | 91\% | 97\% | 7\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 20\% | 3\% | 7\% | 8\% | 9\% | 3\% | 93\% | 0\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Marion |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $3(4.5 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing | $10(14.9 \%)$ |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $12(17.9 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $42(62.7 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $67(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Marion Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 130 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 250 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 1,961 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 537 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 141 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 55 |
| No rent | 171 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 ( 5 year est.) (3)

| Marion Rent Asked |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 90 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 90 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 13 |

### 3.64 Marshall County

Marshall County is home to 40,137 people in 15,298 households, including 10,057 family households and 5,241 non-family households. In Marshall County 10,257 people are under 18, 3,332 are 18 to 24 , 12,523 are 25 to 54 , and 12,523 are over 55.

In Marshall County, during 2022, there were 190 people in 141 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 37 children under 18, 42 youth ages 18 to 24,88 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 23 senior adults over
 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Marshall'.

Marshall has 16,740 housing units, of which 15,298 are occupied, 4,301 by renters and 10,997 by owners. Marshall also has 1,442 vacant units, of which 353 are available for rent and 216 are for sale only. 156 are seasonal and 588 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Marshall County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 23 veterans and 127 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Marshall County is home to 2770 veterans. 1 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 129 of the people from Marshall County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits

In Marshall County there are 20,337 people in the civilian labor force, of which $5 \%$ are unemployed. In Marshall County the median household income is $\$ 63,591$ per year. $\$ 76,022$ for families and $\$ 38,172$ for
non-family households. 9\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 6\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 27\% received Social Security Income. 51.7\% of single mother households in Marshall County were in poverty. Of the 153 adults who had entries during this report, 82 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 441$ per month.

Collectively, the 190 people had 350 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Marshall County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Marshall' shows how those services were resolved. 123 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People <br> served | Average <br> household <br> size | Under age <br> 18 | Youseholds 18-24 | Adults <br> $25-54$ | Adults 55 <br> and over |  |
| Indeterminate | 56 | 18 | 3.1 | 29 | 6 | 20 | 1 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 56 | 86 | 1.1 | 0 | 2 | 69 | 22 |
| Only adults | 93 | 3 | 2.7 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 8 | 31 | 1.1 | 0 | 33 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 33 | 3 | 1.0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household | 3 | 141 | 1.3 | 37 | 42 | 88 | 23 |
| Grand Total | 190 | 141 |  |  |  |  |  |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Marshall Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \$ 20 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 9 | 57 | 351 | 581 | 1,442 | 1,568 | 2,181 | 1,136 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 47 | 316 | 213 | 322 | 163 | 242 | 21 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 75 | 138 | 285 | 196 | 40 | 14 | 11 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 2 | 50 | 123 | 148 | 96 | 34 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 16 | 143 | 73 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 12 | 52 | 69 | 32 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 149 | 186 | 240 | 35 | 28 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 68 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2]

Marshall Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{n}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \frac{n}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{+}}}{\sum_{\substack{\text { n }}}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hat{N} \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 96\% | 80\% | 91\% | 96\% | 74\% | 81\% | 93\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 4\% | 20\% | 9\% | 4\% | 26\% | 19\% | 7\% | 0\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Marshall |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $12(13.6 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing | $9(10.2 \%)$ |
| Owned by client | $1(1.1 \%)$ |
| Rental by cleint | $30(34.1 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $37(42.0 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $88(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Marshall Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 67 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 479 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 2,612 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 681 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 77 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 112 |
| No rent | 273 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) (3)
Marshall Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 5 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 167 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 237 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 8 |

ACS, Rent Asked in 2021 (5 year est.) 5]

### 3.65 Mills County

Mills County is home to 14,658 people in 5,301 households, including 3,624 family households and 1,677 non-family households. In Mills County 3,457 people are under 18, 1,031 are 18 to 24 , 4,938 are 25 to 54 , and 4,938 are over 55 .

In Mills County, during 2022, there were 5 people in 2 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 2 children under 18, 3 adults ages 25 to 54. The exact distributions of those households
 are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Mills'.

Mills has 6,125 housing units, of which 5,301 are occupied, 974 by renters and 4,327 by owners. Mills also has 824 vacant units, of which 59 are available for rent and 129 are for sale only. 88 are seasonal and 403 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Mills County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 1 person with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability.

In Mills County there are 7,387 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Mills County the median household income is \$77,926 per year. \$94,429 for families and $\$ 48,690$ for non-family households. 6\% of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $4 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and $34 \%$ received Social Security Income. $28.0 \%$ of single

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits mother households in Mills County were in poverty. Of the 3 adults who had entries during this report, 1 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 178$ per month.

Collectively, the 5 people had 5 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were pro-
vided for people from Mills County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Mills' shows how those services were resolved. 1 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Mills |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults 25-54 | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 4 | 1 | 4.0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Only adults | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 5 | 2 | 2.5 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Mills Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10к- } \\ \text { \$20K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 12 | 110 | 247 | 422 | 502 | 819 | 744 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 14 | 14 | 30 | 165 | 113 | 149 | 25 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 4 | 16 | 56 | 114 | 45 | 22 | 19 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 4 | 30 | 27 | 78 | 28 | 20 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 3 | 31 | 44 | 32 | 51 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 12 | 0 | 49 | 10 | 11 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 59 | 61 | 82 | 11 | 9 | 19 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mills Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\rightharpoonup}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \frac{n}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\underset{\sim}{\top}}{\underset{\sim}{j}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hat{N} \\ & \underset{\sim}{n} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\mathrm{~N}} \end{aligned}$ |
| Above poverty | 80\% | 100\% | 94\% | 76\% | 89\% | 68\% | 13\% |  |
| Below poverty | 20\% | 0\% | 6\% | 24\% | 11\% | 32\% | 88\% |  |


| ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) [3] |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Mills Rent Asked |  |
| $\$ 249$ or less |  |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 10 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 52 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.66 Mitchell County

Mitchell County is home to 10,526 people in 4,400 households, including 2,908 family households and 1,492 non-family households. In Mitchell County 2,537 people are under 18,807 are 18 to 24 , 3,778 are 25 to 54 , and 3,778 are over 55 .

Mitchell has 4,847 housing units, of which 4,400 are occupied, 810 by renters and 3,590 by owners. Mitchell also has 447 vacant units, of which 30 are available for rent and 11 are for sale only. 135 are seasonal and 255 are vacant for 'other reasons.'


In Mitchell County there are 5,747 people in the civilian labor force, of which $1 \%$ are unemployed. In Mitchell County the median household income is $\$ 60,991$ per year. $\$ 76,981$ for families and $\$ 31,773$ for non-family households. $7 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $7 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and $27 \%$ received Social Security Income. $10.2 \%$ of single mother households in Mitchell County were in poverty.

Mitchell Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 10 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 24 | 237 | 243 | 557 | 458 | 555 | 419 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 2 | 8 | 66 | 64 | 76 | 16 | 21 | 5 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 39 | 41 | 50 | 35 | 69 | 9 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 8 | 12 | 34 | 3 | 12 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 25 | 40 | 63 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 32 | 63 | 31 | 48 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 33 | 88 | 28 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Mitchell Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\rightharpoonup}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{\sim}{n} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\underset{\sim}{+}}{\underset{\sim}{7}}$ | ㅇ + D D D O D | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { Non } \\ & \text { No } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 99\% | 91\% | 95\% | 72\% | 98\% | 78\% | 40\% |  |
| Below poverty | 1\% | 9\% | 5\% | 28\% | 2\% | 22\% | 60\% |  |

### 3.67 Monona County

Monona County is home to 8,732 people in 3,786 households, including 2,306 family households and 1,480 non-family households. In Monona County 1,950 people are under 18, 554 are 18 to 24 , 3,470 are 25 to 54 , and 3,470 are over 55.

In Monona County, during 2022, there were 6 people in 2 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 4 children under 18, 2 adults ages 25 to 54. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Monona'.


Monona has 4,424 housing units, of which 3,786 are occupied, 895 by renters and 2,891 by owners. Monona also has 638 vacant units, of which 60 are available for rent and 27 are for sale only. 142 are seasonal and 313 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Monona County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were veteran5 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Monona County is home to 670 veterans. For 1 of the people from Monona County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Monona County there are 4,268 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Monona County the median household income is $\$ 56,107$ per

| County where services were provided for people from Monona County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{7} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { O} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |
| Grand Total | 5 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 6 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 71,688$ for families and $\$ 31,955$ for non-family households. 11\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 6\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 36\% received Social Security Income. 40.5\% of single mother households in Monona County were in poverty. Of the 2 adults who had entries during this report, 1 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 404$ per month.

Collectively, the 6 people had 6 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Monona County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Monona' shows how those services were resolved. of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Monona |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 5 | 1 | 5.0 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Only adults | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 6 | 2 | 3.0 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Monona Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \text { \$20K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | \$100K- <br> \$150K | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Over } \\ & \text { \$150K } \end{aligned}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 19 | 252 | 221 | 435 | 351 | 525 | 237 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 36 | 52 | 15 | 92 | 30 | 48 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 1 | 23 | 39 | 25 | 18 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 39 | 26 | 51 | 12 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 11 | 9 | 23 | 7 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 4 | 17 | 29 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 67 | 42 | 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Monona Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{n}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{1} \\ & \frac{n}{x} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{+ \\ \hline}}{\sum_{i}}$ | O + D D O 0 D | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \underset{\sim}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 88\% | 75\% | 79\% | 59\% | 94\% | 48\% |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 12\% | 25\% | 21\% | 41\% | 6\% | 52\% |

[^2]| Housing Outcomes - Monona |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing |  |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | 0() |
| Temporary | 0() |
| Grand Total |  |

Iowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Monona Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 139 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 422 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 73 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 9 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 42 |
| No rent | 210 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Monona Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 24 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 9 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 27 |

### 3.68 Monroe County

Monroe County is home to 7,589 people in 2,998 households, including 1,812 family households and 1,186 non-family households. In Monroe County 1,853 people are under 18, 566 are 18 to 24 , 2,603 are 25 to 54 , and 2,603 are over 55 .

In Monroe County, during 2022, there were 18 people in 9 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 9 children under 18, 9 adults ages 25 to 54. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Monroe'.


Monroe has 3,674 housing units, of which 2,998 are occupied, 546 by renters and 2,452 by owners. Monroe also has 676 vacant units, of which 136 are available for rent and 0 are for sale only. 271 are seasonal and 243 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Monroe County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 4 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. For 11 of the people from Monroe County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Monroe County there are 3,788 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Monroe County the median household income is \$69,929 per year. \$82,406 for families and \$36,923 for non-family house-

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits holds. 12\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 6\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 28\% received Social Security Income. $24.4 \%$ of single mother households in Monroe County were in poverty. Of the 9 adults who had entries during this report, 3 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 87$ per month.

Collectively, the 18 people had 27 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Monroe County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Monroe' shows how those services were resolved. 10 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Monroe |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 13 | 4 | 3.3 | 9 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Only adults | 5 | 5 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 18 | 9 | 2.0 | 9 | 0 | 9 | 0 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Monroe Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \text { \$20K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 20 K- \\ & \$ 35 K \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | \$75K\$100K | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 K- \\ \$ 150 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{array}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 22 | 111 | 170 | 407 | 482 | 554 | 139 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 19 | 16 | 27 | 52 | 38 | 19 | 8 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 0 | 18 | 14 | 18 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 0 | 44 | 10 | 20 | 0 | 33 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 11 | 12 | 6 | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 7 | 9 | 18 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 31 | 56 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 |
| Not computed | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Monroe Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\Delta}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{1} \\ & \text { 뭇 } \end{aligned}$ | $\sum_{\substack{\underset{\sim}{j}}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ㅇ } \\ & \text { 古 } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { D } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { D } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { R } \\ & \text { Nin } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% |  | 91\% |  | 61\% | 95\% |  |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% |  | 9\% |  | 39\% | 5\% |  |  |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Monroe Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 53 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 83 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.69 Montgomery County

Montgomery County is home to 10,327 people in 4,380 households, including 2,758 family households and 1,622 non-family households. In Montgomery County 2,515 people are under 18, 769 are 18 to $24,3,776$ are 25 to 54 , and 3,776 are over 55.

In Montgomery County, during 2022, there were 25 people in 12 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 9 children under 18, 2 youth ages 18 to 24, 13 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 1 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Montgomery'.


Montgomery has 5,036 housing units, of which 4,380 are occupied, 1,282 by renters and 3,098 by owners. Montgomery also has 656 vacant units, of which 76 are available for rent and 30 are for sale only. 60 are seasonal and 431 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Montgomery County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 18 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. For 14 of the people from Montgomery County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Montgomery County there are 4,964 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Montgomery County the median household income is $\$ 56,971$ per year. \$69,237 for families and $\$ 32,288$ for non-family

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits households. 10\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 7\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 31\% received Social Security Income. $58.2 \%$ of single mother households in Montgomery County were in poverty. Of the 16 adults who had entries during this report, 7 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 404$ per
month.
Collectively, the 25 people had 44 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Montgomery County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Montgomery' shows how those services were resolved. 22 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Montgomery |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 17 | 4 | 4.3 | 9 | 2 | 6 | 0 |
| Only adults | 8 | 8 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 1 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 25 | 12 | 2.1 | 9 | 2 | 13 | 1 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Montgomery Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Over } \\ & \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 7 | 35 | 209 | 194 | 533 | 395 | 569 | 279 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 51 | 61 | 18 | 30 | 24 | 18 | 2 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 1 | 86 | 69 | 20 | 57 | 30 | 22 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 38 | 42 | 16 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 7 | 6 | 8 | 14 | 11 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 5 | 24 | 33 | 14 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 52 | 49 | 26 | 0 | 9 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Montgomery Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{?}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\underset{\sim}{\top}}{\sum}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & 0 \sim \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 100\% | 88\% | 100\% | 40\% | 76\% | 86\% |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 0\% | 12\% | 0\% | 60\% | 24\% | 14\% |  |


| Housing Outcomes - Montgomery |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $3(14.3 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing |  |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $9(42.9 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $9(42.9 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $21(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Montgomery Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 74 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 170 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 842 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 67 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 25 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |
| No rent | 104 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Montgomery Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 76 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.70 Muscatine County

Muscatine Country is home to 43,145 people in 16,785 households, including 11,227 family households and 5,558 non-family households. In Muscatine County 10,737 people are under 18, 3,701 are 18 to 24 , 12,843 are 25 to 54 , and 12,843 are over 55.

In Muscatine County, during 2022, there were 1331 people in 715 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 483 children under 18, 121 youth ages 18 to 24,568 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 156 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Muscatine'.

Muscatine has 18,321 housing units, of which 16,785 are occupied, 4,452 by renters and 12,333 by owners. Muscatine also has 1,536 vacant units, of which 477 are available for rent and 55 are for sale only. 222 are seasonal and 727 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Muscatine County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 156 veterans and 328 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Muscatine County is home to 1890 veterans. 6 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 1137 of the people from Muscatine County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.


Iowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits

In Muscatine County there are 22,144 people in the civilian labor force, of which 4\% are unemployed. In Muscatine County the median household income is $\$ 61,547$ per year. $\$ 74,433$ for families and $\$ 38,584$
for non-family households. 9\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 7\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 25\% received Social Security Income. 34.1\% of single mother households in Muscatine County were in poverty. Of the 845 adults who had entries during this report, 474 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 433$ per month.

Collectively, the 1331 people had 2990 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Muscatine County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Muscatine' shows how those services were resolved. 1201 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | People served | Household Typology - Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Households | Average household size | Under age $18$ | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate | 3 | 1 | 3.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 760 | 222 | 3.4 | 448 | 36 | 269 | 7 |
| Only adults | 476 | 428 | 1.1 | 0 | 13 | 312 | 151 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 62 | 22 | 2.8 | 36 | 26 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 48 | 42 | 1.1 | 0 | 48 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 1,331 | 715 | 1.9 | 483 | 121 | 568 | 156 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Muscatine Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 35 K- \\ & \$ 50 K \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 K- \\ & \$ 100 K \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 51 | 288 | 720 | 1,424 | 1,491 | 2,365 | 1,511 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 66 | 241 | 276 | 353 | 340 | 329 | 40 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 16 | 206 | 81 | 136 | 23 | 64 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 0 | 70 | 105 | 277 | 89 | 23 | 11 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 2 | 32 | 107 | 102 | 73 | 74 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 2 | 162 | 198 | 49 | 44 | 5 | 0 | 1 |
| 50\% or more | 202 | 227 | 302 | 57 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 65 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Muscatine Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{N}{ㅅ} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\dot{\sim}}}{\sum}$ | ㅇ + N T O N | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \underset{0}{0} \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 91\% | 85\% | 90\% | 85\% | 74\% | 90\% | 68\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 9\% | 15\% | 10\% | 15\% | 26\% | 10\% | 32\% | 0\% |

ACS, Poverty by Race in 2021 (5 year est.) 4

| Housing Outcomes - Muscatine |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $57(6.1 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing | $96(10.3 \%)$ |
| Owned by client | $13(1.4 \%)$ |
| Rental by cleint | $664(71.2 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $144(15.5 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $932(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

Muscatine Gross Rent

| \$249 or less | 58 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 429 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 2,315 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 1,254 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 131 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 30 |
| No rent | 235 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3]
Muscatine Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 104 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 377 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 18 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.71 O’Brien County

O'Brien County is home to 14,139 people in 5,670 households, including 3,572 family households and 2,098 non-family households. In O'Brien County 3,405 people are under 18, 1,062 are 18 to 24 , 4,900 are 25 to 54 , and 4,900 are over 55 .

In O'Brien County, during 2022, there were 19 people in 10 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 8 children under 18, 1 youth ages 18 to 24, 9 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 1 senior adults over 55
 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - O'Brien'.

O'Brien has 6,536 housing units, of which 5,670 are occupied, 1,408 by renters and 4,262 by owners. O'Brien also has 866 vacant units, of which 190 are available for rent and 119 are for sale only. 13 are seasonal and 451 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from O'Brien County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 1 veteran10 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. O'Brien County is home to 894 veterans. For 11 of the people from O'Brien County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In O'Brien County there are 7,336 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In O'Brien County the median household income is \$62,292 per

| County where services were provided for people from O'Brien County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 |
| Story |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  | 8 | 2 |  |  | 10 |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |
| Grand Total | 15 | 2 |  |  |  | 9 | 2 |  |  | 19 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 84,637$ for families and $\$ 32,955$ for non-family households. 7\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 5\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 29\% received Social Security Income. 58.4\% of single mother households in O'Brien County were in poverty. Of the 11 adults who had entries during this report, 5 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 387$ per month.

Collectively, the 19 people had 28 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from O'Brien County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - O'Brien' shows how those services were resolved. 13 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - O'Brien |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & 25-54 \end{aligned}$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 13 | 4 | 3.3 | 7 | 1 | 5 | 0 |
| Only adults | 5 | 5 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grand Total | 19 | 10 | 1.9 | 8 | 1 | 9 | 1 |


| Iowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| O'Brien Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Under \$10K | \$10K\$20K | \$20K\$35K | \$35K\$50K | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 K- \\ & \$ 100 K \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Over } \\ & \text { \$150K } \end{aligned}$ |
| Below 20\% | 9 | 58 | 204 | 382 | 511 | 751 | 734 | 383 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 31 | 49 | 46 | 125 | 104 | 48 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 17 | 79 | 59 | 5 | 42 | 38 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 4 | 13 | 16 | 21 | 61 | 23 | 8 | 14 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 38 | 60 | 35 | 16 | 2 | 8 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 4 | 33 | 23 | 28 | 3 | 31 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 60 | 52 | 19 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| O'Brien Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\Delta}{2} \\ & \frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{1} \\ & \frac{n}{x} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\dot{\sim}}}{\sum}$ | 0 O + D T 0 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \hat{0} \\ & i \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 21\% | 90\% | 18\% | 92\% | 58\% | 97\% |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 79\% | 10\% | 82\% | 8\% | 42\% | 3\% |  |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) [3]
O'Brien Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 11 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 98 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 88 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.72 Osceola County

Osceola County is home to 6,168 people in 2,659 households, including 1,617 family households and 1,042 non-family households. In Osceola County 1,462 people are under 18, 374 are 18 to 24, 2,339 are 25 to 54 , and 2,339 are over 55.

In Osceola County, during 2022, there were 22 people in 7 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 11 children under 18,1 youth ages 18 to 24,10 adults ages 25 to 54 . The exact distributions
 of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Osceola'.

Osceola has 2,899 housing units, of which 2,659 are occupied, 586 by renters and 2,073 by owners. Osceola also has 240 vacant units, of which 29 are available for rent and 14 are for sale only. 11 are seasonal and 186 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Osceola County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 8 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. For 19 of the people from Osceola County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Osceola County there are 3,243 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Osceola County the median household income is $\$ 65,242$ per year. \$74,194 for families and $\$ 45,405$ for non-family house-

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits holds. 8\% of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. 6\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 31\% received Social Security Income. $50.4 \%$ of single mother households in Osceola County were in poverty. Of the 11 adults who had entries during this report, 7 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 522$ per month.

Collectively, the 22 people had 37 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Osceola County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Osceola' shows how those services were resolved. 14 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Osceola |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & 25-54 \end{aligned}$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 20 | 6 | 3.3 | 11 | 1 | 8 | 0 |
| Only adults | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 22 | 7 | 3.1 | 11 | 1 | 10 | 0 |

Iowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Osceola Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Under | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over |
|  | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| Below $20 \%$ | 5 | 28 | 84 | 209 | 390 | 255 | 411 | 181 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 6 | 9 | 20 | 31 | 72 | 26 | 0 | 8 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 0 | 10 | 15 | 28 | 55 | 13 | 0 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 2 | 3 | 6 | 11 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 0 | 15 | 26 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 0 | 4 | 27 | 2 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 31 | 36 | 4 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Osceola Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { D }}{N} \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{+\stackrel{1}{+}}}{\sum_{i}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \text { 士 } \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { Ton } \\ & \text { N0 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 89\% | 94\% | 89\% | 55\% | 99\% | 82\% | 56\% |  |
| Below poverty | 11\% | 6\% | 11\% | 45\% | 1\% | 18\% | 44\% |  |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Osceola Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 29 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.73 Page County

Page County is home to 15,250 people in 6,171 households, including 3,695 family households and 2,476 non-family households. In Page County 3,041 people are under 18, 1,026 are 18 to 24 , 5,747 are 25 to 54 , and 5,747 are over 55.

In Page County, during 2022, there were 64 people in 34 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 23 children under 18,6 youth ages 18 to 24,28 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 7 senior adults over 55 years
 old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Page'.

Page has 7,015 housing units, of which 6,171 are occupied, 1,906 by renters and 4,265 by owners. Page also has 844 vacant units, of which 79 are available for rent and 39 are for sale only. 101 are seasonal and 598 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Page County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 7 veterans and 26 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Page County is home to 1121 veterans. For 35 of the people from Page County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Page County there are 7,446 people in the civilian labor force, of which $7 \%$ are unemployed. In Page

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits County the median household income is $\$ 52,108$ per year. $\$ 65,709$ for families and $\$ 28,387$ for non-family households. $13 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $7 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 34\% received Social Security Income. 37.8\% of single mother households in Page County were in poverty. Of the 41 adults who had entries during this report, 20 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 403$ per month.

Collectively, the 64 people had 90 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Page County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Page' shows how those services were resolved. 52 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Page |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age $18$ | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 36 | 9 | 4.0 | 22 | 2 | 12 | 0 |
| Only adults | 24 | 22 | 1.1 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 7 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 3 | 2 | 1.5 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 64 | 34 | 1.9 | 23 | 6 | 28 | 7 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Page Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 K- \\ \$ 75 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \text { \$100K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 150 | 229 | 352 | 757 | 645 | 534 | 309 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 58 | 64 | 77 | 98 | 3 | 12 | 6 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 88 | 54 | 50 | 104 | 73 | 40 | 6 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 21 | 58 | 18 | 47 | 0 | 7 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 11 | 45 | 10 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 28 | 27 | 2 | 12 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 105 | 53 | 28 | 15 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Not computed | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Page Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { D }}{N} \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{+\stackrel{i}{+}}}{\sum}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N } \\ & i \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 94\% | 87\% | 81\% | 89\% | 47\% | 100\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 6\% | 13\% | 19\% | 11\% | 53\% | 0\% | 0\% |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3]
Page Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 26 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 60 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.74 Palo Alto County

Palo Alto County is home to 8,996 people in 3,685 households, including 2,144 family households and 1,541 non-family households. In Palo Alto County 2,131 people are under 18, 700 are 18 to 24 , 3,203 are 25 to 54 , and 3,203 are over 55.

In Palo Alto County, during 2022, there were 39 people in 20 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 18 children under 18,3 youth ages 18 to 24,17 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 1 senior adults over
 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Palo Alto'.

Palo Alto has 4,512 housing units, of which 3,685 are occupied, 887 by renters and 2,798 by owners. Palo Alto also has 827 vacant units, of which 69 are available for rent and 20 are for sale only. 168 are seasonal and 545 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Palo Alto County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 1 veterans and 15 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Palo Alto County is home to 534 veterans. For 38 of the people from Palo Alto County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Palo Alto County there are 4,756 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Palo Alto County the median household income is $\$ 59,988$ per

| County where services were provided for people from Palo Alto County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { o } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \text { © } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{-1}{N} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{3} \\ & \stackrel{\omega}{7} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Black Hawk |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 33 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 33 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  | 18 | 5 |  |  | 23 |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | 3 |
| Grand Total | 33 | 3 |  |  |  | 18 | 8 |  |  | 39 |

Iowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 81,250$ for families and $\$ 35,283$ for non-family households. 9\% of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $7 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 32\% received Social Security Income. 28.1\% of single mother households in Palo Alto County were in poverty. Of the 21 adults who had entries during this report,

13 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 439$ per month.
Collectively, the 39 people had 72 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Palo Alto County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Palo Alto' shows how those services were resolved. 31 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Palo Alto |  |  |  |  | Adults$25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 |  |  |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 29 | 9 | 3.2 | 18 | 1 | 10 | 0 |
| Only adults | 9 | 9 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 1 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth | 2 | 2 | 1.0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 39 | 20 | 2.0 | 18 | 3 | 17 | 1 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Palo Alto Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \text { \$20K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$35K- } \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50 K- \\ & \$ 75 K \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \text { \$100K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Over } \\ & \text { \$150K } \end{aligned}$ |
| Below 20\% | 2 | 19 | 143 | 186 | 440 | 413 | 497 | 241 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 22 | 50 | 45 | 96 | 33 | 52 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 26 | 62 | 21 | 31 | 7 | 12 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 8 | 24 | 13 | 0 | 5 | 13 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 10 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 39 | 21 | 45 | 13 | 61 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 51 | 19 | 49 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Palo Alto Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{\sim}{त} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{7}}}{ }$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { © } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \stackrel{0}{N} \\ & \overrightarrow{0} \\ & \stackrel{n}{\#} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 90\% | 91\% | 100\% | 95\% | 93\% | 0\% |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 10\% | 9\% | 0\% | 5\% | 7\% | 100\% |  |


| Housing Outcomes - Palo Alto |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing | $4(16.7 \%)$ |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $13(54.2 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $7(29.2 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $24(100.0 \%)$ |

Iowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Palo Alto Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 37 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 241 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 402 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 72 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 32 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 4 |
|  | 99 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Palo Alto Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 41 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 28 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.75 Plymouth County

Plymouth County is home to 25,543 people in 10,191 households, including 7,315 family households and 2,876 non-family households. In Plymouth County 6,441 people are under 18, 1,997 are 18 to 24 , 8,376 are 25 to 54 , and 8,376 are over 55.

In Plymouth County, during 2022, there were 2 people in 2 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 1 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 1 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those
 households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Plymouth'.

Plymouth has 10,777 housing units, of which 10,191 are occupied, 2,427 by renters and 7,764 by owners. Plymouth also has 586 vacant units, of which 135 are available for rent and 89 are for sale only. 33 are seasonal and 263 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Plymouth County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 1 veteran1 person with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Plymouth County is home to 1573 veterans. For 1 of the people from Plymouth County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Plymouth County there are 13,820 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Plymouth County the median household income is $\$ 74,239$ per

| County where services were provided for people from Plymouth County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 2 |
| Grand Total | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 2 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 88,505$ for families and $\$ 35,534$ for non-family households. 6\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. $2 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 29\% received Social Security Income. 24.2\% of single mother households in Plymouth County were in poverty. Of the 2 adults who had entries during this report, 2 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 1052$ per month.

Collectively, the 2 people had 5 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Plymouth County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Plymouth' shows how those services were resolved. 1 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Plymouth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & 25-54 \end{aligned}$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Only adults | 2 | 2 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 2 | 2 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

Iowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Plymouth Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | \$10K\$20K | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 K- \\ & \$ 100 K \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 59 | 147 | 432 | 930 | 1,123 | 1,573 | 1,167 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 57 | 115 | 89 | 257 | 169 | 87 | 53 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 2 | 54 | 35 | 84 | 124 | 30 | 74 | 15 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 0 | 44 | 80 | 87 | 28 | 63 | 7 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 12 | 7 | 49 | 15 | 39 | 0 | 38 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 123 | 61 | 29 | 38 | 29 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 86 | 96 | 58 | 43 | 22 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Plymouth Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\Delta}{2} \\ & \frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{n}{\lambda} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{+ \\ \hline}}{\sum}$ | O + D D O 0 D | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \hat{N} \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 88\% | 94\% | 92\% | 96\% | 86\% | 70\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 12\% | 6\% | 8\% | 4\% | 14\% | 30\% | 0\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Plymouth |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing |  |
| Owned by client | 0() |
| Rental by cleint | 0() |
| Temporary | 0() |
| Grand Total |  |

Iowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

Plymouth Gross Rent

| $\$ 249$ or less | 143 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 126 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 1,469 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 353 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 12 |
| No rent | 324 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Plymouth Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 33 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 153 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.76 Pocahontas County

Pocahontas County is home to 7,091 people in 3,121 households, including 1,880 family households and 1,241 non-family households. In Pocahontas County 1,604 people are under 18, 505 are 18 to $24,2,822$ are 25 to 54 , and 2,822 are over 55.

In Pocahontas County, during 2022, there were 22 people in 10 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 11 children under 18, 9 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 2 senior adults over 55 years old.
 The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Pocahontas'.

Pocahontas has 3,678 housing units, of which 3,121 are occupied, 644 by renters and 2,477 by owners. Pocahontas also has 557 vacant units, of which 47 are available for rent and 43 are for sale only. 24 are seasonal and 428 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Pocahontas County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 2 veteran7 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Pocahontas County is home to 431 veterans. For 13 of the people from Pocahontas County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Pocahontas County there are 3,584 people in the civilian labor force, of which $6 \%$ are unemployed. In Pocahontas County the median house-

| County where services were provided for people from Pocahontas County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \stackrel{1}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{\top} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  | 3 |  |  |  | 8 | 4 |  |  | 15 |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |
| Grand Total | 12 | 4 |  |  |  | 9 | 5 |  |  | 22 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits hold income is $\$ 56,350$ per year. $\$ 73,214$ for families and $\$ 34,792$ for non-family households. $8 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. 6\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 34\% received Social Security Income. 16.1\% of single mother households in Pocahontas County were in poverty. Of the 11 adults who had entries during this report, 8 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 595$ per month.

Collectively, the 22 people had 34 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Pocahontas County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Pocahontas' shows how those services were resolved. 20 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Pocahontas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 16 | 4 | 4.0 | 11 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Only adults | 6 | 6 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 22 | 10 | 2.2 | 11 | 0 | 9 | 2 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Pocahontas Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 K- \\ \$ 75 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \text { \$100K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Over } \\ & \text { \$150K } \end{aligned}$ |
| Below 20\% | 1 | 31 | 189 | 232 | 397 | 340 | 395 | 245 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 1 | 35 | 58 | 47 | 50 | 17 | 0 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 5 | 28 | 20 | 59 | 14 | 23 | 2 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 3 | 14 | 14 | 22 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 3 | 6 | 6 | 4 | 10 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 12 | 40 | 6 | 2 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 38 | 32 | 31 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pocahontas Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { D }}{N} \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{+\stackrel{i}{+}}}{\sum}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O } \\ & \text { + } \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { D } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N } \\ & i \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 0\% | 91\% | 68\% | 71\% | 87\% | 85\% | 73\% |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 100\% | 9\% | 32\% | 29\% | 13\% | 15\% | 27\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Pocahontas |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing | $0(0.0 \%)$ |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $11(84.6 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $2(15.4 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $13(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Pocahontas Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 121 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 400 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 4 |
| No rent | 119 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Pocahontas Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 6 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 28 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 14 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

[^3]
### 3.77 Polk County

Polk County is home to 488,871 people in 195,263 households, including 119,936 family households and 75,327 non-family households. In Polk County 121,827 people are under 18, 42,247 are 18 to 24 , 121,541 are 25 to 54 , and 121,541 are over 55.

In Polk County, during 2022, there were 6406 people in 4703 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 1593 children under 18, 597 youth ages 18 to 24, 3132 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 1033 se-
 nior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Polk'.

Polk has 207,688 housing units, of which 195,263 are occupied, 64,714 by renters and 130,549 by owners. Polk also has 12,425 vacant units, of which 3,936 are available for rent and 1,424 are for sale only. 557 are seasonal and 4,527 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Polk County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 1033 veterans and 4233 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Polk County is home to 22667 veterans. 67 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 4589 of the people from Polk County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits

In Polk County there are 271,545 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Polk County the median household income is $\$ 73,015$ per year. $\$ 90,550$ for families and $\$ 47,758$ for nonfamily households. $7 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $5 \%$ of families received Supplemental

Security Income (SSI) and 22\% received Social Security Income. 27.4\% of single mother households in Polk County were in poverty. Of the 4762 adults who had entries during this report, 2414 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 545$ per month.

Collectively, the 6406 people had 14846 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Polk County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Polk' shows how those services were resolved. 4856 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | People served | Household Typology - Polk |  |  |  | Adults$25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 |  |  |
| Indeterminate | 27 | 23 | 1.2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 2,035 | 581 | 3.5 | 1,283 | 60 | 673 | 14 |
| Only adults | 3,570 | 3,487 | 1.0 | 0 | 26 | 2,504 | 1,021 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 304 | 115 | 2.6 | 171 | 133 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 409 | 402 | 1.0 | 0 | 408 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household | 148 | 95 | 1.6 | 146 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Grand Total | 6,406 | 4,703 | 1.4 | 1,593 | 597 | 3,132 | 1,033 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Polk Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \$ 10 K- \\ \$ 20 K \end{gathered}$ | \$20K\$35K | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 K- \\ & \$ 100 K \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | Over \$150K |
| Below 20\% | 29 | 248 | 2,036 | 3,813 | 9,647 | 13,021 | 23,767 | 26,751 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 9 | 234 | 1,152 | 1,541 | 4,901 | 4,206 | 4,269 | 1,531 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 8 | 180 | 1,204 | 1,529 | 3,430 | 2,249 | 1,343 | 445 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 78 | 340 | 842 | 1,195 | 2,007 | 545 | 568 | 53 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 5 | 465 | 749 | 1,320 | 1,144 | 303 | 147 | 37 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 15 | 557 | 1,539 | 1,302 | 819 | 172 | 206 | 63 |
| 50\% or more | 1,565 | 2,439 | 2,353 | 1,166 | 316 | 29 | 140 | 119 |
| Not computed | 408 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Polk Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{+}}}{\sum}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \underset{N}{N} \\ & \hat{\sim} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \\ & \stackrel{N}{\#} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 89\% | 69\% | 93\% | 79\% | 81\% | 83\% | 82\% | 69\% |
| Below poverty | 11\% | 31\% | 7\% | 21\% | 19\% | 17\% | 18\% | 31\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Polk |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $252(7.3 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing | $406(11.7 \%)$ |
| Owned by client | $15(0.4 \%)$ |
| Rental by cleint | $537(15.5 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $2,309(66.5 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $3,471(100.0 \%)$ |

Iowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Polk Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 784 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 2,824 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 29,772 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 22,003 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 5,639 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 1,875 |
| No rent | 1,817 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Polk Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 53 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 22 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 2,959 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 949 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 493 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 305 |

ACS, Rent Asked in 2021 (5 year est.) 5

### 3.78 Pottawattamie County

Pottawattamie County is home to 93,571 people in 36,964 households, including 23,546 family households and 13,418 non-family households. In Pottawattamie County 22,184 people are under 18, 8,135 are 18 to $24,29,638$ are 25 to 54 , and 29,638 are over 55.

In Pottawattamie County, during 2022, there were 11 people in 4 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 3 children under 18, 1 youth ages 18 to 24, 6 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 1 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Pottawattamie'.


Pottawattamie has 39,846 housing units, of which 36,964 are occupied, 11,200 by renters and 25,764 by owners. Pottawattamie also has 2,882 vacant units, of which 309 are available for rent and 222 are for sale only. 196 are seasonal and 1,921 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Pottawattamie County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 1 veteran8 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Pottawattamie County is home to 6416 veterans. For 10 of the people from Pottawattamie County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Pottawattamie County there are 47,839 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Pottawattamie County the

owa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits median household income is $\$ 63,840$ per year. $\$ 78,840$ for families and $\$ 35,625$ for non-family households. $9 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. 7\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 29\% received Social Security Income. 25.9\% of single mother households in Pottawattamie County were in poverty. Of
the 8 adults who had entries during this report, 4 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 492$ per month.
Collectively, the 11 people had 22 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Pottawattamie County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Pottawattamie' shows how those services were resolved. 10 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Pottawattamie |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & 25-54 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 6 | 1 | 6.0 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Only adults | 5 | 3 | 1.7 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 11 | 4 | 2.8 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 1 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Pottawattamie Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 K- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{array}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 119 | 750 | 1,208 | 2,656 | 3,130 | 4,740 | 3,406 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 90 | 382 | 364 | 897 | 653 | 606 | 137 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 184 | 371 | 292 | 898 | 158 | 198 | 19 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 135 | 284 | 434 | 233 | 213 | 83 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 18 | 94 | 135 | 108 | 135 | 56 | 31 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 35 | 308 | 313 | 130 | 118 | 20 | 7 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 319 | 536 | 395 | 147 | 43 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| Not computed | 170 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Pottawattamie Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \stackrel{N}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\square}{0} \\ & \frac{N}{\lambda} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\underset{\sim}{7}}{\substack{7}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { + } \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { § } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 77\% | 80\% | 90\% | 78\% | 83\% | 77\% | 91\% | 53\% |
| Below poverty | 23\% | 20\% | 10\% | 22\% | 17\% | 23\% | 9\% | 47\% |

### 3.79 Poweshiek County

Poweshiek County is home to 18,628 people in 7,820 households, including 4,483 family households and 3,337 non-family households. In Poweshiek County 3,733 people are under 18, 2,797 are 18 to $24,6,340$ are 25 to 54 , and 6,340 are over 55.

In Poweshiek County, during 2022, there were 110 people in 70 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 27 children under 18, 7 youth ages 18 to 24,57 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 17 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Poweshiek'.


Poweshiek has 8,918 housing units, of which 7,820 are occupied, 2,528 by renters and 5,292 by owners. Poweshiek also has 1,098 vacant units, of which 58 are available for rent and 121 are for sale only. 578 are seasonal and 296 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Poweshiek County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 17 veteran38 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Poweshiek County is home to 1167 veterans. For 74 of the people from Poweshiek County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Poweshiek County there are 9,733 people in the civilian labor force, of which 5\% are unemployed. In Poweshiek County the median household income is \$56,080 per year. \$83,257 for families and $\$ 33,585$ for non-family households. $13 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $3 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 33\% received Social Security Income. 33.5\% of single mother households in Poweshiek County were in poverty. Of the 81 adults who had entries during
this report, 41 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 385$ per month.
Collectively, the 110 people had 180 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Poweshiek County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Poweshiek' shows how those services were resolved. 69 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Poweshiek |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People <br> served | Households | Average <br> household <br> size | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults <br> $25-54$ | Adults 55 <br> and over |
| Indeterminate | 44 | 14 | 3.1 | 25 | 0 | 18 | 1 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 61 | 52 | 1.2 | 0 | 2 | 41 | 16 |
| Only adults | 3 | 1 | 3.0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 4 | 3 | 1.3 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth |  | 70 | 1.6 | 27 | 7 | 57 | 17 |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 110 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Poweshiek Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \$ 10 K- \\ \$ 20 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50 K- \\ & \$ 75 K \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Over } \\ & \text { \$150K } \end{aligned}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 16 | 268 | 252 | 677 | 532 | 825 | 699 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 2 | 79 | 56 | 148 | 153 | 145 | 26 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 19 | 81 | 173 | 48 | 8 | 53 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 70 | 95 | 75 | 29 | 12 | 11 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 7 | 33 | 49 | 46 | 38 | 8 | 8 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 1 | 36 | 45 | 22 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 93 | 155 | 112 | 38 | 10 | 6 | 8 | 6 |
| Not computed | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Poweshiek Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\Delta}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{0} \\ & \frac{\pi}{\lambda} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{7}}}{ }$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 96\% | 62\% | 88\% | 100\% | 77\% | 88\% | 100\% |  |
| Below poverty | 4\% | 38\% | 12\% | 0\% | 23\% | 12\% | 0\% |  |


| Housing Outcomes - Poweshiek |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing | $14(24.6 \%)$ |
| Owned by client | $4(7.0 \%)$ |
| Rental by cleint | $23(40.4 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $17(29.8 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $57(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Poweshiek Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 114 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 303 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 1,454 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 427 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 50 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 16 |
| No rent | 164 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Poweshiek Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 13 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 49 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.80 Ringgold County

Ringgold County is home to 4,739 people in 1,860 households, including 1,224 family households and 636 non-family households. In Ringgold County 1,149 people are under 18, 337 are 18 to 24 , 1,809 are 25 to 54 , and 1,809 are over 55.

Ringgold has 2,669 housing units, of which 1,860 are occupied, 403 by renters and 1,457 by owners. Ringgold also has 809 vacant units, of which 21 are available for rent and 8 are for sale only. 538 are seasonal and 182 are vacant for 'other reasons.'


In Ringgold County there are 2,226 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Ringgold County the median household income is $\$ 57,700$ per year. $\$ 76,250$ for families and $\$ 30,345$ for non-family households. $8 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $3 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and $32 \%$ received Social Security Income. $26.9 \%$ of single mother households in Ringgold County were in poverty.

Ringgold Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 10 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100к- } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 21 | 26 | 110 | 197 | 175 | 231 | 166 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 1 | 8 | 77 | 17 | 22 | 40 | 8 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 14 | 31 | 31 | 22 | 3 | 7 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 5 | 27 | 10 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 27 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 6 | 25 | 11 | 8 | 35 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 20 | 18 | 16 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) [2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ringgold Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D } \\ & \frac{n}{M} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{7}}}{\substack{2}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% |  | 90\% | 88\% | 100\% | 91\% |  |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% |  | 10\% | 12\% | 0\% | 9\% |  |  |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Ringgold Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 4 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 17 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 9 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.81 Sac County

Sac County is home to 9,829 people in 4,196 households, including 2,667 family households and 1,529 nonfamily households. In Sac County 2,193 people are under 18, 672 are 18 to $24,3,858$ are 25 to 54 , and 3,858 are over 55.

In Sac County, during 2022, there were 2 people in 2 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 2 adults ages 25 to 54. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Sac'.


Sac has 5,162 housing units, of which 4,196 are occupied, 835 by renters and 3,361 by owners. Sac also has 966 vacant units, of which 12 are available for rent and 54 are for sale only. 394 are seasonal and 462 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

For 2 of the people from Sac County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Sac County there are 5,090 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Sac County the median household income is $\$ 61,040$ per year. \$75,953 for families and $\$ 33,843$ for non-family households. 7\% of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $5 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and $32 \%$ received Social Security Income. 27.4\% of single mother households in Sac

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits County were in poverty. Of the 2 adults who had entries during this report, 1 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 150$ per month.

Collectively, the 2 people had 4 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Sac County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table
'Housing Outcomes - Sac' shows how those services were resolved. of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Sac |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Only adults | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 2 | 2 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Sac Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Under | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over |
|  | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| Below $20 \%$ | 0 | 37 | 175 | 260 | 561 | 545 | 590 | 363 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 2 | 32 | 29 | 76 | 26 | 25 | 6 | 0 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 8 | 36 | 37 | 35 | 18 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 0 | 22 | 35 | 9 | 16 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 0 | 54 | 12 | 2 | 43 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 10 | 21 | 36 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $50 \%$ or more | 47 | 81 | 65 | 4 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sac Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \frac{\pi}{2} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \stackrel{+}{\mathbf{N}} \\ & \underset{\sim}{0} \\ & \text { N} \\ & \underset{\sim}{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \sim \\ & + \\ & \text { ס} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \underset{\sim}{D} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| Above poverty | 86\% | 100\% | 92\% | 83\% | 94\% | 90\% |  |  |
| Below poverty | 14\% | 0\% | 8\% | 18\% | 6\% | 10\% |  |  |


| ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Sac Rent Asked |  |
| Sa |  |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 8 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 13 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |


| Housing Outcomes - Sac |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | 0() |
| Moved into permanent housing |  |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint |  |
| Temporary |  |
| Grand Total | 0() |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

Sac Gross Rent

| $\$ 249$ or less | 3 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 184 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 504 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 38 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 21 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 6 |
| No rent | 79 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 ( 5 year est.) (3)

ACS, Rent Asked in 2021 (5 year est.) 5

### 3.82 Scott County

Scott County is home to 174,170 people in 69,955 households, including 43,658 family households and 26,297 non-family households. In Scott County 41,552 people are under 18, 14,404 are 18 to 24 , 51,322 are 25 to 54 , and 51,322 are over 55.

In Scott County, during 2022, there were 4064 people in 2406 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 1431 children under 18, 300 youth ages 18 to 24,1809 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 499 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Scott'.


Scott has 77,086 housing units, of which 69,955 are occupied, 20,995 by renters and 48,960 by owners. Scott also has 7,131 vacant units, of which 2,094 are available for rent and 816 are for sale only. 877 are seasonal and 2,826 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Scott County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 499 veterans and 1658 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Scott County is home to 10731 veterans. 22 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 2998 of the people from Scott County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits

In Scott County there are 90,303 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Scott County the median household income is $\$ 67,675$ per year. $\$ 87,190$ for families and $\$ 41,142$ for nonfamily households. 9\% of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $6 \%$ of families received Supplemental

Security Income (SSI) and 26\% received Social Security Income. 36.6\% of single mother households in Scott County were in poverty. Of the 2608 adults who had entries during this report, 1501 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 457$ per month.

Collectively, the 4064 people had 11106 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Scott County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Scott' shows how those services were resolved. 3354 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People <br> served | Average <br> household <br> Hize |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults <br> $25-54$ | Adults 55 <br> and over |
| Indeterminate | 4 | 3 | 1.3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 2,095 | 622 | 3.4 | 1,297 | 65 | 703 | 27 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Only adults | 1,678 | 1,574 | 1.1 | 0 | 30 | 1,159 | 473 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 203 | 76 | 2.7 | 117 | 86 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth | 129 | 118 | 1.1 | 0 | 128 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household | 21 | 13 | 1.6 | 18 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 4,064 | 2,406 | 1.7 | 1,431 | 300 | 1,809 | 499 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Scott Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \text { \$20K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 к- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 5 | 148 | 942 | 2,040 | 5,290 | 5,319 | 8,562 | 9,336 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 4 | 172 | 523 | 768 | 1,652 | 1,301 | 1,116 | 495 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 11 | 138 | 475 | 678 | 857 | 427 | 336 | 112 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 27 | 52 | 442 | 821 | 567 | 267 | 249 | 36 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 16 | 119 | 209 | 253 | 244 | 100 | 12 | 32 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 4 | 191 | 621 | 472 | 205 | 44 | 26 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 655 | 952 | 686 | 353 | 88 | 90 | 50 | 0 |
| Not computed | 370 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Scott Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \stackrel{N}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{0} \\ & \frac{\sim}{N} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{F}}}{\substack{\text { n }}}$ |  | N T N On |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 92\% | 64\% | 91\% | 82\% | 77\% | 84\% | 79\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 8\% | 36\% | 9\% | 18\% | 23\% | 16\% | 21\% | 0\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Scott |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $307(11.2 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing | $115(4.2 \%)$ |
| Owned by client | $7(0.3 \%)$ |
| Rental by cleint | $614(22.4 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $1,714(62.4 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $2,747(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Scott Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 477 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 1,255 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 11,944 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 4,653 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 1,208 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 727 |
| No rent | 731 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Scott Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 15 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 175 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 1,580 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 371 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 77 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 58 |

ACS, Rent Asked in 2021 (5 year est.) 5

### 3.83 Shelby County

Shelby County is home to 11,750 people in 4,918 households, including 3,091 family households and 1,827 non-family households. In Shelby County 2,586 people are under 18, 822 are 18 to 24, 4,550 are 25 to 54 , and 4,550 are over 55 .

In Shelby County, during 2022, there were 7 people in 4 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 4 children under 18, 3 adults ages 25 to 54. The exact distributions of those households
 are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Shelby'.

Shelby has 5,424 housing units, of which 4,918 are occupied, 1,218 by renters and 3,700 by owners. Shelby also has 506 vacant units, of which 72 are available for rent and 6 are for sale only. 18 are seasonal and 296 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Shelby County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 2 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. 1 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 3 of the people from Shelby County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Shelby County there

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits are 6,377 people in the civilian labor force, of which 3\% are unemployed. In Shelby County the median household income is $\$ 62,222$ per year. $\$ 87,147$ for families and $\$ 35,864$ for non-family households. $9 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. 4\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 30\% received Social Security Income. $58.5 \%$ of single mother households in Shelby County were in poverty. Of the 3 adults who
had entries during this report, 3 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 317$ per month.
Collectively, the 7 people had 11 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Shelby County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Shelby' shows how those services were resolved. 7 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Shelby |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age $18$ | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & 25-54 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 6 | 3 | 2.0 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Only adults | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 7 | 4 | 1.8 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 0 |


| Housing Outcomes - Shelby |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing |  |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $1(14.3 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $6(85.7 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $7(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Shelby Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | ome |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 10 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 33 | 123 | 180 | 441 | 389 | 775 | 582 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 11 | 14 | 93 | 63 | 120 | 53 | 41 | 2 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 21 | 27 | 48 | 84 | 34 | 10 | 13 | 6 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 12 | 5 | 47 | 47 | 18 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 30 | 51 | 15 | 2 | 0 | 17 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 3 | 25 | 13 | 10 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 80 | 62 | 26 | 32 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2]

Shelby Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D } \\ & \frac{n}{M} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\square}{0} \\ & \stackrel{N}{\mathrm{~N}} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{F}}}{\substack{\text { n }}}$ |  | $\sim$ + N N © |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty |  | 100\% | 92\% | 95\% | 91\% | 73\% | 100\% |  |
| Below poverty |  | 0\% | 8\% | 5\% | 9\% | 27\% | 0\% |  |

Iowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Shelby Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 74 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 164 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 517 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 237 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 12 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 10 |
| No rent | 204 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) (3)
Shelby Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 6 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 53 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 13 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 10 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.84 Sioux County

Sioux County is home to 35,647 people in 12,284 households, including 8,748 family households and 3,536 non-family households. In Sioux County 9,759 people are under 18, 4,721 are 18 to 24 , 9,699 are 25 to 54 , and 9,699 are over 55.

In Sioux County, during 2022, there were 7 people in 3 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 4 children under 18, 3 adults ages 25 to 54. The exact distributions of those households
 are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Sioux'.

Sioux has 12,956 housing units, of which 12,284 are occupied, 2,450 by renters and 9,834 by owners. Sioux also has 672 vacant units, of which 38 are available for rent and 120 are for sale only. 28 are seasonal and 453 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Sioux County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were veteran6 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Sioux County is home to 1260 veterans. For 3 of the people from Sioux County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Sioux County there are 19,588 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Sioux County the median household income is $\$ 78,179$ per

| County where services were provided for people from Sioux County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & -1 \\ & \stackrel{1}{3} \\ & \stackrel{N}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\tilde{O}} \\ & \underline{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  | 4 |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 2 |
| Grand Total | 1 |  |  |  |  | 6 |  |  |  | 7 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. $\$ 89,314$ for families and \$35,541 for non-family households. 5\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 3\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and $26 \%$ received Social Security Income. $27.2 \%$ of single mother households in Sioux County were in poverty. Of the 3 adults who had entries during this report, 2 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 165$ per month.

Collectively, the 7 people had 8 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Sioux County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Sioux' shows how those services were resolved. 4 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Sioux |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & 25-54 \end{aligned}$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 6 | 2 | 3.0 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Only adults | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 7 | 3 | 2.3 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 0 |

Iowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Sioux Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Under | $\$ 10 K-$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over |
|  | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| Below $20 \%$ | 0 | 30 | 150 | 461 | 1,186 | 1,481 | 2,030 | 1,247 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 0 | 20 | 103 | 135 | 310 | 333 | 192 | 41 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 0 | 66 | 99 | 47 | 195 | 136 | 178 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 0 | 44 | 63 | 56 | 148 | 119 | 0 | 0 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 6 | 12 | 48 | 114 | 102 | 5 | 12 | 0 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 1 | 75 | 85 | 14 | 0 | 27 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 61 | 170 | 74 | 83 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 62 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2 ] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sioux Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \frac{\pi}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{+\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{+}}}{\sum}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { d } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \underset{\sim}{D} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 71\% | 100\% | 95\% | 93\% | 98\% | 90\% | 100\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 29\% | 0\% | 5\% | 7\% | 2\% | 10\% | 0\% | 0\% |


| ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) [] |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Sioux Rent Asked |  |
| $\$ 249$ or less |  |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 39 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 8 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 6 |

### 3.85 Story County

Story County is home to 98,106 people in 37,944 households, including 18,935 family households and 19,009 non-family households. In Story County 16,316 people are under 18, 29,549 are 18 to 24 , 21,295 are 25 to 54 , and 21,295 are over 55.

In Story County, during 2022, there were 577 people in 473 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 81 children under 18, 100 youth ages 18 to 24,316 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 74 senior adults over
 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Story'.

Story has 40,869 housing units, of which 37,944 are occupied, 16,772 by renters and 21,172 by owners. Story also has 2,925 vacant units, of which 1,304 are available for rent and 47 are for sale only. 217 are seasonal and 770 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Story County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 74 veterans and 371 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Story County is home to 3826 veterans. 7 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 426 of the people from Story County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits

In Story County there are 54,265 people in the civilian labor force, of which 5\% are unemployed. In Story County the median household income is $\$ 62,578$ per year. $\$ 101,971$ for families and $\$ 36,758$ for non-family households. $13 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $4 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and $26 \%$ received Social Security Income. $33.5 \%$ of single mother households in Story

County were in poverty. Of the 490 adults who had entries during this report, 238 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 468$ per month.

Collectively, the 577 people had 1321 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Story County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Story' shows how those services were resolved. 408 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People <br> served | Average <br> household <br> size |  |  |  |  |  |  | Under age <br> 18 | Youseholds 18-24 | Adults <br> $25-54$ | Adults 55 <br> and over |
| Indeterminate | 2 | 2 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 115 | 37 | 3.1 | 64 | 7 | 42 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Only adults | 362 | 343 | 1.1 | 0 | 8 | 277 | 72 |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 23 | 9 | 2.6 | 12 | 11 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth | 77 | 77 | 1.0 | 0 | 77 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household | 5 | 5 | 1.0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 577 | 473 | 1.2 | 81 | 100 | 316 | 74 |  |  |  |  |  |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Story Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10к- } \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 к- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 74 | 235 | 857 | 1,736 | 2,124 | 4,351 | 4,252 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 25 | 181 | 182 | 663 | 527 | 616 | 193 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 55 | 128 | 249 | 563 | 239 | 241 | 63 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 60 | 193 | 240 | 258 | 296 | 117 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 32 | 136 | 110 | 207 | 30 | 69 | 15 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 52 | 197 | 137 | 92 | 168 | 0 | 50 | 13 |
| 50\% or more | 261 | 350 | 329 | 49 | 109 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 48 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Story Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \frac{\pi}{\alpha} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{j}}}{\sum_{\substack{2}}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & 0 \\ & \hat{D} \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 67\% | 78\% | 82\% | 86\% | 71\% | 85\% | 55\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 33\% | 22\% | 18\% | 14\% | 29\% | 15\% | 45\% | 0\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Story |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $23(8.7 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing | $12(4.5 \%)$ |
| Owned by client | $1(0.4 \%)$ |
| Rental by cleint | $56(21.1 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $174(65.7 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $265(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Story Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 77 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 995 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 8,165 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 5,049 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 1,296 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 697 |
| No rent | 493 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 ( 5 year est.) (3)
Story Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 107 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 859 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 175 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 236 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 329 |

### 3.86 Tama County

Tama County is home to 17,079 people in 6,655 households, including 4,578 family households and 2,077 non-family households. In Tama County 4,154 people are under 18, 1,275 are 18 to 24 , 5,895 are 25 to 54 , and 5,895 are over 55.

In Tama County, during 2022, there were 51 people in 23 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 21 children under 18,9 youth ages 18 to 24,17 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 4 senior adults over 55 years
 old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Tama'.

Tama has 7,609 housing units, of which 6,655 are occupied, 1,513 by renters and 5,142 by owners. Tama also has 954 vacant units, of which 107 are available for rent and 119 are for sale only. 41 are seasonal and 605 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Tama County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 4 veteran21 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Tama County is home to 1012 veterans. For 42 of the people from Tama County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Tama County there are 8,646 people in the civilian labor force, of which $5 \%$ are unemployed. In Tama County the median household income is $\$ 59,794$ per year. \$72,589 for families and

wa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits $\$ 30,992$ for non-family households. $10 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $4 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and $33 \%$ received Social Security Income. $51.6 \%$ of single mother households in Tama County were in poverty. Of the 30 adults who had entries during this report, 11 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 249$ per month.

Collectively, the 51 people had 99 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Tama County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Tama' shows how those services were resolved. 38 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Tama |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults 25-54 | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 30 | 10 | 3.0 | 19 | 0 | 11 | 0 |
| Only adults | 12 | 8 | 1.5 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 4 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 5 | 2 | 2.5 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 4 | 3 | 1.3 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 51 | 23 | 2.2 | 21 | 9 | 17 | 4 |

Iowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Tama Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under <br> \$10K | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over <br> $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |  |  |  |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Tama Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\rightharpoonup}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{N}{ㅅ} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\dot{\sim}}}{\sum}$ | O + D D T 0 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hat{N} \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 90\% | 74\% | 89\% | 96\% | 91\% | 80\% | 81\% | 0\% |
| Below poverty | 10\% | 26\% | 11\% | 4\% | 9\% | 20\% | 19\% | 100\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Tama |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $3(11.1 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing | $1(3.7 \%)$ |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $6(22.2 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $17(63.0 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $27(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Tama Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 44 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 131 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 697 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 232 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 45 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 15 |
| No rent | 349 |


| ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Tama Rent Asked |  |
| Tama |  |
| $\$ 249$ or less |  |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 30 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 66 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 13 |

### 3.87 Taylor County

Taylor County is home to 5,932 people in 2,446 households, including 1,510 family households and 936 nonfamily households. In Taylor County 1,388 people are under 18, 454 are 18 to 24, 2,131 are 25 to 54, and 2,131 are over 55.

In Taylor County, during 2022, there were 2 people in 1 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including, and 2 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Taylor'.


Taylor has 2,916 housing units, of which 2,446 are occupied, 478 by renters and 1,968 by owners. Taylor also has 470 vacant units, of which 36 are available for rent and 78 are for sale only. 38 are seasonal and 294 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Taylor County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 2 veteran2 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Taylor County is home to 420 veterans. For 2 of the people from Taylor County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Taylor County there are 3,035 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Taylor County the median household income is $\$ 59,528$ per

| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & -1 \\ & \stackrel{-1}{1} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{n} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\ddot{\omega}} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. \$70,357 for families and $\$ 37,222$ for non-family households. $9 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $6 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 37\% received Social Security Income. 11.4\% of single mother households in Taylor County were in poverty. Of the 2 adults who had entries during this report, 2 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 1091$ per month.

Collectively, the 2 people had 5 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Taylor County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Taylor' shows how those services were resolved. 2 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Taylor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Only adults | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |

Iowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Taylor Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 10 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100к- } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 2 | 29 | 94 | 182 | 361 | 264 | 245 | 174 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 9 | 16 | 32 | 44 | 46 | 69 | 2 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 5 | 21 | 32 | 9 | 27 | 7 | 4 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 10 | 11 | 32 | 15 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 6 | 5 | 52 | 5 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 4 | 10 | 10 | 6 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 28 | 34 | 22 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Taylor Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\frac{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{n}}{\frac{n}{3}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \text { 士 } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N్N } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & \text { O} \\ & \text { No } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty |  | 92\% | 100\% | 100\% | 91\% | 100\% |  |
| Below poverty |  | 8\% | 0\% | 0\% | 9\% | 0\% |  |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 ( 5 year est.) (3)
Taylor Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 36 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.88 Union County

Union County is home to 12,193 people in 4,936 households, including 2,987 family households and 1,949 non-family households. In Union County 2,761 people are under 18, 1,133 are 18 to 24 , 4,103 are 25 to 54 , and 4,103 are over 55.

In Union County, during 2022, there were 8 people in 3 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 3 children under 18, 1 youth ages 18 to 24,3 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 1 senior adults over 55 years
 old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Union'.

Union has 5,811 housing units, of which 4,936 are occupied, 1,267 by renters and 3,669 by owners. Union also has 875 vacant units, of which 109 are available for rent and 176 are for sale only. 74 are seasonal and 495 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Union County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 1 veteran3 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Union County is home to 792 veterans. 1 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 7 of the people from Union County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

| County where services were provided for people from Union County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{7} \\ & \text { § } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{3} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 0 0 D D O. |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \vdots \\ & -1 \\ & 0 \\ & \underline{0} \end{aligned}$ |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |
| Story |  | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 8 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |

In Union County there are 6,028 people in the civilian labor force, of which 6\% are unemployed. In Union County the median household income is $\$ 52,321$ per year. $\$ 76,534$ for families and $\$ 30,444$ for non-family households. $10 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $7 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and $36 \%$ received Social Security Income. 38.4\% of single mother households in Union County were in poverty.

Of the 5 adults who had entries during this report, 2 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 468$ per month.

Collectively, the 8 people had 21 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Union County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Union' shows how those services were resolved. 7 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Union |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & 25-54 \end{aligned}$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 5 | 1 | 5.0 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Only adults | 3 | 2 | 1.5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 8 | 3 | 2.7 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits

Union Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under <br> \$10K | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |  |
| Below $20 \%$ | 0 | 5 | 198 | 172 | 567 | 499 | 547 | 353 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 0 | 68 | 40 | 85 | 82 | 67 | 15 | 10 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 0 | 38 | 60 | 29 | 47 | 21 | 18 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 0 | 38 | 125 | 96 | 21 | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 1 | 13 | 30 | 11 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 0 | 98 | 23 | 15 | 11 | 0 | 7 | 0 |
| $50 \%$ or more | 48 | 68 | 15 | 24 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 44 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2)

Union Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{N}{ㅅ} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{+\\}}{\sum}$ | O + + D T 0 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { d } \\ & 0 \\ & \hat{D} \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \stackrel{0}{N} \\ & \ddot{N} \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 0\% | 89\% | 29\% | 78\% | 71\% |  |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 100\% | 11\% | 71\% | 22\% | 29\% |  |  |

Iowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Union Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 56 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 294 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 733 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 57 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 7 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 44 |
| No rent | 76 |


| ACs, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Union Rent Asked |  |
|  |  |
| $\$ 249$ or less |  |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 40 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 45 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 28 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 17 |

### 3.89 Van Buren County

Van Buren County is home to 7,196 people in 2,858 households, including 1,873 family households and 985 non-family households. In Van Buren County 1,671 people are under 18, 472 are 18 to $24,2,744$ are 25 to 54 , and 2,744 are over 55.

In Van Buren County, during 2022, there were 10 people in 5 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 3 children under 18, 1 youth ages 18 to 24 , 3 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 3 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Van Buren'.


Van Buren has 3,510 housing units, of which 2,858 are occupied, 462 by renters and 2,396 by owners. Van Buren also has 652 vacant units, of which 25 are available for rent and 28 are for sale only. 127 are seasonal and 430 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Van Buren County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 34 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. For 7 of the people from Van Buren County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Van Buren County there are 3,244 people in the civilian labor force, of which $6 \%$ are unemployed. In Van Buren County the median household income is $\$ 53,218$ per year. \$64,940 for families and $\$ 28,125$ for non-family

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits households. $11 \%$ of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 6\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 34\% received Social Security Income. $48.1 \%$ of single mother households in Van Buren County were in poverty. Of the 7 adults who had entries during this report, 5 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 470$ per month.

Collectively, the 10 people had 14 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Van Buren County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Van Buren' shows how those services were resolved. 8 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Van Buren |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People <br> served | Average <br> household <br> size | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults <br> $25-54$ | Adults 55 <br> and over |  |
| Indeterminate | 3 | 1 | 3.0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 3 | 3 | 1.7 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
| Only adults | 5 | 1 | 2.0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household | 10 | 5 | 2.0 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| Grand Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Van Buren Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Under | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over |
|  | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| Below $20 \%$ | 0 | 41 | 154 | 151 | 489 | 206 | 365 | 166 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 0 | 32 | 58 | 48 | 45 | 36 | 39 | 6 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 0 | 35 | 49 | 14 | 76 | 0 | 12 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 0 | 23 | 22 | 2 | 1 | 10 | 0 | 9 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 14 | 36 | 15 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 5 | 28 | 18 | 7 | 20 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| $50 \%$ or more | 25 | 49 | 29 | 9 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Van Buren Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\Delta}{2} \\ & \frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \frac{n}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{j}}}{\sum_{j}^{2}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hat{N} \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \stackrel{0}{N} \\ & \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| Above poverty | 96\% | 100\% | 88\% | 38\% | 84\% | 50\% | 100\% |  |
| Below poverty | 4\% | 0\% | 12\% | 63\% | 16\% | 50\% | 0\% |  |


| ACs, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Van Buren Rent Asked |  |
|  |  |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 11 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 7 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 5 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 2 |

### 3.90 Wapello County

Wapello County is home to 35,343 people in 14,120 households, including 9,306 family households and 4,814 non-family households. In Wapello County 8,221 people are under 18, 3,100 are 18 to 24 , 11,147 are 25 to 54 , and 11,147 are over 55.

In Wapello County, during 2022, there were 437 people in 232 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 152 children under 18, 25 youth ages 18 to 24,206 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 49 senior
 adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Wapello'.

Wapello has 15,785 housing units, of which 14,120 are occupied, 4,653 by renters and 9,467 by owners. Wapello also has 1,665 vacant units, of which 511 are available for rent and 172 are for sale only. 94 are seasonal and 849 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Wapello County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 49 veterans and 149 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Wapello County is home to 1840 veterans. 7 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 338 of the people from Wapello County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.


Iowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits

In Wapello County there are 17,181 people in the civilian labor force, of which $5 \%$ are unemployed. In Wapello County the median household income is $\$ 51,222$ per year. $\$ 61,098$ for families and $\$ 35,874$ for non-family households. $12 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $9 \%$ of families received

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 31\% received Social Security Income. 37.6\% of single mother households in Wapello County were in poverty. Of the 280 adults who had entries during this report, 123 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 345$ per month.

Collectively, the 437 people had 851 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Wapello County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Wapello' shows how those services were resolved. 269 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Wapello |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People <br> served | Average <br> household <br> Hize | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults <br> $25-54$ | Adults 55 <br> and over |  |
| Indeterminate | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 239 | 65 | 3.7 | 145 | 7 | 83 | 4 |
| Only adults | 173 | 151 | 1.1 | 0 | 3 | 124 | 45 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 11 | 4 | 2.8 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 11 | 10 | 1.1 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household | 2 | 1 | 2.0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grand Total | 437 | 232 | 1.9 | 152 | 25 | 206 | 49 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Wapello Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under <br> \$10K | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| \$ | \$35K | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |  |  |
| Below $20 \%$ | 18 | 49 | 442 | 831 | 1,359 | 1,088 | 1,504 | 940 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 0 | 53 | 176 | 215 | 222 | 197 | 41 | 0 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 0 | 16 | 83 | 84 | 180 | 39 | 38 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 22 | 50 | 112 | 82 | 72 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 3 | 106 | 40 | 87 | 63 | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 19 | 188 | 122 | 21 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 248 | 269 | 171 | 53 | 89 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 52 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2]

Wapello Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \frac{N}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{0} \\ & \stackrel{N}{त} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{x}}}{\sum}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { O} \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 96\% | 70\% | 84\% | 93\% | 87\% | 92\% | 91\% | 93\% |
| Below poverty | 4\% | 30\% | 16\% | 7\% | 13\% | 8\% | 9\% | 7\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Wapello |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $4(2.8 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing | $47(32.4 \%)$ |
| Owned by client | $1(0.7 \%)$ |
| Rental by cleint | $35(24.1 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $58(40.0 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $145(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Wapello Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 137 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 568 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 2,282 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 1,285 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 52 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 63 |
| No rent | 266 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Wapello Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 38 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 76 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 396 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 13 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 27 |

### 3.91 Warren County

Warren County is home to 51,862 people in 19,517 households, including 13,819 family households and 5,698 non-family households. In Warren County 12,858 people are under 18, 4,788 are 18 to 24 , 14,744 are 25 to 54 , and 14,744 are over 55.

In Warren County, during 2022, there were 95 people in 51 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 32 children under 18, 6 youth ages 18 to 24,39 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 18 senior adults over
 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Warren'.

Warren has 20,672 housing units, of which 19,517 are occupied, 3,616 by renters and 15,901 by owners. Warren also has 1,155 vacant units, of which 233 are available for rent and 75 are for sale only. 112 are seasonal and 588 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Warren County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 18 veterans and 44 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Warren County is home to 2792 veterans. 2 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 68 of the people from Warren County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits

In Warren County there are 28,585 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Warren County the median household income is $\$ 85,189$ per year. $\$ 99,688$ for families and $\$ 39,868$ for nonfamily households. $6 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $6 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and $23 \%$ received Social Security Income. 19.3\% of single mother households in

Warren County were in poverty. Of the 63 adults who had entries during this report, 35 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 664$ per month.

Collectively, the 95 people had 187 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Warren County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Warren' shows how those services were resolved. 68 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Warren |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People <br> served | Average <br> household <br> size | Under age <br> 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults <br> $25-54$ | Adults 55 <br> and over |  |
| Indeterminate | 44 | 13 | 3.4 | 27 | 0 | 15 | 2 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 44 | 34 | 1.2 | 0 | 2 | 24 | 16 |
| Only adults | 42 | 4 | 2.3 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 95 | 51 | 1.9 | 32 | 6 | 39 | 18 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Warren Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10к- } \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 7 | 32 | 309 | 424 | 1,042 | 1,773 | 3,034 | 3,140 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 13 | 164 | 241 | 458 | 514 | 504 | 131 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 19 | 47 | 138 | 466 | 332 | 236 | 59 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 63 | 115 | 146 | 223 | 111 | 104 | 10 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 36 | 30 | 115 | 114 | 107 | 66 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 60 | 167 | 174 | 125 | 108 | 71 | 43 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 99 | 269 | 223 | 63 | 87 | 9 | 21 | 0 |
| Not computed | 59 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) [2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Warren Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \stackrel{n}{\sim} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \frac{N}{\lambda} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | N + 0 0 0 0 |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 98\% | 57\% | 95\% | 64\% | 89\% | 79\% | 70\% | 38\% |
| Below poverty | 2\% | 43\% | 5\% | 36\% | 11\% | 21\% | 30\% | 62\% |


| ACs, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) |
| :--- |
| Warren Rent Asked |
| $\$ 249$ or less |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ |
| 2,000 or more |

### 3.92 Washington County

Washington County is home to 22,525 people in 8,833 households, including 6,038 family households and 2,795 non-family households. In Washington County 5,616 people are under 18, 1,657 are 18 to $24,7,298$ are 25 to 54 , and 7,298 are over 55.

In Washington County, during 2022, there were 27 people in 14 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 9 children under 18, 2 youth ages 18 to 24,11 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 5 senior
 adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Washington'.

Washington has 9,603 housing units, of which 8,833 are occupied, 2,593 by renters and 6,240 by owners. Washington also has 770 vacant units, of which 105 are available for rent and 45 are for sale only. 35 are seasonal and 547 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Washington County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 5 veterans and 13 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Washington County is home to 1348 veterans. For 17 of the people from Washington County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Washington County there are 12,120 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Washington County the median

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits household income is $\$ 66,908$ per year. $\$ 80,038$ for families and $\$ 36,583$ for non-family households. $6 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $5 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and $27 \%$ received Social Security Income. $25.7 \%$ of single mother households in Washington County were in poverty. Of the 18
adults who had entries during this report, 11 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 446$ per month.
Collectively, the 27 people had 64 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Washington County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Washington' shows how those services were resolved. 15 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Washington |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 14 | 4 | 3.5 | 9 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Only adults | 13 | 10 | 1.3 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 5 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 27 | 14 | 1.9 | 9 | 2 | 11 | 5 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Washington Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Under | $\$ 10 K-$ | $\$ 20 K-$ | $\$ 35 K-$ | $\$ 50 K-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over |
|  | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| Below $20 \%$ | 16 | 11 | 110 | 347 | 665 | 799 | 1,151 | 724 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 0 | 15 | 73 | 169 | 242 | 221 | 156 | 43 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 0 | 22 | 59 | 98 | 117 | 111 | 80 | 21 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 7 | 43 | 12 | 49 | 89 | 8 | 60 | 0 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 0 | 4 | 90 | 40 | 34 | 15 | 3 | 0 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 1 | 1 | 36 | 59 | 32 | 11 | 7 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 99 | 121 | 91 | 28 | 21 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2]

Washington Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \stackrel{N}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{0} \\ & \stackrel{N}{N} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\underset{\sim}{7}}{\substack{\underset{\sim}{2}}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { + } \\ & \text { N్N } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 98\% | 58\% | 94\% | 87\% | 84\% | 86\% | 100\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 2\% | 42\% | 6\% | 13\% | 16\% | 14\% | 0\% | 0\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Washington |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $1(10.0 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing | $3(30.0 \%)$ |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $5(50.0 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $1(10.0 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $10(100.0 \%)$ |

Iowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Washington Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 41 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 275 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 1,438 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 534 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 39 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 30 |
| No rent | 236 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Washington Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 4 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 112 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.93 Wayne County

Wayne County is home to 6,504 people in 2,536 households, including 1,656 family households and 880 non-family households. In Wayne County 1,684 people are under 18, 457 are 18 to 24 , 2,367 are 25 to 54 , and 2,367 are over 55.

In Wayne County, during 2022, there were 3 people in 3 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 1 youth ages 18 to 24 , 1 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 1 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact dis-
 tributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Wayne'.

Wayne has 3,044 housing units, of which 2,536 are occupied, 517 by renters and 2,019 by owners. Wayne also has 508 vacant units, of which 12 are available for rent and 20 are for sale only. 127 are seasonal and 342 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Wayne County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 12 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. For 2 of the people from Wayne County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Wayne County there are 2,923 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Wayne County the median household income is $\$ 53,039$ per year. $\$ 68,030$ for families and \$32,167 for non-family house-

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits holds. 9\% of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. 9\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 32\% received Social Security Income. $43.7 \%$ of single mother households in Wayne County were in poverty. Of the 3 adults who had entries during this report, 2 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 296$ per month.

Collectively, the 3 people had 8 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Wayne County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Wayne' shows how those services were resolved. 2 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Wayne |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age $18$ | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Only adults | 2 | 2 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 3 | 3 | 1.0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Wayne Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 10 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$10к- } \\ & \text { \$20K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 1 | 14 | 158 | 194 | 279 | 263 | 257 | 133 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 26 | 29 | 61 | 34 | 40 | 18 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 6 | 42 | 8 | 45 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 3 | 42 | 26 | 47 | 2 | 9 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 5 | 19 | 17 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 16 | 19 | 15 | 10 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 42 | 54 | 37 | 11 | 3 | 17 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2]

Wayne Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \stackrel{N}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{0} \\ & \stackrel{N}{त} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\underset{\sim}{\pi}}{\stackrel{\Sigma}{7}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { t } \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 37\% | 87\% | 100\% | 71\% | 100\% |  |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 63\% | 13\% | 0\% | 29\% | 0\% |  |  |


| Housing Outcomes - Wayne |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| Moved into permanent housing |  |
| Owned by client | 0() |
| Rental by cleint |  |
| Temporary | 0() |
| Grand Total |  |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Wayne Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 5 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 99 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 299 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 23 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 3 |
| No rent | 88 |


| ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Wayne Rent Asked |  |
| Wa |  |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 19 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

ACS, Rent Asked in 2021 (5 year est.) 5

### 3.94 Webster County

Webster County is home to 37,114 people in 15,659 households, including 8,693 family households and 6,966 non-family households. In Webster County 7,967 people are under 18, 4,116 are 18 to 24 , 12,145 are 25 to 54 , and 12,145 are over 55.

In Webster County, during 2022, there were 408 people in 228 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 140 children under 18, 34 youth ages 18 to 24,180 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 42 senior adults over 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Webster'.

Webster has 16,950 housing units, of which 15,659 are occupied, 5,003 by renters and 10,656 by owners. Webster also has 1,291 vacant units, of which 99 are available for rent and 141 are for sale only. 129 are seasonal and 822 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Webster County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 42 veterans and 149 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Webster County is home to 2087 veterans. 2 of those people with disabilities are designated as 'chronically homeless' meaning that in addition to that disability they have been homeless a year or longer during the past 3 years. For 342 of the people from Webster County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits

In Webster County there are 18,102 people in the civilian labor force, of which $3 \%$ are unemployed. In Webster County the median household income is $\$ 56,934$ per year. $\$ 74,152$ for families and $\$ 34,800$
for non-family households. 11\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 7\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 30\% received Social Security Income. 40.2\% of single mother households in Webster County were in poverty. Of the 256 adults who had entries during this report, 131 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 413$ per month.

Collectively, the 408 people had 649 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Webster County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Webster' shows how those services were resolved. 328 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults 25-54 | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate | 11 | 9 | 1.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 213 | 68 | 3.1 | 124 | 8 | 78 | 2 |
| Only adults | 145 | 129 | 1.1 | 0 | 2 | 103 | 40 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 28 | 11 | 2.5 | 16 | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 13 | 10 | 1.3 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grand Total | 408 | 228 | 1.8 | 140 | 34 | 180 | 42 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Webster Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under <br> \$10K | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |  |  |
| Below $20 \%$ | 44 | 86 | 376 | 693 | 1,491 | 1,591 | 1,710 | 1,148 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 0 | 60 | 316 | 184 | 336 | 181 | 23 | 12 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 1 | 84 | 208 | 125 | 137 | 9 | 60 | 12 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 2 | 112 | 151 | 82 | 55 | 35 | 0 | 0 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 4 | 52 | 20 | 45 | 16 | 0 | 7 | 1 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 1 | 173 | 160 | 43 | 11 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 298 | 233 | 138 | 45 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 55 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Webster Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{n}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \frac{n}{\lambda} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\underset{\sim}{+}}{\underset{\sim}{+}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { No } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 74\% | 44\% | 89\% | 100\% | 61\% | 70\% | 55\% | 100\% |
| Below poverty | 26\% | 56\% | 11\% | 0\% | 39\% | 30\% | 45\% | 0\% |


| Housing Outcomes - Webster |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $1(0.3 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing | $27(9.4 \%)$ |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $173(60.5 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $91(31.8 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $286(100.0 \%)$ |

Iowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

| Webster Gross Rent |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 249$ or less | 274 |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 586 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 3,151 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 432 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 219 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 28 |
| No rent | 313 |


| ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Webster Rent Asked |  |
| W249 or less |  |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 66 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 79 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

ACS, Rent Asked in 2021 (5 year est.) 5]

### 3.95 Winnebago County

Winnebago County is home to 10,743 people in 4,473 households, including 2,688 family households and 1,785 non-family households. In Winnebago County 2,382 people are under 18, 1,135 are 18 to $24,3,874$ are 25 to 54 , and 3,874 are over 55.

In Winnebago County, during 2022, there were 17 people in 8 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 12 children under 18,1 youth ages 18 to 24, 2 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 2 senior adults over
 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology Winnebago'.

Winnebago has 5,096 housing units, of which 4,473 are occupied, 1,001 by renters and 3,472 by owners. Winnebago also has 623 vacant units, of which 105 are available for rent and 38 are for sale only. 99 are seasonal and 333 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Winnebago County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 2 veterans and 9 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Winnebago County is home to 632 veterans. For 16 of the people from Winnebago County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Winnebago County there are 5,626 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Winnebago County the median household income is $\$ 56,578$

| County where services were provided for people from Winnebago County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  | O <br> $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{7}$ <br> $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{D}$ <br> $\stackrel{N}{3}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{\omega} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\sim} \\ & \underline{1} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{\infty} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Story |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Webster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 8 |  |  | 10 |
| Grand Total |  | 7 |  |  |  | 2 | 8 |  |  | 17 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits per year. $\$ 78,250$ for families and $\$ 35,132$ for non-family households. $9 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $6 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 34\% received Social Security Income. 23.5\% of single mother households in Winnebago County were in poverty. Of the 5 adults who had entries during this re-
port, 3 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 311$ per month.
Collectively, the 17 people had 20 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Winnebago County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Winnebago' shows how those services were resolved. 9 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Winnebago |  |  |  |  | Adults$25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 |  |  |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 13 | 4 | 3.3 | 12 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Only adults | 3 | 3 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 17 | 8 | 2.1 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 2 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits
Winnebago Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Under | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}-$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}-$ | Over |
|  | $\$ 10 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 35 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 75 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\$ 150 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| Below $20 \%$ | 0 | 23 | 141 | 309 | 492 | 604 | 456 | 333 |
| $20 \%$ to $24.9 \%$ | 0 | 29 | 113 | 32 | 126 | 22 | 64 | 7 |
| $25 \%$ to $29.9 \%$ | 0 | 8 | 59 | 53 | 101 | 0 | 0 | 18 |
| $30 \%$ to $34.9 \%$ | 0 | 46 | 37 | 16 | 9 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| $35 \%$ to $39.9 \%$ | 0 | 27 | 34 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $40 \%$ to $49.9 \%$ | 3 | 27 | 43 | 48 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 |
| $50 \%$ or more | 115 | 10 | 11 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Winnebago Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\frac{D}{\frac{n}{0}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{1} \\ & \frac{\pi}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\underset{\sim}{+}}}{\sum_{\substack{\text { n }}}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & + \\ & \text { ON} \\ & \text { ND } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 72\% | 93\% | 78\% | 61\% | 75\% | 100\% |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 28\% | 7\% | 22\% | 39\% | 25\% | 0\% |  |


| Housing Outcomes - Winnebago |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved in with family or friends | $7(100.0 \%)$ |
| Moved into permanent housing |  |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint |  |
| Temporary |  |
| Grand Total | $7(100.0 \%)$ |

lowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

Winnebago Gross Rent

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 159 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 732 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 35 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 5 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 22 |
| No rent | 48 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) (3)
Winnebago Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 24 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 45 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 61 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.96 Winneshiek County

Winneshiek County is home to 20,100 people in 8,156 households, including 5,221 family households and 2,935 non-family households. In Winneshiek County 3,740 people are under $18,3,142$ are 18 to $24,7,285$ are 25 to 54 , and 7,285 are over 55.

Winneshiek has 8,918 housing units, of which 8,156 are occupied, 1,797 by renters and 6,359 by owners. Winneshiek also has 762 vacant units, of which 125 are available for rent and 62 are for sale only. 260 are seasonal and 268 are vacant for 'other reasons.'


In Winneshiek County there are 11,394 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Winneshiek County the median household income is $\$ 65,330$ per year. $\$ 81,250$ for families and $\$ 40,578$ for non-family households. $8 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $8 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 31\% received Social Security Income. $21.8 \%$ of single mother households in Winneshiek County were in poverty.

Winneshiek Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income
Household Income

|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \$ 10 K- \\ \$ 20 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 20 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 35 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 \mathrm{~K}- \\ & \$ 100 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100к- } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 12 | 236 | 209 | 1,029 | 700 | 971 | 782 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 14 | 107 | 39 | 124 | 196 | 115 | 14 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 16 | 85 | 114 | 143 | 125 | 70 | 0 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 32 | 79 | 100 | 54 | 34 | 0 | 6 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 8 | 55 | 45 | 90 | 19 | 4 | 16 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 12 | 33 | 35 | 59 | 30 | 25 | 11 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 104 | 111 | 85 | 28 | 56 | 6 | 10 | 0 |
| Not computed | 111 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2
ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Winneshiek Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 28 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 77 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 63 |

### 3.97 Woodbury County

Woodbury County is home to 105,102 people in 39,826 households, including 25,841 family households and 13,985 non-family households. In Woodbury County 27,491 people are under 18, 10,453 are 18 to 24 , 28,534 are 25 to 54 , and 28,534 are over 55 .

In Woodbury County, during 2022, there were 42 people in 21 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 15 children under 18,5 youth ages 18 to 24,15 adults ages 25 to 54 , and 7 senior adults over
 55 years old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Woodbury'.

Woodbury has 42,651 housing units, of which 39,826 are occupied, 12,490 by renters and 27,336 by owners. Woodbury also has 2,825 vacant units, of which 823 are available for rent and 328 are for sale only. 324 are seasonal and 960 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Woodbury County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 7 veterans and 23 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Woodbury County is home to 5026 veterans. For 38 of the people from Woodbury County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Woodbury County there are 55,366 people in the civilian labor force, of which 4\% are unemployed. In Woodbury County the median

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits household income is $\$ 63,061$ per year. $\$ 76,827$ for families and $\$ 34,683$ for non-family households. $9 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. $6 \%$ of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 27\% received Social Security Income. 38.6\% of single mother households in Woodbury County were in poverty. Of the 27 adults
who had entries during this report, 17 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 447$ per month.
Collectively, the 42 people had 104 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Woodbury County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Woodbury' shows how those services were resolved. 20 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

|  | Household Typology - Woodbury |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults 25-54 | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 28 | 9 | 3.1 | 15 | 2 | 11 | 0 |
| Only adults | 11 | 10 | 1.1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 7 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth | 3 | 2 | 1.5 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 42 | 21 | 2.0 | 15 | 5 | 15 | 7 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Woodbury Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \text { \$20K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 75 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75 K- \\ & \$ 100 K \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Over } \\ & \text { \$150K } \end{aligned}$ |
| Below 20\% | 1 | 112 | 937 | 1,551 | 2,869 | 3,524 | 5,431 | 3,618 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 98 | 342 | 388 | 967 | 489 | 588 | 112 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 13 | 123 | 425 | 310 | 465 | 149 | 137 | 0 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 0 | 174 | 254 | 324 | 112 | 111 | 109 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 42 | 172 | 325 | 158 | 179 | 0 | 17 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 141 | 146 | 317 | 135 | 151 | 8 | 0 | 8 |
| 50\% or more | 566 | 621 | 352 | 84 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 181 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2

Woodbury Poverty by Race

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { D }}{N} \\ & \frac{\sim}{ㅅ} \end{aligned}$ | $\sum_{\substack{\underset{\sim}{j}}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \text { 士 } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \\ & \text { ND } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N} \\ & \underset{\sim}{D} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \\ & \stackrel{n}{N} \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above poverty | 90\% | 75\% | 90\% | 81\% | 82\% | 80\% | 53\% | 61\% |
| Below poverty | 10\% | 25\% | 10\% | 19\% | 18\% | 20\% | 47\% | 39\% |

Housing Outcomes - Woodbury

| Moved in with family or friends |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Moved into permanent housing | $4(50.0 \%)$ |
| Owned by client |  |
| Rental by cleint | $0(0.0 \%)$ |
| Temporary | $4(50.0 \%)$ |
| Grand Total | $8(100.0 \%)$ |

Iowa HMIS, people with exits in 2022 by destination

Woodbury Gross Rent

| \$249 or less | 355 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 1,171 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 7,247 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 2,742 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 359 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 145 |
| No rent | 471 |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3
Woodbury Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 5 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 104 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 635 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 42 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 67 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 135 |

### 3.98 Worth County

Worth County is home to 7,450 people in 3,164 households, including 2,094 family households and 1,070 non-family households. In Worth County 1,542 people are under 18, 555 are 18 to 24 , 2,686 are 25 to 54 , and 2,686 are over 55.

In Worth County, during 2022, there were 6 people in 4 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 1 children under 18, 5 adults ages 25 to 54. The exact distributions of those households
 are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Worth'.

Worth has 3,482 housing units, of which 3,164 are occupied, 644 by renters and 2,520 by owners. Worth also has 318 vacant units, of which 7 are available for rent and 21 are for sale only. 71 are seasonal and 177 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Worth County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were veterans and 2 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Worth County is home to 599 veterans. For 3 of the people from Worth County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Worth County there are 4,077 people in the civilian labor force, of which $4 \%$ are unemployed. In Worth County the median household income is \$63,795 per

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits year. \$82,108 for families and $\$ 33,365$ for non-family households. 6\% of families make less than \$15,000 per year. 3\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 32\% received Social Security Income. 32.8\% of single mother households in Worth County were in poverty. Of the 5 adults who had entries during this report, 4 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 1048$ per month.

Collectively, the 6 people had 6 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Worth County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Worth' shows how those services were resolved. 3 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Worth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adults } \\ & 25-54 \end{aligned}$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 3 | 1 | 3.0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Only adults | 3 | 3 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| TAY Parenting Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TAY Youth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 6 | 4 | 1.5 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 0 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Worth Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \text { \$20K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 20 K- \\ & \$ 35 K \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 K- \\ \$ 75 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \text { \$100K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \mathrm{~K}- \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Over } \\ \$ 150 \mathrm{~K} \end{array}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 20 | 100 | 168 | 351 | 358 | 600 | 252 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 20 | 30 | 34 | 69 | 15 | 11 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 0 | 18 | 44 | 51 | 17 | 13 | 8 | 8 |
| 30\% to 34.9\% | 0 | 61 | 19 | 27 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 23 | 10 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 0 | 9 | 68 | 9 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 31 | 29 | 23 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Worth Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{D}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{\sim}{\lambda} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N } \\ & i \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 67\% | 93\% | 93\% | 93\% | 94\% | 100\% |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 33\% | 7\% | 7\% | 8\% | 6\% | 0\% |  |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Worth Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 7 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 0 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

### 3.99 Wright County

Wright County is home to 12,978 people in 5,343 households, including 3,346 family households and 1,997 non-family households. In Wright County 3,221 people are under 18, 834 are 18 to 24 , 4,800 are 25 to 54 , and 4,800 are over 55.

In Wright County, during 2022, there were 16 people in 11 households who experienced extreme housing instability sufficient to cause them to seek services or shelter, including 5 children under 18, 1 youth ages 18 to 24 , 8 adults ages 25 to 54, and 2 senior adults over 55 years
 old. The exact distributions of those households are detailed in the table 'Household Typology - Wright'.

Wright has 6,297 housing units, of which 5,343 are occupied, 1,319 by renters and 4,024 by owners. Wright also has 954 vacant units, of which 142 are available for rent and 34 are for sale only. 301 are seasonal and 461 are vacant for 'other reasons.'

Among the people from Wright County who were served by lowa's homeless service providers were 2 veteran6 people with a disability of a long duration sufficient to cause the experience of instability. Wright County is home to 830 veterans. For 9 of the people from Wright County, this was their first experience of instability, their first system entry.

In Wright County there are 5,928 people in the civilian labor force, of which $2 \%$ are unemployed. In Wright County the median household income is $\$ 55,395$ per year. \$69,362 for families and

| County where services were provided for people from Wright County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provider County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \text { Q } \\ & \frac{3}{2} \\ & -1 \\ & 0 \\ & \underline{\underline{0}} \end{aligned}$ |
| Black Hawk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerro Gordo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clinton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Des Moines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Linn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marshall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muscatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statewide | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 |
| Story |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| Webster |  | 2 |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  | 6 |
| Winnebago |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 2 |
| Grand Total | 12 | 2 |  |  |  | 6 |  |  | 1 | 16 |

lowa HMIS, people receiving service during 2022 by entries and exits \$36,377 for non-family households. $7 \%$ of families make less than $\$ 15,000$ per year. 5\% of families received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and 36\% received Social Security Income. 35.4\% of single mother households in Wright County were in poverty. Of the 11 adults who had entries during this report, 7 had income. On average, that income was $\$ 724$ per month.

Collectively, the 16 people had 24 system entries as detailed in the table 'County where services were provided for people from Wright County'. That table also shows where they received services. The table 'Housing Outcomes - Wright' shows how those services were resolved. 11 of the episodes included exits, and if they were resolved to a permanent destination, that table shows the specific outcome. 'Moved into permanent housing' is a destination that means they were in a rapid re-housing program and were successfully able to move into a new home.

| Household Typology - Wright |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | People served | Households | Average household size | Under age 18 | Youth 18-24 | Adults $25-54$ | Adults 55 and over |
| Indeterminate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult \& Child(ren) | 4 | 1 | 4.0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Only adults | 9 | 8 | 1.1 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 2 |
| TAY Parenting Youth | 3 | 1 | 3.0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| TAY Youth | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Child only household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total | 16 | 11 | 1.5 | 5 | 1 | 8 | 2 |

lowa HMIS, people by households and age receiving service dur-
ing 2022 by entries and exits

Wright Household Income by Costs of Housing as a Percent of Income

|  | Household Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under \$10K | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$10K- } \\ \$ 20 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 K- \\ \$ 35 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 35 K- \\ \$ 50 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 K- \\ \$ 75 K \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$75K- } \\ & \text { \$100K } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \$100K- } \\ \text { \$150K } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Over } \\ & \text { \$150K } \end{aligned}$ |
| Below 20\% | 0 | 25 | 153 | 536 | 696 | 603 | 608 | 294 |
| 20\% to 24.9\% | 0 | 27 | 85 | 39 | 68 | 12 | 14 | 0 |
| 25\% to 29.9\% | 11 | 107 | 106 | 49 | 57 | 13 | 5 | 17 |
| $30 \%$ to 34.9\% | 0 | 27 | 61 | 47 | 11 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| 35\% to 39.9\% | 0 | 28 | 17 | 10 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40\% to 49.9\% | 11 | 12 | 41 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 50\% or more | 45 | 54 | 30 | 54 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not computed | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| ACS, Monthly Housing Costs in 2021 (5 year est.) 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wright Poverty by Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{B}{n} \\ & \frac{n}{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\infty}{N} \\ & \frac{n}{\lambda} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{+\stackrel{1}{+}}}{\sum_{i}}$ | 0 O + D T 0 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & + \\ & \underset{N}{0} \\ & \text { ì } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\omega} \\ & \frac{0}{N} \\ & \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \\ & \stackrel{n}{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| Above poverty | 100\% | 100\% | 90\% | 97\% | 63\% | 64\% | 100\% |  |
| Below poverty | 0\% | 0\% | 10\% | 3\% | 37\% | 36\% | 0\% |  |

ACS, Gross Rent in 2021 (5 year est.) 3)
Wright Rent Asked

| $\$ 249$ or less | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ to $\$ 499$ | 47 |
| $\$ 500$ to $\$ 999$ | 94 |
| $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$ | 0 |
| $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,999$ | 17 |
| $\$ 2,000$ or more | 0 |

## References

[1] Colburn, Gregg, and Clayton Page Aldern. Homelessness is a housing problem: How structural factors explain US patterns. Univ of California Press, 2022.
[2] U.S. Census Bureau, "MONTHLY HOUSING COSTS," 2021. American Community Survey, ACS 5-Year Estimates Detailed Tables, Table B25104, 2021, accessed on August 15, 2023, LINK
[3] U.S. Census Bureau, "GROSS RENT," 2021. American Community Survey, ACS 1-Year Estimates Detailed Tables, Table B25063, 2021, accessed on August 15, 2023, LINK
[4] U.S. Census Bureau, "POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS OF PEOPLE IN HOUSING UNITS," 2021. American Community Survey, ACS 5-Year Estimates Detailed Tables, Table B17101, 2021, accessed on August 15, 2023, LINK
[5] U.S. Census Bureau, "RENT ASKED," 2021. American Community Survey, ACS 5-Year Estimates Detailed Tables, Table B25061, 2021, accessed on August 15, 2023, LINK
[6] American Community Survey and Puerto Rico Community Survey 2022 subject definitions. accessed on August 15, 2023, LINK


[^0]:    ACS, Poverty by Race in 2021 (5 year est.) 4

[^1]:    ACS, Rent Asked in 2021 (5 year est.) 5]

[^2]:    ACS, Poverty by Race in 2021 ( 5 year est.) (4)

[^3]:    ACS, Rent Asked in 2021 (5 year est.) 5]

